

Exhibit B

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 2</p> <p>1 APPEARANCES:</p> <p>2</p> <p>3 MAZIE SLATER KATZ & FREEMAN, LLC</p> <p>4 BY: ADAM M. SLATER, ESQ.</p> <p>5 CHERYLL A. CALDERON, ESQ.</p> <p>6 103 Eisenhower Parkway, 2nd Floor</p> <p>7 Roseland, NJ 07068</p> <p>8 973-228-9898</p> <p>9 aslater@mskf.net</p> <p>10 ccalderon@mskf.net</p> <p>11 Counsel for Plaintiffs</p> <p>12</p> <p>13 BERNSTEIN LIEBHARD, LLP</p> <p>14 BY: JEFFREY S. GRAND, ESQ.</p> <p>15 10 E. 40th Street, 22nd Floor</p> <p>16 New York, NY 10016</p> <p>17 212-779-1414</p> <p>18 grand@bernieb.com</p> <p>19 Counsel for Plaintiffs</p> <p>20</p> <p>21 BUTLER, SNOW, O'MARA, STEVENS & CANNADA, PLLC</p> <p>22 BY: CHRISTY D. JONES, ESQ.</p> <p>23 1020 Highland Colony Parkway, Suite 1400</p> <p>24 Ridgeland, MS 39157</p> <p>25 601-948-5711</p> <p>christy.jones@butlersnow.com</p> <p>Counsel for Johnson & Johnson and Ethicon</p> <p>26</p> <p>27 BUTLER, SNOW, O'MARA, STEVENS & CANNADA, PLLC</p> <p>28 BY: NILS B. (BURT) SNELL, ESQ.</p> <p>29 500 Office Center Drive, Suite 400</p> <p>30 Fort Washington, PA 19034</p> <p>31 267-513-1884</p> <p>32 burt.snell@butlersnow.com</p> <p>33 Counsel for Johnson & Johnson and Ethicon</p> <p>34</p> <p>35 SILLS CUMMIS & GROSS, P.C.</p> <p>36 BY: WILLIAM R. STUART, ESQ.</p> <p>37 One Riverfront Plaza</p> <p>38 Newark, NJ 07102</p> <p>39 973-643-0700</p> <p>40 wstuart@sillscummis.com</p> <p>41 Counsel for Caldera Medical, Inc., and Synovis</p> <p>42</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 4</p> <p>1 I N D E X</p> <p>2 WITNESS: Page</p> <p>3 ANNE M. WEBER, M.D., M.S.</p> <p>4 By Ms. Jones.....8</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8 E X H I B I T S</p> <p>9 (Attached.)</p> <p>10 No. Description Page</p> <p>11 1218 Notice to Take Deposition of 45</p> <p>12 Dr. Anne M. Weber (General,</p> <p>13 Gross, Wicker)</p> <p>14 1219 Curriculum vitae 71</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 3</p> <p>1 APPEARANCES VIA PHONE AND STREAM:</p> <p>2</p> <p>3 KLINE & SPECTER, P.C.</p> <p>4 BY: ROGER CAMERON, ESQ.</p> <p>5 1525 Locust Street, 19th Floor</p> <p>6 Philadelphia, PA 19102</p> <p>7 215-772-1000</p> <p>8 roger.cameron@KlineSpecter.com</p> <p>9 Counsel for Plaintiffs</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 5</p> <p>1 DEPOSITION SUPPORT INDEX</p> <p>2 - - -</p> <p>3</p> <p>4 Direction to Witness Not to Answer</p> <p>5 Page Line</p> <p>6 65 4</p> <p>7 66 21</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10 Request for Production of Documents</p> <p>11 Page Line</p> <p>12 NONE</p> <p>13 Stipulation</p> <p>14 Page Line</p> <p>15 NONE</p> <p>16</p> <p>17 Question Marked</p> <p>18 Page Line</p> <p>19 NONE</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 6</p> <p>1 CONFIDENTIAL DESIGNATION INDEX - - -</p> <p>2</p> <p>3 No Confidential Designations Submitted for 4 Volume I.</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 8</p> <p>1 ...ANNE M. WEBER, M.D., M.S., after 2 having been duly sworn, was examined and 3 testified as follows: 4 - - -</p> <p>5 EXAMINATION</p> <p>6 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>7 Q Doctor, would you state your name and 8 address for the record, please?</p> <p>9 A My name is Anne Margaret Weber. My 10 address is 5626 Sharon Drive in Glen Arm -- two 11 words with a capital A -- Maryland 21058.</p> <p>12 Q And is that your home address?</p> <p>13 A Yes.</p> <p>14 Q Do you have a separate business address at 15 this point?</p> <p>16 A No.</p> <p>17 Q And are you currently employed, Doctor?</p> <p>18 A I'm employed in consulting.</p> <p>19 Q Do you have a separate consulting company?</p> <p>20 A No. I'm not personally incorporated.</p> <p>21 Q When you say that you are engaged in 22 consulting, what kind of consulting are you engaged 23 in?</p> <p>24 A Consulting on this case.</p> <p>25 Q And that would be in litigation involving</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 7</p> <p>1 CONFIDENTIAL DESIGNATION INDEX - - -</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 9</p> <p>1 pelvic mesh; correct?</p> <p>2 A That's this case, yes.</p> <p>3 Q And can you tell me when you were first 4 retained in this case?</p> <p>5 A I began working in February of 2010.</p> <p>6 Q By whom were you first contacted?</p> <p>7 A I believe it was by Beth Baldinger of 8 Adam's firm.</p> <p>9 Q And approximately when was that?</p> <p>10 A I believe it was in the fall of 2009.</p> <p>11 Q And you said that you did not start 12 working on this case until the spring of 2010?</p> <p>13 A February, yes.</p> <p>14 Q What happened in that interim between 15 being contacted and actually starting working on 16 this case?</p> <p>17 A At some time later Adam contacted me and 18 we talked in more detail about exactly what the work 19 would involve and to make the specific arrangements 20 to go ahead.</p> <p>21 Q And what was your understanding about the 22 work involved?</p> <p>23 A To review documents from the company and 24 draw opinions about the product.</p> <p>25 Q And when you say "about the product," was</p>

3 (Pages 6 to 9)

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 10</p> <p>1 there a specific product that you were asked to 2 evaluate?</p> <p>3 A The Prolift® product and procedure.</p> <p>4 Q And was it just the original Prolift® or 5 was it Prolift+M® as well?</p> <p>6 A Just the original Prolift®.</p> <p>7 Q And has that remained your charge 8 throughout until today?</p> <p>9 A Yes.</p> <p>10 Q Have you previously given a deposition?</p> <p>11 A Yes.</p> <p>12 Q On how many occasions?</p> <p>13 A Twice.</p> <p>14 Q Can you tell me in what context? Was that 15 as a consultant, an expert witness?</p> <p>16 A One of the cases I served as an expert 17 witness for the defense and in the other case I was 18 one of the litigants.</p> <p>19 Q Let's talk about when you served as an 20 expert witness for the defense. What type of case 21 was that?</p> <p>22 A Medical malpractice.</p> <p>23 Q Do you remember the style of the case or 24 the names of the parties involved?</p> <p>25 A The doctor was Dr. Neil Jackson. I don't</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 12</p> <p>1 in a case in which you were a litigant. Can you 2 tell me about that, please?</p> <p>3 A Yes. A patient I had seen once while I 4 was on faculty at the Cleveland Clinic brought a 5 claim against the clinic.</p> <p>6 Q And were you named as a party?</p> <p>7 A Yes.</p> <p>8 Q Presumably that was a medical malpractice 9 claim?</p> <p>10 A I believe so.</p> <p>11 Q Did that case go to trial?</p> <p>12 A It was dismissed.</p> <p>13 Q Do you remember the name of the plaintiff?</p> <p>14 A No.</p> <p>15 Q About when did you give that deposition?</p> <p>16 A I believe it was in around 2002.</p> <p>17 Q It was after you had left the Cleveland 18 Clinic then?</p> <p>19 A Yes.</p> <p>20 Q And what were the allegations in that 21 case?</p> <p>22 A This woman subsequently developed 23 infertility and believed that she should have been 24 offered egg retrieval as an option in her past, at 25 which time it wasn't even feasible.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 11</p> <p>1 remember the plaintiff.</p> <p>2 Q Where was the case pending?</p> <p>3 A The doctor was from Providence. The case 4 was in Newport, Rhode Island.</p> <p>5 Q Did you actually testify at trial or just 6 by deposition?</p> <p>7 A Yes, I testified at trial.</p> <p>8 Q What were the alleged injuries in that 9 case?</p> <p>10 A The woman had voiding dysfunction after 11 reconstructive surgery.</p> <p>12 Q What type of reconstructive surgery?</p> <p>13 A I don't remember.</p> <p>14 Q I take it it would have been some type of 15 pelvic floor repair surgery?</p> <p>16 A Yes.</p> <p>17 Q Did that case involve the use of mesh?</p> <p>18 A I don't remember.</p> <p>19 Q Who was the lawyer by whom you were 20 retained?</p> <p>21 A I don't remember.</p> <p>22 Q And did you give only one deposition at 23 that time?</p> <p>24 A Yes.</p> <p>25 Q Now, you said that you were also deposed</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 13</p> <p>1 Q When you say she subsequently developed 2 infertility, did she develop infertility as a result 3 of a procedure or was the claim simply that she had 4 not been given appropriate counseling and 5 alternatives when being treated for infertility?</p> <p>6 A I didn't treat her for infertility. I 7 provided her with routine gynecologic care. And she 8 subsequently developed infertility for unknown 9 reasons. So her claim was that at the time I saw 10 her for normal gynecologic care, I should have 11 offered her options such as egg retrieval.</p> <p>12 Q And your testimony in that case, was that 13 case actually filed in Cleveland?</p> <p>14 A I don't remember.</p> <p>15 Q Your testimony in that case and the 16 testimony in the Rhode Island case are the only two 17 times that you have given depositions?</p> <p>18 A Correct.</p> <p>19 Q And you indicated that you are a 20 consultant obviously as an expert witness in this 21 litigation. Have you been a consultant in other 22 litigation?</p> <p>23 A No.</p> <p>24 Q Other than your work here in this case, do 25 you have any other source of income?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 14</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q Tell me what that is.</p> <p>3 A I receive disability for my medical</p> <p>4 condition. And we have investments --</p> <p>5 MR. SLATER: She's not talking about</p> <p>6 your personal income.</p> <p>7 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>8 Q I don't really want to go into your --</p> <p>9 A Okay.</p> <p>10 Q I don't want to go into your personal</p> <p>11 investment history and income and so forth. I</p> <p>12 didn't mean to pry in the sense of that. I'm just</p> <p>13 trying to figure out other --</p> <p>14 MR. SLATER: Work that you do for</p> <p>15 third parties.</p> <p>16 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>17 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>18 Q -- work that you do for anyone else.</p> <p>19 A Okay. I provide editorial reviews for the</p> <p>20 International Academy of Pelvic Surgery.</p> <p>21 Q And are you compensated for that?</p> <p>22 A Yes.</p> <p>23 Q Are you on a salary --</p> <p>24 A No.</p> <p>25 Q -- with them?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 16</p> <p>1 article, are you required to conduct a search of the</p> <p>2 medical literature or are you instead furnished with</p> <p>3 literature and asked to prepare the review on</p> <p>4 previously identified literature?</p> <p>5 A I search the literature myself and</p> <p>6 identify what seems relevant to me to comment on.</p> <p>7 Q Let me see if I can go back. I got a</p> <p>8 little bit distracted here. Let me say, Doctor,</p> <p>9 you're standing. And before you came in, Mr. Slater</p> <p>10 advised that you intended to stand for portions of</p> <p>11 the day. And I take it that that is because of a</p> <p>12 physical condition that's more comfortable for you?</p> <p>13 A Correct.</p> <p>14 Q Let me just say although we're on a</p> <p>15 relatively tight schedule here, I want you to know</p> <p>16 if at any time you need to take a break or go walk</p> <p>17 around the block, if you'll just let me know, I'll</p> <p>18 be glad to accommodate it and do whatever we can.</p> <p>19 Okay?</p> <p>20 A Thank you.</p> <p>21 Q By the same token, if at any time you</p> <p>22 don't understand my questions or you need me to</p> <p>23 repeat something, if you'll stop me and ask me, I'll</p> <p>24 see what I can do to accommodate that.</p> <p>25 A Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 15</p> <p>1 And can you just tell me how you are</p> <p>2 compensated?</p> <p>3 A It's \$250 an hour.</p> <p>4 Q And approximately how much time do you</p> <p>5 spend working with the International Academy of</p> <p>6 Pelvic Surgery?</p> <p>7 A I would say eight hours a month.</p> <p>8 Q I gather it would vary from time to time</p> <p>9 depending upon what you're doing?</p> <p>10 A Well, I typically provide a monthly series</p> <p>11 of reviews of current medical literature.</p> <p>12 Q I'm sorry. Would you say that again,</p> <p>13 please?</p> <p>14 A I typically provide a review of the</p> <p>15 current medical literature.</p> <p>16 Q And the current medical literature, is</p> <p>17 that limited to certain topics?</p> <p>18 A To urogynecology.</p> <p>19 Q And within the realm of urogynecology, is</p> <p>20 it limited to any more specialized area, stress</p> <p>21 urinary incontinence or pelvic organ prolapse or any</p> <p>22 other more specific area, or does it cover the whole</p> <p>23 broad spectrum of urogynecology?</p> <p>24 A The broad spectrum of urogynecology.</p> <p>25 Q And when you say you provide the review</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 17</p> <p>1 Q You indicated earlier that you have</p> <p>2 disability income. Can you just tell me how long</p> <p>3 you have been disabled?</p> <p>4 A I left my surgical practice in 2004.</p> <p>5 Q And I don't want to pry, but can you just</p> <p>6 briefly describe for me was it your physical</p> <p>7 condition that led to you leaving your surgical</p> <p>8 practice?</p> <p>9 A Yes.</p> <p>10 Q Can you just give me an overview or just a</p> <p>11 generalization of what that disability is?</p> <p>12 MR. SLATER: Let's go off the record</p> <p>13 for a second.</p> <p>14 (Discussion off the record.)</p> <p>15 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>16 Q What I've just asked, Doctor, is if you</p> <p>17 can just tell me what about your physical condition</p> <p>18 led to your disability from a surgical practice or</p> <p>19 affected your surgical practice.</p> <p>20 A I have a pain condition that limits my</p> <p>21 ability to perform the kind of surgery I was trained</p> <p>22 to perform.</p> <p>23 Q Does it limit your ability specifically to</p> <p>24 perform pelvic floor repair surgery?</p> <p>25 A That is the surgery I was specifically</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 18</p> <p>1 trained to perform.</p> <p>2 Q I understand that. I guess what I'm</p> <p>3 asking is would it affect your ability to do other</p> <p>4 types of surgery?</p> <p>5 A I would presume so.</p> <p>6 Q You said that you left your surgical</p> <p>7 practice in 2004; is that right?</p> <p>8 A Correct.</p> <p>9 Q Was there a period of time before 2004</p> <p>10 where you gradually began to reduce the number of</p> <p>11 surgeries that you performed as a result of this</p> <p>12 condition?</p> <p>13 A No.</p> <p>14 Q Did this condition have a precipitous</p> <p>15 onset?</p> <p>16 THE WITNESS: Adam?</p> <p>17 MR. SLATER: If you don't --</p> <p>18 THE WITNESS: I just don't</p> <p>19 understand --</p> <p>20 MR. SLATER: Let's go off the record.</p> <p>21 I object to the question.</p> <p>22 (Discussion off the record.)</p> <p>23 MR. SLATER: I have a hard time with</p> <p>24 that because obviously Dr. Weber doesn't want to</p> <p>25 talk in detail about her physical medical condition.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 20</p> <p>1 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>2 Q If we're talking about the different types</p> <p>3 of surgeries that you were performing in 2004, were</p> <p>4 you performing, for example, abdominal</p> <p>5 sacrocolpopexies?</p> <p>6 A Yes.</p> <p>7 Q And how long as a general matter would it</p> <p>8 take you to perform that surgery?</p> <p>9 A It depends on the patient.</p> <p>10 Q I understand that, but give me an idea.</p> <p>11 Would it be three or four hours?</p> <p>12 A I would say two to four hours.</p> <p>13 Q Were you also performing, for example,</p> <p>14 sling surgeries to repair urinary incontinence?</p> <p>15 A Yes.</p> <p>16 Q And how long would those procedures take?</p> <p>17 A It would be very unusual for me to perform</p> <p>18 a sling in an isolated -- as an isolated procedure.</p> <p>19 This would be almost always in the context of a</p> <p>20 concomitant prolapse operation.</p> <p>21 Q Other than the abdominal sacrocolpopexies,</p> <p>22 what types of other prolapse surgeries were you</p> <p>23 performing at that time?</p> <p>24 A For apical prolapse, uterosacral ligament</p> <p>25 suspension. For anterior and posterior prolapse,</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 19</p> <p>1 And, you know, she's trying to give you what she</p> <p>2 can, but she's obviously uncomfortable talking about</p> <p>3 this.</p> <p>4 MS. JONES: All I really want to know</p> <p>5 is how it affected the surgical practice.</p> <p>6 MR. SLATER: So why don't we just go</p> <p>7 with that question: What was it about your</p> <p>8 condition that impacted your ability to perform your</p> <p>9 surgical practice?</p> <p>10 Are you okay with that? Because that</p> <p>11 I think is a relevant question.</p> <p>12 THE WITNESS: It exacerbated my pain</p> <p>13 condition.</p> <p>14 MR. SLATER: Can I help you for a</p> <p>15 second?</p> <p>16 Are you talking about the physical</p> <p>17 requirements --</p> <p>18 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>19 MR. SLATER: -- on your body of</p> <p>20 performing surgery in the operating room --</p> <p>21 THE WITNESS: Yes. It's very</p> <p>22 demanding.</p> <p>23 MR. SLATER: -- that would exacerbate</p> <p>24 your condition?</p> <p>25 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 21</p> <p>1 anterior and posterior colporrhaphy.</p> <p>2 Q How long did it take you to perform an</p> <p>3 anterior colporrhaphy, for example?</p> <p>4 A Again, it's very uncommon to have an</p> <p>5 isolated procedure like that. Very few women come</p> <p>6 in with one aspect of a pelvic floor disorder, at</p> <p>7 least to my practice.</p> <p>8 Q Did all of the surgeries that you</p> <p>9 performed, whether it's the abdominal sacrocolpopexy</p> <p>10 or a TVT® sling procedure, equally affect your</p> <p>11 condition?</p> <p>12 A My surgical practice consisted of a day of</p> <p>13 surgery. So when I was going to surgery, it was for</p> <p>14 the day.</p> <p>15 Q How many days a week did you operate?</p> <p>16 A One.</p> <p>17 Q For what period of time would that have</p> <p>18 been true? This was when you were in Pittsburgh;</p> <p>19 correct?</p> <p>20 A Correct. I expected you were referring to</p> <p>21 that, although that was also true for my clinical</p> <p>22 practice in Cleveland unless I needed extra time.</p> <p>23 Typically one day a week.</p> <p>24 Q So from the time you were in Cleveland</p> <p>25 through the time you were in Pittsburgh, that was</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 22</p> <p>1 your typical practice to have one day a week set 2 aside for surgery? 3 A Correct. 4 Q Let me go back and ask you about the case 5 where you testified. I think you told me the 6 doctor's name was Neil Jackson? 7 A Yes. 8 Q When was that testimony? 9 A I don't remember exactly. I believe it 10 was somewhere in the range of seven to ten years 11 ago. 12 Q So sometime between 2002 and 2005 roughly? 13 A I think that's right. 14 Q Were you living in Pittsburgh at the time? 15 A Yes. 16 Q Were you still on staff in Pittsburgh? 17 A Yes. 18 Q Incidentally, when you ceased your 19 surgical practice in 2004, did you remain on staff 20 at the institution? 21 A Yes. 22 Q And am I correct that you did so until 23 2006? 24 A Yes. 25 Q Can you tell me what you did from 2004 to</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 24</p> <p>1 Q And when patients would come in to you in 2 the context of an office practice, would you 3 yourself actually examine the patients? 4 A Yes. 5 Q And then consult with the patients about 6 the appropriate treatment for whatever condition 7 they had? 8 A Yes; with the fellows. 9 Q That's kind of what my question is. Did 10 you have a practice where you saw women individually 11 without a fellow being present? 12 A No. 13 Q And so if a fellow was present, would the 14 fellow under normal circumstances be the doctor 15 that's examining the patient or would you both 16 examine the patient? 17 A We both examined the patient. 18 Q And then in the event that the patient was 19 a surgical candidate, would that patient then be 20 referred elsewhere to surgery? 21 A She would be referred to one of my 22 partners in the department with the fellow. 23 Q With the fellow that would -- 24 A Follow her. 25 Q -- that was there with you?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 23</p> <p>1 2006 in that capacity? 2 A Yes. I remained the director of the 3 fellowship. So I was responsible for working with 4 the fellows. In the third year of the fellowship, 5 they had office practice. So I continued my office 6 practice through 2004 and 2005 working with the 7 fellows in my office. And I continued to work with 8 them to teach them and supervise them in performing 9 their research. And I was also involved in 10 performing my own research and I was also working 11 for the NIH at that time. 12 Q When you said that in the third year they 13 had an office practice, they would have basically 14 what amounted to a private practice and they would 15 see patients in the office? 16 A With one of the faculty, yes. 17 Q And did you continue to maintain an office 18 practice through this time period? 19 A I did for 2004 and 2005. 20 Q And what did your office practice consist 21 of? 22 A All patients with a urogynecology problem. 23 Q Was it limited at that point to 24 urogynecology? 25 A Yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 25</p> <p>1 A Yes, exactly. 2 Q Were you still engaged in surgery at the 3 time you testified in Rhode Island? 4 A I don't remember. 5 Q Did you have to prepare a report in that 6 case? 7 A I don't specifically remember. 8 Q Do you remember what your opinions were as 9 they related to voiding dysfunction? 10 A I don't. 11 Q And I think you told me that you did not 12 recollect whether or not mesh was in any way 13 involved in that lawsuit? 14 A Correct, I did not remember. 15 Q I take it that you don't remember 16 specifically rendering any opinions about the 17 propriety of use of mesh or not then? 18 A No, I don't. 19 Q And certainly there can be issues of 20 voiding dysfunction whether or not mesh is involved; 21 correct? 22 A Yes. 23 Q That wasn't a very good question. Voiding 24 dysfunction can be associated with a number of 25 different pelvic floor surgeries; correct?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 26</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q That would be one of the standard risks</p> <p>3 recognized by the medical community and known in the</p> <p>4 context of doing virtually any type of pelvic</p> <p>5 surgery; correct?</p> <p>6 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>7 You can answer.</p> <p>8 THE WITNESS: What do you mean by</p> <p>9 "standard"?</p> <p>10 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>11 Q To be honest, I don't even remember how I</p> <p>12 used the word "standard" so let me rephrase the</p> <p>13 question.</p> <p>14 Voiding dysfunction would be a recognized</p> <p>15 complication of most pelvic surgeries; correct?</p> <p>16 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>17 You can answer.</p> <p>18 THE WITNESS: There are gradations of</p> <p>19 voiding dysfunction that are very important to</p> <p>20 differentiate between the different types of</p> <p>21 surgery.</p> <p>22 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>23 Q Can you explain that to me?</p> <p>24 A By "gradations" I mean a spectrum ranging</p> <p>25 from mild to severe.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 28</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q Was that early 2004 or late 2004?</p> <p>3 A I believe it was in the fall.</p> <p>4 Q When was the last time that you were</p> <p>5 actually engaged in the practice of medicine?</p> <p>6 A At the end of 2005.</p> <p>7 Q And so in that interim between the fall of</p> <p>8 2004 and the end of 2005, that would have been the</p> <p>9 time period in which you were seeing patients in an</p> <p>10 office setting with a fellow?</p> <p>11 A Correct.</p> <p>12 Q Do I understand correctly that you have</p> <p>13 not actually examined a patient since the end of</p> <p>14 2005?</p> <p>15 A Correct.</p> <p>16 Q Have you provided any type of consultation</p> <p>17 to a patient since the end of 2005?</p> <p>18 A No.</p> <p>19 Q And that would include not written any</p> <p>20 prescriptions or advising or consulting about</p> <p>21 surgery or a medical condition?</p> <p>22 A Correct.</p> <p>23 Q I take it that you are not currently on</p> <p>24 staff at any hospital?</p> <p>25 A Correct.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 27</p> <p>1 Q And that spectrum ranging from mild to</p> <p>2 severe may be associated with a variety of pelvic</p> <p>3 surgeries; correct?</p> <p>4 A Yes.</p> <p>5 Q And that is true whether or not those</p> <p>6 surgeries involve the use of mesh?</p> <p>7 A I don't agree with that.</p> <p>8 Q You don't agree that voiding dysfunction</p> <p>9 is a complication of surgeries that do not use mesh?</p> <p>10 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>11 You can answer.</p> <p>12 THE WITNESS: That wasn't what I</p> <p>13 understood you to ask me.</p> <p>14 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>15 Q Well, that's my question.</p> <p>16 A Could you repeat the question?</p> <p>17 Q Sure. Is voiding dysfunction a recognized</p> <p>18 complication of pelvic surgeries that do not use</p> <p>19 mesh?</p> <p>20 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>21 You can answer.</p> <p>22 THE WITNESS: Yes.</p> <p>23 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>24 Q You said that you last performed surgery</p> <p>25 in 2004; am I right?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 29</p> <p>1 Q And have not been since 2005?</p> <p>2 A I remained at Magee-Womens Hospital at the</p> <p>3 University of Pittsburgh until May 2006.</p> <p>4 Q So during that six-month period from the</p> <p>5 end of 2005 until mid-2006, you would have remained</p> <p>6 on staff there?</p> <p>7 A Correct.</p> <p>8 Q But that would have been the only place</p> <p>9 that you had privileges at that point in time?</p> <p>10 A Correct.</p> <p>11 Q And since that point in time you have not</p> <p>12 had privileges elsewhere?</p> <p>13 A Correct.</p> <p>14 Q And I take it that obviously at some time</p> <p>15 you moved from Pittsburgh back to Maryland?</p> <p>16 A Correct.</p> <p>17 Q When was that?</p> <p>18 A That was in June of this year.</p> <p>19 Q June of 2012?</p> <p>20 A Yes.</p> <p>21 Q Did you remain in Pittsburgh in that</p> <p>22 interim?</p> <p>23 A Yes.</p> <p>24 Q What prompted your move to Maryland this</p> <p>25 year?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 30</p> <p>1 A My husband has a new job.</p> <p>2 Q Your husband's not a medical doctor, is</p> <p>3 he?</p> <p>4 A No.</p> <p>5 Q You told us, Doctor, that you were first</p> <p>6 contacted in the fall of 2009 about this litigation?</p> <p>7 A I believe that's correct.</p> <p>8 Q And that you thought you actually began</p> <p>9 working on the case in February 2010?</p> <p>10 A Yes.</p> <p>11 Q When you say that you began working on the</p> <p>12 case in February of 2010, what does that mean? What</p> <p>13 did you begin doing?</p> <p>14 A I began to review the Ethicon documents.</p> <p>15 Q And those were all documents that would</p> <p>16 have been sent to you by plaintiffs' counsel?</p> <p>17 A Yes.</p> <p>18 Q Prior to beginning review of those</p> <p>19 documents, had you ever reviewed the internal</p> <p>20 documents of any device manufacturer?</p> <p>21 A No.</p> <p>22 Q Or any drug manufacturer?</p> <p>23 A No.</p> <p>24 Q I take it that you have not been a</p> <p>25 consultant to any drug or device manufacturer; is</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 32</p> <p>1 of appreciate your CV, as the program director</p> <p>2 there, you kind of were the coordinator of certain</p> <p>3 clinical trials done by the network?</p> <p>4 A Not the coordinator. We had a data</p> <p>5 coordinating center. That was their job. I was the</p> <p>6 program director.</p> <p>7 Q Well, tell me what that means as program</p> <p>8 director. What did you do?</p> <p>9 A Well, I ran the network. So I organized</p> <p>10 and led the meetings that we held initially monthly</p> <p>11 and then quarterly. I worked with the investigators</p> <p>12 in designing and -- obviously they were performing</p> <p>13 the trials at their sites, but the data coming in,</p> <p>14 the adverse events for different trials, we had</p> <p>15 safety committees consisting of investigators and</p> <p>16 members of the data coordinating center and myself.</p> <p>17 Shall I go on?</p> <p>18 Q Well, I'm going to come back to that. Let</p> <p>19 me see if I can stick with the adverse experience</p> <p>20 reports that we were talking about. In that context</p> <p>21 you would see adverse experience reports that were</p> <p>22 adverse events that took place in the context of the</p> <p>23 clinical trials; correct?</p> <p>24 A Correct.</p> <p>25 Q And those reports that you received in the</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 31</p> <p>1 that correct?</p> <p>2 A That is correct.</p> <p>3 Q And that you have not been engaged in the</p> <p>4 determination as to whether or not a 510(k) is</p> <p>5 necessary to be filed; is that correct?</p> <p>6 A Yes.</p> <p>7 Q That you've not before being engaged by</p> <p>8 plaintiffs' counsel in this litigation ever prepared</p> <p>9 a 510(k)?</p> <p>10 A That is correct.</p> <p>11 Q Before being engaged in this litigation,</p> <p>12 had you ever reviewed a 510(k)?</p> <p>13 A No.</p> <p>14 Q Before being engaged in this litigation,</p> <p>15 had you ever reviewed any of the different analyses</p> <p>16 done, such as the failure mode evaluation analysis</p> <p>17 or device design safety analysis, on any product?</p> <p>18 A No.</p> <p>19 Q Had you ever reviewed any adverse</p> <p>20 experience reports to the manufacturer?</p> <p>21 A Yes.</p> <p>22 Q In what capacity?</p> <p>23 A When I was the program director of the</p> <p>24 pelvic floor disorders network.</p> <p>25 Q I want to come back to this, but as I kind</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 33</p> <p>1 context of a clinical trial might or might not have</p> <p>2 anything to do with a device; correct?</p> <p>3 A Correct.</p> <p>4 Q Can you tell me what trials were conducted</p> <p>5 by the network that involved the use of a device?</p> <p>6 A We performed a placebo-controlled trial</p> <p>7 using a drug product, which is Botox, and in that</p> <p>8 context reviewing the adverse events that were</p> <p>9 submitted to the FDA and to the manufacturer.</p> <p>10 Q Any other product that you reviewed the</p> <p>11 adverse events for?</p> <p>12 A No.</p> <p>13 Q No devices that you reviewed the adverse</p> <p>14 events for?</p> <p>15 A Correct.</p> <p>16 Q And I take it that you have never had a</p> <p>17 position where you actually went in and examined the</p> <p>18 documents or database of a device manufacturer's</p> <p>19 adverse experience reports?</p> <p>20 A Correct.</p> <p>21 Q And I take it that prior to being engaged</p> <p>22 in this litigation, there's never been a time at</p> <p>23 which you were in a position where you had to</p> <p>24 determine whether or not an adverse event was</p> <p>25 reportable to the FDA under the device regulations?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 34</p> <p>1 A That's correct.</p> <p>2 Q Prior to becoming involved in this</p> <p>3 litigation, did you ever have an occasion to examine</p> <p>4 the MAUDE database of the FDA?</p> <p>5 A Yes.</p> <p>6 Q In what context?</p> <p>7 A In the context of experiences that we had</p> <p>8 related to another trial we were running, which was</p> <p>9 abdominal sacrocolpopexy, in terms of mesh and</p> <p>10 suture complications.</p> <p>11 Q And when was that?</p> <p>12 A Perhaps in 2005-2006.</p> <p>13 Q Let me just put it into context. Were you</p> <p>14 still at the Kerry Magee Hospital at the time?</p> <p>15 A Magee-Womens Hospital.</p> <p>16 Q I'm sorry.</p> <p>17 A As I told you, I left Magee-Womens</p> <p>18 Hospital in May 2006, so chances are.</p> <p>19 Q Well, I mean, I was trying to help you see</p> <p>20 if you could put dates around it a little bit.</p> <p>21 That's --</p> <p>22 A It doesn't --</p> <p>23 Q It helps me sometimes to remember where I</p> <p>24 was when something happened in order to put a date</p> <p>25 around it. That's the only reason I was asking.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 36</p> <p>1 erosions that the investigators wondered whether</p> <p>2 this was a particular combination of mesh with a</p> <p>3 particular combination of sutures. So we were</p> <p>4 looking to the MAUDE database to see if we could</p> <p>5 gather any information if anyone else's experience</p> <p>6 had indicated that.</p> <p>7 Q Can you tell me what types of sutures were</p> <p>8 being used?</p> <p>9 A I don't remember.</p> <p>10 Q Was there a particular type of mesh that</p> <p>11 was being used?</p> <p>12 A I don't remember.</p> <p>13 Q Do you remember whether the protocol for</p> <p>14 the trial required the use of a particular mesh in</p> <p>15 the surgery?</p> <p>16 A No, it did not.</p> <p>17 Q So you might have had surgical meshes used</p> <p>18 or manufactured by several different manufacturers?</p> <p>19 A That is possible.</p> <p>20 Q And presumably they could also be</p> <p>21 different types of meshes, partially absorbable,</p> <p>22 nonabsorbable?</p> <p>23 A No. I believe the protocol required</p> <p>24 nonabsorbable mesh.</p> <p>25 Q Was that the CARE study?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 35</p> <p>1 A My work at NIH was continuous. So, no,</p> <p>2 I'm sorry, that doesn't help me.</p> <p>3 Q Okay. Can you tell me about that trial</p> <p>4 that involved abdominal sacrocolpopexy? Did I</p> <p>5 understand you to say it was -- no. That was Botox.</p> <p>6 Just tell me about that trial.</p> <p>7 A Yes. This was a randomized trial</p> <p>8 comparing women who were undergoing abdominal</p> <p>9 sacrocolpopexy without preoperative stress</p> <p>10 incontinence symptoms to determine if the addition</p> <p>11 of a Burch colposuspension at the time of the</p> <p>12 abdominal sacrocolpopexy could help prevent stress</p> <p>13 incontinence.</p> <p>14 Q And what was the outcome of that study?</p> <p>15 What were your conclusions?</p> <p>16 A The Burch was helpful not in 100 -- it did</p> <p>17 not 100 percent prevent the development of stress</p> <p>18 incontinence after abdominal sacrocolpopexy, but it</p> <p>19 was helpful.</p> <p>20 Q And you indicated that in that context you</p> <p>21 were required to review the FDA MAUDE database?</p> <p>22 A Yes.</p> <p>23 Q Tell me about that.</p> <p>24 A We were -- the patients at the</p> <p>25 investigative sites were experiencing some mesh</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 37</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q Do you remember what the exposure rate</p> <p>3 was?</p> <p>4 A Not off the top of my head.</p> <p>5 Q Did you ever publish the exposure rate?</p> <p>6 A It should be in the document, the article</p> <p>7 reporting the primary outcomes of the trial.</p> <p>8 Q Do you know who the lead author would be</p> <p>9 on that study where would you expect to see it?</p> <p>10 A Linda Brubaker.</p> <p>11 Q Tell me how you reviewed the MAUDE</p> <p>12 database at that point in time.</p> <p>13 A I don't remember a lot of specifics. I</p> <p>14 believe we searched for mesh in the use of prolapse</p> <p>15 surgery.</p> <p>16 Q You don't remember actually doing a search</p> <p>17 relating to, for example, one particular</p> <p>18 manufacturer reporting rates, you just looked at the</p> <p>19 entire database and did that search?</p> <p>20 A Correct.</p> <p>21 Q Do you remember what your findings were?</p> <p>22 A I don't.</p> <p>23 Q Did you speak with anyone at the FDA about</p> <p>24 this?</p> <p>25 A No.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 38</p> <p>1 Q Have you ever been employed by the FDA?</p> <p>2 A No.</p> <p>3 Q Have you ever been a consultant to the</p> <p>4 FDA?</p> <p>5 A No, no.</p> <p>6 Q Have you ever served on any of the FDA</p> <p>7 advisory committees?</p> <p>8 A No.</p> <p>9 Q Have you ever testified at any FDA</p> <p>10 advisory committee?</p> <p>11 A No.</p> <p>12 Q Have you ever testified before any other</p> <p>13 government institution, any type of hearing?</p> <p>14 A No.</p> <p>15 Q Before being retained in this litigation,</p> <p>16 had you ever had any discussion with any of the</p> <p>17 employees at Ethicon about pelvic mesh?</p> <p>18 A No.</p> <p>19 Q Had you ever had any discussions with any</p> <p>20 of the employees at Ethicon about transvaginal tape?</p> <p>21 A No.</p> <p>22 Q Do you know Piet Hinoul?</p> <p>23 A No.</p> <p>24 Q Do you know David Robinson?</p> <p>25 A I may have met him at one point in the</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 40</p> <p>1 Q Do you know him and had any other dealings</p> <p>2 with him in any other context?</p> <p>3 A No.</p> <p>4 Q Have you ever spoken with Dr. Lucente</p> <p>5 about his use of pelvic mesh in pelvic floor</p> <p>6 repairs?</p> <p>7 A No.</p> <p>8 Q Do you know Dr. Dennis Miller?</p> <p>9 A No.</p> <p>10 Q Do you know anyone who was involved in the</p> <p>11 clinical studies for Gynemesh® PS?</p> <p>12 A Yes.</p> <p>13 Q Who would that be?</p> <p>14 A I don't remember all their names off the</p> <p>15 top of my head. I know Doug Hale was involved, I</p> <p>16 believe. I know him.</p> <p>17 Q And how do you know him?</p> <p>18 A Attending the same meetings.</p> <p>19 Q Do you know anyone who was involved in the</p> <p>20 clinical studies on Prolift®?</p> <p>21 A To which studies are you referring?</p> <p>22 Q Any of them.</p> <p>23 MR. SLATER: Objection; overbroad.</p> <p>24 You can answer.</p> <p>25</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 39</p> <p>1 past. I don't remember clearly.</p> <p>2 Q Do you know Axel Arnaud?</p> <p>3 A No.</p> <p>4 Q Have you ever had any involvement with the</p> <p>5 TVM group in France?</p> <p>6 A No.</p> <p>7 Q Do you know any of the members of the TVM</p> <p>8 group?</p> <p>9 A No.</p> <p>10 Q Just so I'm clear, you don't know</p> <p>11 Dr. Cosson or Dr. Jacquetin or Dr. Debodinance or</p> <p>12 any of the people that were involved in the</p> <p>13 development of Prolift®?</p> <p>14 A Correct.</p> <p>15 Q I take it if you don't know them, you've</p> <p>16 never spoken with any of them about their studies of</p> <p>17 the product?</p> <p>18 A Correct.</p> <p>19 Q Do you know Vincent Lucente?</p> <p>20 A Yes.</p> <p>21 Q How do you know Dr. Lucente?</p> <p>22 A By attending the same meetings.</p> <p>23 Q Those would be the urogynecology national</p> <p>24 meetings, professional organizations?</p> <p>25 A Yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 41</p> <p>1 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>2 Q I mean, really I'm just asking you to tell</p> <p>3 me anybody that you know of that was involved in the</p> <p>4 clinical studies -- not that you know of but that</p> <p>5 you know who was involved in the clinical studies</p> <p>6 involving Prolift®?</p> <p>7 MR. SLATER: You're just having her</p> <p>8 go off the top of her head from her recollection</p> <p>9 without having any of the studies in front of her</p> <p>10 for the record.</p> <p>11 You can do the best you can to</p> <p>12 answer.</p> <p>13 THE WITNESS: The only other person I</p> <p>14 can think of right now is Cheryl Iglesia.</p> <p>15 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>16 Q And how do you know Dr. Iglesia?</p> <p>17 A Attending the same meetings.</p> <p>18 Q Have you ever had any discussion with</p> <p>19 Dr. Iglesia about studies involving -- or her study</p> <p>20 involving Prolift®?</p> <p>21 A No.</p> <p>22 Q Have you had any discussion with Dr. Hale</p> <p>23 with respect to the study involving Gynemesh® PS?</p> <p>24 A No.</p> <p>25 Q Do you know any of the physicians who have</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 42</p> <p>1 been involved in the studies of either Prolift+M® or 2 Prosima®? 3 A Again, off the top of my head, the only 4 one I know who was involved in Prosima® was Halina 5 Zyczynski. 6 Q And have you spoken to Dr. Zyczynski about 7 that? 8 A No. 9 Q Was she at Pittsburgh when you were there? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Have you had any discussion with her about 12 the use of mesh in pelvic floor repairs in general? 13 A We may have discussed that when we were on 14 the faculty together. I don't remember 15 specifically. 16 Q When you were on the faculty there, was 17 mesh used in pelvic floor repairs? 18 A I don't believe so. If you're -- can I 19 clarify? Are you talking about stress incontinence 20 or prolapse? 21 Q Well, let's separate it. Was it used in 22 the context of stress incontinence? 23 A Other surgeons, yes. 24 Q You did not use it? 25 A Correct.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 44</p> <p>1 A I don't know. 2 Q You did not? 3 A I did not, no. 4 Is this a good time for a break? 5 MS. JONES: Sure. 6 MR. SLATER: Sure. Take a break 7 whenever you need. 8 THE WITNESS: Good. 9 (Short recess.) 10 BY MS. JONES: 11 Q Doctor, have you ever discussed the use of 12 transvaginal mesh for use in pelvic floor surgery 13 with anyone at the FDA? 14 A No. 15 Q Have you ever submitted anything about 16 your opinions on the use of transvaginal mesh for 17 pelvic floor prolapse to anyone at the FDA? 18 A No. 19 Q Other than the reports that you have 20 submitted in this lawsuit, have you ever prepared 21 any other report or writing on the use of mesh in 22 pelvic surgery that's not identified in your CV? 23 A No. 24 (Exhibit No. 1218 was marked for 25 identification.)</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 43</p> <p>1 Q But other surgeons used, for example, the 2 TVT® products? 3 A I don't know specifically. 4 Q Was mesh used in abdominal sacrocolpopexy? 5 You know what I'm saying. 6 A Yes. 7 Q I apologize. I have for some reason a 8 very difficult time with that word. 9 Did you use mesh in the context of 10 abdominal sacrocolpopexy? 11 A Yes. 12 Q Did you have a preferred manufacturer for 13 that mesh product? 14 A No. 15 Q Do you know whose mesh you used? 16 A I don't. 17 Q Was all of the mesh used at the Kerry 18 Women's Hospital purchased by the hospital? 19 A Magee-Womens Hospital; yes. 20 Q And Magee-Womens Hospital would purchase 21 that mesh and all doctors would use the same mesh? 22 A I don't know. 23 Q You don't know whether or not doctors 24 requested, for example, the mesh of a particular 25 manufacturer for their use in surgery?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 45</p> <p>1 BY MS. JONES: 2 Q Let me show you what's been marked as 3 Exhibit 1218 to the deposition, which is the notice 4 for the deposition. Have you seen this document, 5 Doctor? 6 A No. 7 Q It asks that you bring with you certain 8 documents and materials. Have you brought any 9 documents with you to this deposition? 10 MR. SLATER: One second. Just for 11 your benefit, because I had an interaction with 12 other counsel for the defense -- we have teams of 13 people we deal with -- I had addressed these 14 deposition notices and the requests directly to 15 other counsel and had explained what we were going 16 to produce in connection with each of the 17 depositions, and I've been adhering to that, which 18 was the financial disclosures, the reports obviously 19 and the lists of materials reviewed, and had made it 20 clear we weren't going to be producing anything else 21 because we felt that primarily the documents are 22 Ethicon documents that both sides have 23 electronically stored anyway. It would have been a 24 tremendous amount of wasted paper and duplication. 25 So I had explained that to counsel a while back when</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 46</p> <p>1 the requests for production from each of the experts 2 had come out. So I didn't, frankly, even give the 3 notice to my expert because obviously it's beyond 4 her expertise to decide what to produce. So those 5 were decisions of counsel. 6 MS. JONES: I understand. 7 BY MS. JONES: 8 Q What I want to do is to talk about this 9 notice a little bit, Doctor, and talk with you about 10 what we've asked for and what you have reviewed. I 11 received on Friday, I think, it may have been 12 Saturday, a supplemental list of materials that you 13 have reviewed that I think -- and I'm directing this 14 as much to counsel as to you -- I think represents 15 the universe of materials that you have reviewed as 16 of that date, and then I got a note that you've 17 since looked at Dr. Lucente's deposition. 18 MR. SLATER: Right. What we've done, 19 for the benefit of counsel, is -- obviously there's 20 a tremendous amount of documents referenced, many 21 notes and in the context of the reports that have 22 been served. Dr. Weber's also endeavored to make a 23 list of what she reviewed. So the entire universe 24 would be anything referenced in the reports, 25 anything listed in the materials reviewed list. And</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 48</p> <p>1 A Yes. 2 Q For information about products? 3 A Yes. 4 Q Anything else that you looked at the FDA 5 website about? 6 A I looked at the advisory panel meeting 7 that they held in September of last year -- last 8 year, yes. 9 Q Other than looking at the FDA website for 10 that type of material, did you look at or did you do 11 any other independent research? 12 A Another example would be looking on the 13 Ethicon website to see what they had available on 14 their products, what was listed as their current 15 instructions for use, current material directed at 16 patients, things like that. 17 Q Okay. What else? 18 A I would often look at the medical 19 literature when an area came up that I didn't feel I 20 had enough background on, find relevant articles, 21 and then they would be produced for me. 22 Q So you would do, for example, a Medline 23 search for articles on a certain topic and then ask 24 plaintiffs' counsel to send you the actual articles? 25 A Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 47</p> <p>1 I've told my associates now since we're here I want 2 them to sweep and make sure they haven't missed 3 anything. And, if necessary, I'll give you today 4 again if there's anything else to be added so you'll 5 have everything. I think you have it all, but if 6 you don't, if there's a few stragglers, I'm going to 7 make sure you have them. 8 BY MS. JONES: 9 Q Did you review anything, Doctor, other 10 than what was sent to you by plaintiffs' counsel? 11 A Yes. 12 Q Tell me what that was. 13 A It's on the list. It would include things 14 that I found on the FDA home page, for example, the 15 summary statements for products. 16 Q Can you just describe for me what 17 independent research you did other than review the 18 materials that plaintiffs' counsel sent to you? 19 A Well, for example, if I came across a 20 reference to a product that I wasn't familiar with 21 or didn't already have documentation on, I would 22 look to the FDA database to obtain the summary 23 statement, which contains the indications and so on. 24 Q When you say you would look at the FDA 25 database, you would look at the FDA website?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 49</p> <p>1 Q And can you tell me what those topics were 2 that you asked for articles on? 3 A Those are listed in the materials 4 reviewed, the articles themselves. 5 Q But what I'm asking you is you said that 6 there were areas that you did not feel as 7 knowledgeable about and did research on. I'm asking 8 you to tell me what those areas are. 9 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form. 10 You can answer. 11 THE WITNESS: Hernia repair, 12 complications and effectiveness of stress 13 incontinence products. That's what I can think of 14 off the top of my head. 15 BY MS. JONES: 16 Q Have you spoken with any of the plaintiffs 17 in this litigation? 18 A No. 19 Q You have reviewed the medical records of 20 Ms. Gross and Ms. Wicker; correct? 21 A Yes. 22 Q Have you reviewed the medical records of 23 any other plaintiff? 24 A Yes. 25 Q How many?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 50</p> <p>1 A Approximately 10 to 15.</p> <p>2 Q Have you prepared reports on any of those</p> <p>3 women other than Ms. Gross and Ms. Wicker?</p> <p>4 A Yes.</p> <p>5 Q Can you tell me the names of those women?</p> <p>6 A Donna Rogers and Patricia Firman,</p> <p>7 F-I-R-M-A-N.</p> <p>8 Q Anyone else?</p> <p>9 A No.</p> <p>10 Q Had you spoken with the treating</p> <p>11 physicians or surgeons of any of the plaintiffs in</p> <p>12 this litigation?</p> <p>13 A No.</p> <p>14 Q And I assume you've not spoken with any of</p> <p>15 their family members, husbands or significant others</p> <p>16 or anything of that nature?</p> <p>17 A Correct.</p> <p>18 Q Other than Mr. Slater, what lawyers have</p> <p>19 you met with in the context of this litigation?</p> <p>20 A No one else.</p> <p>21 Q In fairness, I know you said that you were</p> <p>22 contacted and talked with somebody else in</p> <p>23 Mr. Slater's office, but you've not talked with</p> <p>24 anyone that's not associated with Mr. Slater's</p> <p>25 office here; is that correct?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 52</p> <p>1 A We were specifically discussing the</p> <p>2 urologic aspects from Dr. Elliott's standpoint and</p> <p>3 the urogynecologic aspects from my standpoint.</p> <p>4 Q Was that related to a specific plaintiff</p> <p>5 or just in general?</p> <p>6 A Both.</p> <p>7 Q Well, what I'd like you to do is tell me</p> <p>8 everything you can remember about that conversation.</p> <p>9 A We were discussing the urinary retention</p> <p>10 issue, and we discussed the contraindication that</p> <p>11 now exists for patients with preexisting pain</p> <p>12 conditions.</p> <p>13 Q Was anyone on the telephone besides you</p> <p>14 and Dr. Elliott?</p> <p>15 A Mr. Slater.</p> <p>16 MR. SLATER: I was teaching them.</p> <p>17 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>18 Q How long did that phone call last?</p> <p>19 A I was on the phone call for approximately</p> <p>20 half an hour.</p> <p>21 Q And when you said that you were discussing</p> <p>22 contraindications of pain syndrome, tell me what you</p> <p>23 remember about that discussion.</p> <p>24 A The knowledge that has been gained since</p> <p>25 the Prolift® product and procedure was marketed that</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 51</p> <p>1 A Correct.</p> <p>2 Q Have you attended any meetings in which</p> <p>3 other expert witnesses were present?</p> <p>4 A No.</p> <p>5 Q Have you participated in any phone calls</p> <p>6 with other expert witnesses for the plaintiffs?</p> <p>7 A Yes.</p> <p>8 Q And was that on more than one occasion?</p> <p>9 A No.</p> <p>10 Q With whom did you speak?</p> <p>11 A With Dan Elliott.</p> <p>12 Q Have you spoken with any of the other</p> <p>13 witnesses --</p> <p>14 A No.</p> <p>15 Q -- for the plaintiffs?</p> <p>16 A By e-mail.</p> <p>17 Q Let's see if I can separate these. When</p> <p>18 did your conversation with Dan Elliott occur?</p> <p>19 A On Saturday.</p> <p>20 Q Two days ago?</p> <p>21 A Correct.</p> <p>22 Q And can you tell me what the subject of</p> <p>23 that conversation was?</p> <p>24 A The case.</p> <p>25 Q What about the case?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 53</p> <p>1 women who have a preexisting pain condition are</p> <p>2 relatively or absolutely contraindicated from</p> <p>3 undergoing a Prolift® procedure.</p> <p>4 Q And when you say that, it's based upon</p> <p>5 what?</p> <p>6 A Upon their higher risk of exacerbation of</p> <p>7 their existing pain condition or the development of</p> <p>8 a new pain condition.</p> <p>9 Q And were you giving that information to</p> <p>10 Dr. Elliott or vice versa?</p> <p>11 A We were discussing it.</p> <p>12 Q Well, can you tell me in what context you</p> <p>13 were discussing it? Were you talking about it in</p> <p>14 the context of a specific plaintiff?</p> <p>15 A Yes.</p> <p>16 Q And who was that?</p> <p>17 A The plaintiffs Linda Gross and Pamela</p> <p>18 Wicker.</p> <p>19 Q Did Dr. Elliott express any opinions to</p> <p>20 you about that?</p> <p>21 A Yes.</p> <p>22 Q What were those?</p> <p>23 A I'd rather you ask him.</p> <p>24 MR. SLATER: She's allowed to ask</p> <p>25 you.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 54</p> <p>1 BY MS. JONES: 2 Q I'm entitled to ask you. 3 A You're entitled to ask me. All right. 4 All right. His opinions, as I recall, were that the 5 urinary retention that Linda Gross experienced was a 6 direct result of the Prolift® procedure. And the 7 fact that Pamela Wicker had preexisting pain 8 conditions in her interstitial cystitis and her 9 migraine headaches is a contraindication to her 10 having undergone the Prolift® procedure, which is 11 known now. 12 Q Did Dr. Elliott express an opinion to you 13 as to whether or not at the time that Ms. Wicker 14 received her Prolift® that information was known? 15 A That information was foreseeable by 16 Ethicon. They did not warn physicians and patients 17 of that likelihood. 18 Q My question was a little bit different. 19 It was whether or not it was known. Had it been 20 published in the medical literature? 21 A It was not at the time that the plaintiffs 22 underwent their surgery. 23 Q Now, you said that those were the opinions 24 that Dr. Elliott expressed to you. What opinions 25 did you share with him, if any?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 56</p> <p>1 tell me what the difference is in terms of the way 2 you approached it from the way he approached it. 3 What facts, what knowledge, whatever that you had 4 from the urogynecological spectrum did you use to 5 educate him, if so, and vice versa? 6 MR. SLATER: Objection. The 7 foundation of the question assumes aspects -- it's 8 just not accurate foundation. 9 You can answer as best you can and 10 tell her what went on during the conversation. 11 THE WITNESS: I can answer from my 12 perspective as a urogynecologist. I cared for women 13 exclusively. My training has been in the care of 14 women exclusively. My experience may be broader in 15 the care of women with prolapse -- I don't know that 16 for a fact -- regarding Dr. Elliott's practice. So 17 my experience, my training and experience, in caring 18 specifically for women with pelvic floor disorders 19 gives me the background to interpret the clinical 20 events and that's the basis for my opinions. 21 BY MS. JONES: 22 Q Did Dr. Elliott share with you any 23 insights that you had not previously had? 24 A No. I'd like to expand on that a little. 25 I think he has a greater experience in caring for</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 55</p> <p>1 A I agreed with his opinions. 2 Q My recollection is that you said, Doctor, 3 that you were discussing with him and you shared 4 with him information, facts, opinions, whatever, 5 from the urogynecological standpoint and he was, as 6 I recall what you said, expressing opinions to you 7 from the urological standpoint; am I right? 8 A Yes. 9 Q How did those differ in terms of -- what 10 information were you sharing with him from the 11 urogynecological standpoint? 12 A The two different specialties have a lot 13 of overlap. They also have their different 14 perspectives. And I think by discussing our 15 perspectives and our opinions that, for example, 16 urinary retention in Linda Gross was caused by the 17 Prolift® product and procedure, that he professed 18 that opinion on the basis of his urologic training 19 and experience and I professed that opinion on the 20 basis of my urogynecologic training and experience. 21 Q Did the two of you reach those opinions by 22 approaching the subject from different viewpoints? 23 A From the perspective of our differing 24 specialties, yes. 25 Q What I'd like for you to do then is to</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 57</p> <p>1 women and men perhaps with interstitial cystitis and 2 that that may give him greater insight into the 3 complications that Pamela Wicker has experienced and 4 also into the possible diagnosis that Dr. Benson 5 attributed to findings at the time of a cystoscopy 6 with Linda Gross after her Prolift® surgery. 7 Q Other than Dr. Elliott, have you spoken 8 with any of the other expert witnesses identified by 9 the plaintiffs in this case? 10 A No. 11 Q When you reviewed Ethicon documents or the 12 literature in this case, did you take any notes? 13 A Yes. 14 Q And where are those notes? 15 A On my computer and handwritten. 16 Q But you did not bring those with you? 17 A No. 18 Q Did you separately mark in any way on the 19 documents? 20 Let me ask this first: Did you receive 21 those documents electronically or in hard copy? 22 A Both. 23 MR. SLATER: I just want to place an 24 objection. I'm generally not somebody who 25 overobjects during a deposition and I don't mind</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 58</p> <p>1 making a record, but to the extent that -- and I 2 think it was essentially exclusively -- what 3 Dr. Weber was doing was part of her interaction with 4 me and part of our work product, I'm not necessarily 5 going to agree to produce these things. I don't 6 mind you setting a record because I know you want to 7 find out what exists, but a lot of this may come 8 within the work product privilege. 9 MS. JONES: Okay. I don't think her 10 notes come within the work product privilege and how 11 she maintained them and did that. 12 MR. SLATER: To a large extent, it 13 also may come within drafts of different portions of 14 the report. It's extensive. 15 MS. JONES: Well, we'll take that up 16 and deal with it. I mean, I understand that we're 17 not entitled to drafts and all, but my 18 understanding, from what Dr. Weber suggested, was 19 that she simply had notes that she had taken from 20 review of the documents. I do think we're probably 21 entitled to those. 22 MR. SLATER: We'll address it. 23 MS. JONES: That's fine. 24 MR. SLATER: It becomes a two-way 25 street, you know --</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 60</p> <p>1 A What do you mean by "recently"? 2 Q Within the last month? 3 A No. 4 Q Was it before she produced a report? 5 A She has also more than one report. To 6 which report are you referring? 7 Q Either one. 8 A The best I can do is over the last several 9 months, but not in the last month. 10 Q Can you tell me what the subject matter of 11 those communications was? 12 A We were discussing the Gynemesh® PS mesh 13 study and the TVM studies. 14 Q Do you have copies of those e-mails? 15 A Yes. 16 Q You didn't bring those with you today 17 either, did you? 18 A No. 19 Q Counsel and I will address these issues 20 later on, but I'm going to ask that you maintain all 21 of your notes and all of your correspondence until 22 we resolve the issue as to whether or not we're 23 entitled to them. Okay? 24 A Yes. 25 Q Have you had correspondence with any of</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 59</p> <p>1 MS. JONES: We will address it. 2 MR. SLATER: -- that I'm generally 3 not that interested in driving down, but we can talk 4 about it. 5 BY MS. JONES: 6 Q I forgot, Doctor, to ask you, you told me 7 that you had also communicated with other experts I 8 think by e-mail? 9 A Yes. Generally, that would be a three-way 10 conversation with Mr. Slater by e-mail. 11 Q And who else? 12 A Oh, Sue Shott. 13 Q And when did those conversations or 14 communications take place? 15 A I don't recall exactly. 16 Q Have you met Sue Shott? 17 A No. 18 Q Have you ever had any occasion to work 19 with or familiarity with her work before? 20 A I know of some of her medical literature. 21 That would be the extent of my... 22 Q And can you tell me when you had these 23 e-mail communications with her? 24 A No, I don't recall. 25 Q Was it recently?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 61</p> <p>1 the other experts? 2 A No. 3 Q Do you personally know any of the other 4 expert witnesses? 5 A I know Dr. Margolis. 6 Q How do you know Dr. Margolis? 7 A Attending the same meetings. 8 Q But you've not discussed this litigation 9 with him? 10 A No. 11 Q Anybody else? 12 A No. 13 Q You obviously are being compensated for 14 your time in working with plaintiffs' counsel; 15 correct? 16 A Correct. 17 Q Can you tell me at what rate you're being 18 compensated? 19 A It is \$350 an hour. 20 Q And is that for all purposes? 21 A Yes. 22 Q It's not more for testifying versus review 23 of documents, preparing reports or anything? 24 A We haven't discussed that. 25 Q As we sit here today, all of your time has</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 62</p> <p>1 been billed at \$350 an hour?</p> <p>2 A Earlier in our working relationship it was</p> <p>3 \$250 an hour.</p> <p>4 Q Can you tell me approximately when you</p> <p>5 changed the rate from 250 to 350?</p> <p>6 A Perhaps the spring of this year.</p> <p>7 Q 2012?</p> <p>8 A I believe so.</p> <p>9 Q How much have you been compensated at this</p> <p>10 point?</p> <p>11 A I don't know.</p> <p>12 Q You didn't bring your financial statements</p> <p>13 with you?</p> <p>14 A I understood from Adam that that had been</p> <p>15 disclosed.</p> <p>16 MR. SLATER: You have our</p> <p>17 disclosures. They didn't give that to you?</p> <p>18 MS. JONES: I have not seen them.</p> <p>19 MR. SLATER: I'll have somebody print</p> <p>20 a copy. We produced them for all our experts. The</p> <p>21 hours spent, the rates, when the rate went from 250</p> <p>22 to 350, the whole thing was produced.</p> <p>23 MS. JONES: Okay. I apologize. If I</p> <p>24 have --</p> <p>25 MR. SLATER: It's no big deal.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 64</p> <p>1 specifically sat down and said I'm going to start</p> <p>2 drafting my report?</p> <p>3 A I don't remember.</p> <p>4 Q Did you submit statements to counsel for</p> <p>5 your time?</p> <p>6 A Yes.</p> <p>7 Q When you would submit those statements to</p> <p>8 counsel for your time, would you itemize what you</p> <p>9 had done?</p> <p>10 A I have done that recently. I hadn't done</p> <p>11 that for the entire course of...</p> <p>12 Q When you say you would itemize what you</p> <p>13 had done, give me an example of how you would</p> <p>14 itemize it.</p> <p>15 MR. SLATER: I'm going to preserve my</p> <p>16 objection. I'll let her answer the question, but</p> <p>17 I'm not waiving any objections to work product.</p> <p>18 You can answer.</p> <p>19 THE WITNESS: I would make a table.</p> <p>20 The first column has the date, the second column has</p> <p>21 the tasks, and the third column has documents</p> <p>22 produced. And what I mean by that is documents that</p> <p>23 I myself have written that I'm submitting to</p> <p>24 Mr. Slater.</p> <p>25</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 63</p> <p>1 MS. JONES: It's either it never got</p> <p>2 to me or I've overlooked it.</p> <p>3 MR. SLATER: And I told defense</p> <p>4 counsel that I served it on, which was not you in</p> <p>5 fairness, I don't expect anything else from the</p> <p>6 defense. I expect similar disclosures.</p> <p>7 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>8 Q Can you tell me, Doctor -- and maybe we</p> <p>9 can get this sometime in the next day or two --</p> <p>10 MR. SLATER: I can get it for you by</p> <p>11 the next break.</p> <p>12 MS. JONES: That's fine.</p> <p>13 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>14 Q Can you tell me approximately how much</p> <p>15 time you've spent?</p> <p>16 A It varies.</p> <p>17 Q Let me ask you this: You have produced a</p> <p>18 voluminous report, general report, in this</p> <p>19 litigation. Can you tell me how long it took you to</p> <p>20 prepare that?</p> <p>21 A I've been reviewing documents since</p> <p>22 February of 2010. I've been working on writing the</p> <p>23 report since perhaps 2011. It's been a -- not a</p> <p>24 continuous process but a process of evolution.</p> <p>25 Q Was there a point in time that you</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 65</p> <p>1 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>2 Q Have you written documents for Mr. Slater</p> <p>3 other than drafts of this report?</p> <p>4 MR. SLATER: Don't answer the</p> <p>5 question.</p> <p>6 She's not going to testify about</p> <p>7 drafts. Remember, we've served multiple</p> <p>8 supplemental reports, so --</p> <p>9 MS. JONES: I thought I made it clear</p> <p>10 that I wasn't asking about drafts. I'm asking</p> <p>11 whether or not there has been anything else prepared</p> <p>12 that are not drafts.</p> <p>13 MR. SLATER: My position is whatever</p> <p>14 my expert's been providing to me is work product.</p> <p>15 Because she may not understand the difference and</p> <p>16 may make a mistake in how she speaks about it, I'm</p> <p>17 just not going to have her testifying about what she</p> <p>18 provided me. My position is what she was providing</p> <p>19 to me were draft reports, formulations of draft</p> <p>20 reports. And that's my position.</p> <p>21 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>22 Q Have you sent any written documents to</p> <p>23 anyone other than Mr. Slater?</p> <p>24 MR. SLATER: When you say</p> <p>25 "Mr. Slater," you mean me or my associates</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 66</p> <p>1 obviously; right?</p> <p>2 MS. JONES: Yeah.</p> <p>3 THE WITNESS: No.</p> <p>4 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>5 Q Have you met any of the other plaintiffs'</p> <p>6 lawyers involved in this litigation?</p> <p>7 A No.</p> <p>8 MR. SLATER: In fairness, the guy you</p> <p>9 met today is a plaintiff lawyer.</p> <p>10 THE WITNESS: Oh.</p> <p>11 MR. SLATER: Jeff Grand is a</p> <p>12 plaintiff lawyer.</p> <p>13 THE WITNESS: Oh, I beg your pardon.</p> <p>14 MS. JONES: Just for the record, so</p> <p>15 that the record is clear, the notice of the</p> <p>16 deposition is marked as Exhibit 1218.</p> <p>17 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>18 Q Have you provided any written documents to</p> <p>19 counsel other than drafts of your report and</p> <p>20 invoices?</p> <p>21 MR. SLATER: My position is the same.</p> <p>22 That was the question you asked. I'm taking the</p> <p>23 same position. You're not asking like did she send</p> <p>24 me a medical article or something, you're talking</p> <p>25 about things that she authored; correct? I mean, I</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 68</p> <p>1 A Rachel Zimmerman.</p> <p>2 Q Other than Rachel Zimmerman, have you</p> <p>3 given other interviews relating to the use of mesh</p> <p>4 in pelvic surgeries?</p> <p>5 A No.</p> <p>6 Q Have you ever given any interview on TV or</p> <p>7 film or anywhere where you've appeared personally?</p> <p>8 A No.</p> <p>9 Q Have you participated in any clinical</p> <p>10 trials since you left Magee in 2006?</p> <p>11 A I continued to work with NIH until 2008.</p> <p>12 Q And you were the program manager there;</p> <p>13 correct?</p> <p>14 A Yes.</p> <p>15 Q But in terms of actually performing the</p> <p>16 surgery or prescribing the Botox, for example, that</p> <p>17 was done by doctors in the network and not you; am I</p> <p>18 right?</p> <p>19 A Yes.</p> <p>20 Q Have you written anything, Doctor, about</p> <p>21 mesh that's not shown on your CV, other than</p> <p>22 obviously the reports in this litigation?</p> <p>23 A Written for publication do you mean?</p> <p>24 Q Well, written for publication, yes. Have</p> <p>25 you written anything for publication that's not on</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 67</p> <p>1 have no problem with you asking did she ever send me</p> <p>2 an article or something she found, but in terms of</p> <p>3 things that she wrote, my position is that's work</p> <p>4 product, that's my interaction with my expert. And</p> <p>5 I would accord you the same position as well.</p> <p>6 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>7 Q Have you sent to Mr. Slater information</p> <p>8 that you gleaned from any independent research?</p> <p>9 A For example, if I came across an article</p> <p>10 in medical literature that I wasn't sure Adam had</p> <p>11 seen yet, I would forward it to him.</p> <p>12 Q Have you sent anything other than medical</p> <p>13 articles to him?</p> <p>14 A I can't think of anything else right now.</p> <p>15 Q Have you given any interviews about this</p> <p>16 litigation?</p> <p>17 A No.</p> <p>18 MR. SLATER: About the litigation in</p> <p>19 particular?</p> <p>20 MS. JONES: Uh-huh.</p> <p>21 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>22 Q When is the last time you gave an</p> <p>23 interview about pelvic mesh?</p> <p>24 A I believe it was last fall.</p> <p>25 Q And to whom did you talk?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 69</p> <p>1 your CV?</p> <p>2 A No.</p> <p>3 Q Have you written anything that has been</p> <p>4 submitted to any third party that's not on your CV?</p> <p>5 A No.</p> <p>6 Q Let me give you an example. You've never</p> <p>7 written anything to any of the medical schools or</p> <p>8 training programs with respect to your opinions on</p> <p>9 mesh?</p> <p>10 A No.</p> <p>11 Q I think you've already said that you had</p> <p>12 not submitted anything to the FDA, for example?</p> <p>13 A Correct.</p> <p>14 Q Am I correct, Doctor, that you never used</p> <p>15 or implanted Prolift®?</p> <p>16 A That is correct.</p> <p>17 Q Am I correct that you never used or</p> <p>18 implanted Gynemesh® PS?</p> <p>19 A That I can't say for sure since I am not</p> <p>20 sure what mesh I used in abdominal sacrocolpopexy.</p> <p>21 Q Did you ever use any mesh that you</p> <p>22 actually cut and modified into shape in the course</p> <p>23 of your surgeries?</p> <p>24 A Are you referring to transvaginal</p> <p>25 placement?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 70</p> <p>1 Q Well, let me just see if I can do this.</p> <p>2 Did you ever perform any transvaginal placement of</p> <p>3 mesh in any surgery?</p> <p>4 A Yes.</p> <p>5 Q What types of surgery did you perform</p> <p>6 involving transvaginal placement of mesh?</p> <p>7 A TVT®.</p> <p>8 Q And when you used the TVT®, did you use</p> <p>9 Ethicon's TVT®?</p> <p>10 A Yes.</p> <p>11 Q And can you tell me when you began using</p> <p>12 Ethicon's TVT®?</p> <p>13 A When I was at the Cleveland Clinic. That</p> <p>14 was just beginning to be available.</p> <p>15 Q My recollection is that TVT® became</p> <p>16 available in 1998. Would you have been using it</p> <p>17 about that time?</p> <p>18 A No, I don't think so. I think it would --</p> <p>19 my recollection it is closer to the time I left the</p> <p>20 clinic. And then when I joined Magee-Womens</p> <p>21 Hospital, I did not use TVT®.</p> <p>22 Q Had you used anything before you used</p> <p>23 TVT®?</p> <p>24 A In terms of a mesh product --</p> <p>25 Q Yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 72</p> <p>1 with me.</p> <p>2 If we look at your professional</p> <p>3 experience, you show on there 2008 till present the</p> <p>4 International Academy of Pelvic Surgery. And we've</p> <p>5 already spoken about that. As I recollect and</p> <p>6 understand, your role is to summarize, if you will,</p> <p>7 the current medical literature on urogynecology?</p> <p>8 A Let me clarify. I select a topic when --</p> <p>9 once I've looked at the medical literature and if an</p> <p>10 article of interest has been recently published, I</p> <p>11 may select that and then a handful of other articles</p> <p>12 on that topic. So it's theme-based. And then I</p> <p>13 critically review the articles I've selected and</p> <p>14 provide a summary and a clinical take-home message</p> <p>15 for the audience.</p> <p>16 Q Do you do that once a month?</p> <p>17 A Once a month.</p> <p>18 Q And when you say that you provide the</p> <p>19 clinical information and take-home article, that</p> <p>20 would be written and posted on the website?</p> <p>21 A Correct.</p> <p>22 Q And are those writings and opinions</p> <p>23 attributed to you specifically?</p> <p>24 A Yes.</p> <p>25 Q So if we do a search, for example, of the</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 71</p> <p>1 A -- for stress incontinence? No.</p> <p>2 Q Do you have any recollection of using any</p> <p>3 sling product other than a TVT® for urinary</p> <p>4 incontinence?</p> <p>5 A No.</p> <p>6 Q At any time?</p> <p>7 A No.</p> <p>8 (Exhibit No. 1219 was marked for</p> <p>9 identification.)</p> <p>10 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>11 Q I'm going to show you, Doctor, what I've</p> <p>12 marked as Exhibit 1219, which is a copy of your CV</p> <p>13 that we were provided. I'd like to ask you whether</p> <p>14 or not this is current.</p> <p>15 A Yes, this is current.</p> <p>16 Q Do you have any publications that are in</p> <p>17 process?</p> <p>18 A No.</p> <p>19 Q You don't have any that you've submitted,</p> <p>20 for example, that you're waiting to hear on</p> <p>21 acceptance?</p> <p>22 A Correct.</p> <p>23 Q What I want to do is talk with you about</p> <p>24 your CV a little bit. We covered some of this so</p> <p>25 I'm going to jump around a little bit. Just bear</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 73</p> <p>1 website, we would be able to find all of the</p> <p>2 comments that you had written over a period of time?</p> <p>3 A Yes. And I would like to add that you</p> <p>4 won't find anything for the past two or three months</p> <p>5 because I have devoted my time to preparing for this</p> <p>6 and the trial. So I haven't done it continuously</p> <p>7 except for the past two or three months.</p> <p>8 Q When you said you devoted yourself to</p> <p>9 preparing for this and the trial, what have you</p> <p>10 done?</p> <p>11 A I've continued to review documents. I've</p> <p>12 read deposition testimony. I have continued to</p> <p>13 produce the supplemental reports. I've read the</p> <p>14 reports of the defense and plaintiffs' experts.</p> <p>15 Q And I know that we're going to get</p> <p>16 presumably the disclosure here, but can you tell me</p> <p>17 on a just daily or weekly basis how much of your</p> <p>18 time that's taken?</p> <p>19 A It varies. Would you like to restrict</p> <p>20 that to a time frame and perhaps I can answer you</p> <p>21 more accurately?</p> <p>22 Q Well, you said that the last two or three</p> <p>23 months you had devoted most of your time to working</p> <p>24 on this case. And I'm just trying to get a sense of</p> <p>25 whether that's 40 hours a week and you're working,</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 74</p> <p>1 you know, a typical day or it's, you know, three 2 hours one week and 40 hours the next week. 3 A I would say over the last couple of months 4 it's been more steady. Let me think for a minute 5 and I'll do my best to give you a weekly estimate. 6 I would estimate a range of between 25 to 7 30 hours a week. 8 Q Other than these review articles, themes 9 that you write for the International Academy of 10 Pelvic Surgery, have you written other materials for 11 that group? 12 A No. 13 Q You also show that you were a freelance 14 editor for The Medical Editor. What is The Medical 15 Editor? 16 A That is a service run by Carl Richmond, as 17 you can see, who accepts typically manuscripts from 18 scientists all over the world who pay for editing 19 services to improve the clarity, the grammar, the 20 spelling, make it consistent with the journal's 21 requirements. 22 Q And as a freelance editor for that group, 23 I assume that the way it would work is periodically 24 they would send you a paper and you would edit it 25 and send it back?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 76</p> <p>1 three-quarters time. 2 Q Let me see if I can put it in this 3 perspective. When you say "three-quarters time," 4 does that mean that you might be spending as much as 5 30 hours a week doing that? 6 A Correct. 7 Q And during that same period of time, you 8 also have listed BioScience Writers. Were you doing 9 the same thing for that group? 10 A Similar. A wider range of documents. 11 When I was working with The Medical Editor, that was 12 almost exclusively academic manuscripts. The 13 documents with BioScience Writers was a wider range 14 of documents. 15 Q When you're talking about academic 16 manuscripts, are you talking about the manuscripts 17 that are being written by academicians or are they 18 written for academicians? 19 A Both. 20 Q How do you define academic manuscripts? 21 A A manuscript that's intended to be 22 published in a peer-reviewed publication. 23 Q And I take it then that the BioScience 24 Writers might or might not be headed for peer-review 25 publication but perhaps would be for some popular or</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 75</p> <p>1 A Correct. 2 Q In the course of that, was it limited to 3 any particular field? 4 A No. 5 Q So this is not necessarily 6 urogynecology-related? 7 A Correct. 8 Q How many papers approximately have you 9 edited for The Medical Editor? 10 A Hundreds. 11 Q One hundred? 12 A Hundreds. 13 Q Hundreds. I take it that you no longer do 14 that? 15 A Correct. 16 Q How were you compensated for that? Were 17 you on a salary? I assume as a freelance editor you 18 were compensated on the basis of each paper? 19 A Hourly. 20 Q So if it took you ten hours to edit, you 21 would be paid a certain amount by the hour? 22 A Correct. 23 Q And when you say that you had done 24 hundreds, was that essentially a full-time position? 25 A Perhaps not full time. Perhaps</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 77</p> <p>1 industry trade publication? 2 A Not necessarily, not necessarily for 3 publication. Grant applications, things like that. 4 Q And, again, it would not be limited to 5 urogynecology? 6 A Correct. 7 Q In none of these positions after 2007 up 8 to date have you been engaged in doing any original 9 research; is that correct? 10 A The last publication I have in terms of 11 original research was published last year, in 2011. 12 So that was something I was involved in leading up 13 to 2011. 14 Q Well -- 15 A Can I correct something? Because I 16 realize I've been speaking of my time at NIH as if 17 it went through 2008, but it really ended at the end 18 of 2007 before going into 2008. 19 Q Okay. What is the publication that you're 20 referring to in 2011? 21 A It's on Page 6 of 25, the first one. 22 Q This is the reanalysis of the randomized 23 trial? 24 A Correct. 25 Q That randomized trial was actually done</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 78</p> <p>1 about 2000, wasn't it?</p> <p>2 A Approximately.</p> <p>3 Q I'm not sure exactly. My recollection is</p> <p>4 that you published the results of that in 2001; is</p> <p>5 that right?</p> <p>6 A I think that's correct, yes.</p> <p>7 Q So the trial itself was actually conducted</p> <p>8 in the late '90s, early 2000?</p> <p>9 A Correct.</p> <p>10 Q And this reanalysis was done after you</p> <p>11 were retained as an expert in this litigation?</p> <p>12 A Correct.</p> <p>13 Q Have you published other materials since</p> <p>14 you were engaged as an expert in this litigation?</p> <p>15 A In the nonpeer-reviewed literature, yes.</p> <p>16 Q Can you identify for me what those</p> <p>17 publications are?</p> <p>18 A Page 13 of 25. These are in reverse</p> <p>19 chronological order so that would be, let's see, I</p> <p>20 guess just the first two.</p> <p>21 Q Do you remember whether or not you had</p> <p>22 already been contacted by plaintiffs' counsel when</p> <p>23 you wrote commercial pressures and professional</p> <p>24 ethics revisions to the ACOG practice bulletins?</p> <p>25 A I don't remember.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 80</p> <p>1 floor disorders, how did that come about? I mean,</p> <p>2 how did you get involved with that program?</p> <p>3 A In the late 1990s the professional</p> <p>4 organizations, the leaders of our professional</p> <p>5 organizations, met with the leaders at NIH to</p> <p>6 discuss the lack of high-quality research in female</p> <p>7 pelvic floor disorders. And with that encouragement</p> <p>8 NIH created a position in the National Institute of</p> <p>9 Child Health and Human Development to develop a</p> <p>10 specific research program devoted to female pelvic</p> <p>11 floor disorders. And at one of our professional</p> <p>12 meetings the director of the NICHD at that time,</p> <p>13 Duane Alexander, came and spoke to the group and</p> <p>14 announced that this position was available. So I</p> <p>15 applied and I was selected.</p> <p>16 Q Were you in the group that went initially</p> <p>17 to discuss this program with the NIH?</p> <p>18 A No.</p> <p>19 Q Do you know who was?</p> <p>20 A The only person I can remember is Richard</p> <p>21 Bump.</p> <p>22 Q As I recall, what you said was that the</p> <p>23 leadership of the professional organization went.</p> <p>24 Was that the leadership of ACOG or was it --</p> <p>25 A No, not ACOG. I believe it was the</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 79</p> <p>1 Q You certainly by the time that you had</p> <p>2 written that had addressed and made comments with</p> <p>3 respect to lawyer advertising with respect to pelvic</p> <p>4 mesh surgeries, hadn't you?</p> <p>5 A I'm sorry?</p> <p>6 Q By this point in time you certainly were</p> <p>7 aware and eventually wrote about lawyer advertising</p> <p>8 related to the use of mesh in pelvic floor repairs,</p> <p>9 didn't you?</p> <p>10 A I'm not familiar with what you're</p> <p>11 referring to. Can you show me that?</p> <p>12 Q We might get to it. You don't remember</p> <p>13 that?</p> <p>14 A I said I'm not familiar with what you're</p> <p>15 referring to.</p> <p>16 Q You do remember seeing lawyer advertising</p> <p>17 with respect to mesh being used in pelvic floor</p> <p>18 repair surgeries, don't you?</p> <p>19 A Yes.</p> <p>20 Q And that you saw that early on after the</p> <p>21 2008 public health notice?</p> <p>22 A I don't remember specifically.</p> <p>23 Q If we look at the next entry on your CV</p> <p>24 where you said you were medical officer or the</p> <p>25 program director for research for female pelvic</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 81</p> <p>1 American Urogynecologic Society and the Society of</p> <p>2 Gynecologic Surgeons.</p> <p>3 Q And when you were selected to run that</p> <p>4 program, what instructions were you given by the NIH</p> <p>5 in terms of what they expected, what was going to be</p> <p>6 done?</p> <p>7 A They wanted to develop several initiatives</p> <p>8 to solicit investigator -- I'm sorry -- to solicit</p> <p>9 applications from investigators in the field.</p> <p>10 Because there hadn't been dedicated NIH funding for</p> <p>11 female pelvic floor disorders in the past,</p> <p>12 investigators would have a very high level of</p> <p>13 competition to obtain NIH funding. So part of my</p> <p>14 job was to develop these initiatives to solicit</p> <p>15 applications from the investigators in the field to</p> <p>16 let them know that NIH is concerned about the lack</p> <p>17 of high-quality research in this field and is</p> <p>18 dedicating research funding to advance the science.</p> <p>19 And those are called requests for applications. And</p> <p>20 they're posted with a deadline. And then the</p> <p>21 applications come in, are reviewed, and depending on</p> <p>22 the limits of the funding, several are selected for</p> <p>23 funding.</p> <p>24 So we had an initiative focused on basic</p> <p>25 science research in female pelvic floor disorders,</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 82</p> <p>1 epidemiological research, and then for clinical 2 research we established the clinical trials network, 3 the pelvic floor disorders network, which also went 4 out as a request for applications specifically for 5 the investigative sites and also for the data 6 coordinating center for investigators to submit 7 applications and be selected for participation. 8 Q And the way I understand NIH works is you 9 post, for example, a request for application and 10 then an investigator, a doctor, would submit a 11 proposal in which he says I'd like to do a study, 12 basically submits the protocol or grant request, I'd 13 like to do a study involving these issues, these 14 number of patients, and this outcome, and the NIH 15 and then presumably you would look at that proposal 16 and protocol and say this looks like a good study 17 and I'm going to give him the money to conduct it? 18 A It's a little -- 19 Q I know that's simplified. 20 A Yes. 21 Q But am I essentially correct? 22 A The main difference is the review 23 committee is independent of the NIH staff. There 24 are standing committees and then for the RFA 25 specifically we call an ad hoc committee to review</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 84</p> <p>1 Q And when you noted that you were the 2 clinical monitor, that you would review adverse 3 reports, you obviously were not a blinded 4 investigator here, were you? 5 A Perhaps I misunderstood the question. 6 With the clinical monitor, who is one person, and 7 the safety monitor, who is another person, from the 8 data coordinating center, we would review the 9 adverse events. And those were blinded. The data 10 were blinded to us as we reviewed the adverse 11 events. 12 Q Okay. And was that then a review of all 13 of those and all of the different clinical trials 14 that were being sponsored at the time? 15 A Correct. 16 Q When you were doing this and acting as the 17 medical officer program director, how much time did 18 you spend in that capacity? 19 A That changed over the years. When I began 20 in 1999, it was 25 percent. And then it increased. 21 I believe when I left Cleveland to go to Pittsburgh, 22 it increased to 50 percent. When I stopped my 23 surgery practice, it went to 75 percent. And then 24 when I left Magee-Womens Hospital altogether, it 25 went to a hundred percent.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 83</p> <p>1 the applications, they're scored, and then based on 2 the score is the typical way that funding decisions 3 are made. 4 Q All right. So you didn't yourself then 5 personally make those funding decisions? 6 A Correct. 7 Q You had an ad hoc committee that would 8 have reviewed all of them and decided which ones 9 would be the most appropriate for funding? 10 A Yes. As I said, they would score them and 11 then obviously we would rank them by score. We have 12 input, depending on what we see as the greatest need 13 in the field, but generally the funding decisions go 14 very strongly by score. 15 Q And then once a study is funded, you as 16 the program director would monitor that study and 17 receive reports, interim reports, in the context of 18 the study? 19 A Correct. 20 Q You note on your CV that you were involved 21 with the investigational new drug trial. Is that 22 the Botox -- 23 A Correct. 24 Q -- trial you referenced earlier? 25 A Yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 85</p> <p>1 Q And you left the hospital in the end of 2 2005, so you had a two-year period that it was a 3 hundred percent of the time? 4 A Close. I believe I left Magee in May of 5 2006. 6 Q I'm sorry. I think you probably said that 7 and I -- 8 A Yeah, in the range of a year and a half. 9 Q And when you said that it became a hundred 10 percent of your time, did you spend more and more 11 time there or was it just a hundred percent of the 12 time because you no longer had the obligations at 13 Magee? 14 A The latter. 15 Q So would it be fair to say that the amount 16 of time, not the percentage of time but the amount 17 of time that you spent as program director basically 18 remained the same over the entire period of time? 19 A No, no. It increased. 20 Q Okay. But it didn't increase -- this is 21 what I'm trying to say: After you left Magee, it 22 remained the same? 23 A No. It went from 75 percent to 24 100 percent. 25 Q I know. I think that's where we</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 86</p> <p>1 miscommunicated a minute ago, because I thought you 2 told me it went to a hundred percent of your time 3 because you were no longer working at Magee but it 4 didn't mean extra time. Do you see the difference 5 that I'm saying? 6 A No. 7 Q Okay. It's one thing to say I'm spending 8 75 of my time on this and 25 percent of my time at 9 Magee, but if that 25 percent of the time at Magee 10 goes away and you're only working at NIH, then it 11 becomes a hundred percent of the time but it doesn't 12 necessarily mean more time. And I thought that was 13 what you told me had happened. And I may have 14 misunderstood. 15 A I am not sure what you're asking. I'm 16 sorry. 17 Q All right. Let me see if I can do it this 18 way: When you were at Magee and you said you were 19 spending 75 percent of your time working as the 20 program director -- correct? 21 A Yes. 22 Q -- how much time was that? 23 A You know, these time calculations are 24 artificial. 25 Q I understand. I'm just asking for you to</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 88</p> <p>1 stands for. But it is an arrangement between the 2 NIH and my institution to account for a certain 3 percentage of my time that I'm not spending working 4 for the institution, the Cleveland Clinic at that 5 time. 6 Q So the arrangement was really between the 7 NIH and the Cleveland Clinic for your time? 8 A Correct. 9 Q And did the same thing hold true with 10 respect to Magee when you moved to Magee? 11 A Correct. 12 Q And at that point in time it changed from 13 25 percent to 50 percent? 14 A Correct. 15 Q And at what point in time did it change to 16 75 percent? 17 A When I discontinued my surgical practice. 18 Q At the end of 2004? 19 A Yes, I believe that was the fall of 2004. 20 Q You said that you left Magee-Womens 21 Hospital in June of 2006? 22 A I believe it was May. 23 Q And why did you leave the hospital at that 24 time? 25 A I wanted to be able to devote all my time</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 87</p> <p>1 give me an estimate. You know, did you spend 30 2 hours a week on it? 3 MR. SLATER: If you can reasonably 4 estimate it. If you find it to be a guess, she 5 doesn't want you to just guess at something. 6 THE WITNESS: It would be probably in 7 the range of 50 to 60 hours a week. 8 BY MS. JONES: 9 Q A week? That would have been what you 10 were spending in 2005? 11 A No. In 2006, after I -- no, no. I'm 12 sorry. You're correct. You're correct. 13 Q That's what were spending in 2005. What 14 did you spend in 2006? 15 A Probably 60 to 80. 16 Q Bear with me. I know I'm repeating 17 myself. When you started this, you initially were 18 at the Cleveland Clinic; correct? 19 A Correct. 20 Q And at that point in time you were 21 spending about 25 percent of your time there? 22 A Correct. 23 Q Did you have a contract with the NIH? 24 A They have a mechanism that's called IPA. 25 What's that stand for? I don't remember what that</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 89</p> <p>1 to the NIH work. And I can expand on that a little 2 if you like. I came to Magee with the specific idea 3 of developing a new fellowship program in female 4 pelvic medicine and reconstructive surgery, which is 5 a long name that's been given to our subspecialty 6 of urogynecology. And I accomplished that and we 7 graduated several fellows and it was running along 8 very smoothly, so I felt that it was safe to carry 9 on with the faculty that were in place and I could 10 then devote myself to the NIH. 11 Q When you went to Magee, at the time that 12 you went there, there was no fellowship program? 13 A Correct. 14 Q Did you actually have to go out and hire 15 or retain, bring in other faculty members for that 16 residency program? 17 MR. SLATER: Fellowship program? 18 MS. JONES: I mean fellowship 19 program. 20 THE WITNESS: Not at that time. As 21 we -- it's a three-year fellowship. So we obtained 22 a fellow, the first fellow, in the first year, so 23 there was one fellow; a second fellow in the second 24 year, so there were two fellows; and a third fellow 25 in the third year, so there were three fellows. So</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 90</p> <p>1 we had the full complement of three fellows. 2 At that time when we had three 3 fellows, then staff were added to increase the 4 exposure of the fellows to clinical practice and 5 research, for example, things that were important in 6 their fellowship. 7 Q Did you ever have more than one fellow per 8 year -- 9 A No. 10 Q -- in the fellowship program? 11 A Oh, I take that back. No. At one time we 12 did have two fellows in one year. It occurred with 13 a graduating resident that everyone was -- 14 graduating from the residency at Magee-Womens 15 Hospital that everyone was very impressed with so we 16 decided to keep her as well as the fellow who we had 17 already arranged to keep -- or, you know, take on. 18 Q And even though you were the director of 19 that fellowship program, I assume other faculty 20 members and other surgeons were involved in the 21 training of those fellows as well? 22 A Correct. 23 Q In other words, you weren't the sole 24 person that was there responsible for ensuring that 25 they were trained?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 92</p> <p>1 2004. So then I would expect we received 2 certification in 2003. That's Page 5 on the bottom. 3 Q Okay. In this fellowship program, 4 although you did not use transvaginal implanted mesh 5 in your surgeries, did other surgeons at Magee use 6 transvaginal mesh? 7 A To the best of my recollection, at or 8 around the time I was leaving that was beginning to 9 happen. 10 Q At or about the time you were leaving in 11 2006? 12 A Correct. 13 Q At the time that you were there, were 14 slings being used for urinary incontinence? 15 A To what type of sling are you referring? 16 Q Well, were mesh slings being used? 17 A No. 18 Q Was any mesh used at Pittsburgh other than 19 for abdominal sacrocolpopexy? 20 A Not to my recollection, except as I just 21 said, toward the time I was leaving. 22 Q And toward the time that you were leaving, 23 what were the surgeons there beginning to use? 24 A I don't remember. 25 Q Were the residents trained on how to</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 91</p> <p>1 A Correct. 2 Q In the course of developing this program, 3 though, would you be responsible for developing the 4 curriculum, I guess, in terms of what they should be 5 taught? 6 A Yes, in a specific sense. In a general 7 sense the American Board of Obstetrics and 8 Gynecology, which is our certifying organization, 9 provided a general outline of the topics that the 10 fellows should be taught. And then we filled in the 11 specifics of exactly how they were going to obtain 12 that knowledge. 13 Q And did there come a point in time at 14 which ACOG actually certified that fellowship? 15 A The American Board of Obstetrics and 16 Gynecology, two different -- yeah, ACOG is the 17 professional organization. 18 Q I apologize. 19 A Yes. 20 Q And when was that? 21 A Let me just glance at my CV and see when 22 we graduated the first fellow, because she came 23 under the certification. It's a process, as I'm 24 sure you can understand. 25 Okay. So our first fellow graduated in</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 93</p> <p>1 perform surgeries to correct urinary incontinence? 2 A The fellows; yes. 3 Q The fellows. I'm sorry. 4 And what surgeries were they trained on? 5 A Slings. 6 Q What types of slings? 7 A Rectus fascia slings, cadaveric fascia 8 slings, string slings. 9 Q They were not trained on any mesh 10 products? 11 A Not to my recollection. 12 Q And can you tell me what training they 13 received with respect to the other types of pelvic 14 organ prolapse surgery? 15 A Yes. Abdominal sacrocolpopexy, 16 uterosacral ligament fixation and sacrospinous 17 ligament fixation for apical prolapse, anterior and 18 posterior colporrhaphy for anterior and posterior 19 vaginal prolapse, paravaginal repair for anterior 20 vaginal prolapse. 21 Q And were there any procedures in place to 22 evaluate the competencies of the fellows in 23 performing each of those surgeries? 24 A Yes. 25 Q Tell me how you do that.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 94</p> <p>1 A When the fellows were on surgical 2 rotations, each faculty member on a monthly basis -- 3 they rotated on a monthly basis. So at the end of 4 each month's rotation the faculty would provide to 5 me, as the fellowship director, an evaluation of the 6 fellows' progress in learning how to perform the 7 surgeries.</p> <p>8 As the fellows progressed through their 9 fellowship and we saw them evolve in their level of 10 skill and experience, we then arranged the surgeries 11 in such a way that the faculty member was the second 12 assistant, the fellow was the first assistant, and 13 the resident, the senior resident, was the primary 14 operating surgeon. And in that way the fellows 15 would also learn how to teach.</p> <p>16 Q Your fellowship program was, you've 17 already said, certified under the American Board of 18 Obstetrics and Gynecology; correct?</p> <p>19 A Correct.</p> <p>20 Q Is it a fair statement that the fellows in 21 your program were doctors who had completed training 22 as OB-GYNs?</p> <p>23 A That wasn't a requirement. They could 24 also have graduated from training in urology. 25 Typically they are residents who applied for a</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 96</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q Regardless of the form, whether it's 3 colporrhaphy or sacrocolpopexy, it can be difficult 4 surgery --</p> <p>5 A It can be.</p> <p>6 Q -- for a doctor?</p> <p>7 It is the type of surgery that generally 8 is best performed in the hands of a specialist; is 9 that fair?</p> <p>10 MR. SLATER: Objection. 11 You can answer.</p> <p>12 THE WITNESS: I wouldn't want to make 13 an across-the-board statement agreeing with that. I 14 think in terms of a general philosophy I would agree 15 with that. And certainly the American Board of 16 Obstetrics and Gynecology agreed with that since 17 they created the subspecialty of female pelvic 18 medicine and reconstructive surgery.</p> <p>19 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>20 Q And it is the specialists, whether they 21 come from a gynecological background or a urological 22 background, that generally perform that surgery?</p> <p>23 A I don't know if I can say that on a 24 nationwide basis. 25 And I would like to correct one thing now</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 95</p> <p>1 program, had graduated -- or were going to graduate 2 from residencies in obstetrics and gynecology.</p> <p>3 Q Did residents in OB-GYN at Pittsburgh do 4 pelvic floor repair surgeries?</p> <p>5 A Yes; under the supervision of the faculty.</p> <p>6 Q So as residents they were taught, for 7 example, to do abdominal sacrocolpopexy?</p> <p>8 A Yes, in -- it depends on the difficulty of 9 the case. The attending physician would make a 10 decision as to whether that was a fellow case or a 11 resident case or both.</p> <p>12 Q But is that one of the surgeries that you 13 would have expected a resident to be trained on 14 during the course of a residency in obstetrics and 15 gynecology?</p> <p>16 A Again, it depends. Some residents have 17 already decided on their future career path. They 18 may decide to go into maternal-fetal medicine or 19 reproductive endocrinology and infertility. And in 20 that situation it is not a good use of surgical 21 teaching to teach those residents how to perform 22 that surgery. That's not going to be part of their 23 clinical practice when they graduate.</p> <p>24 Q Pelvic floor repair surgery is fairly 25 complex surgery, is it not?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 97</p> <p>1 that you mentioned urology, because this fellowship 2 was actually jointly boarded, if you will, by the 3 American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology and the 4 American Board of Urology. What would typically 5 happen in a case like ours as a urogynecologist, the 6 American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology would 7 certify my program and the American Board of Urology 8 would certify programs that were led by urologists.</p> <p>9 Q At the time that you were organizing this 10 fellowship in Pittsburgh, how many fellowship 11 programs were there in the United States?</p> <p>12 A I believe there were 17.</p> <p>13 Q And that's 17 programs for urogynecology 14 in general, whether it's the American Board of 15 Obstetrics and Gynecology and the American Board of 16 Urology?</p> <p>17 A I believe that's correct.</p> <p>18 Q So if there were 17 programs, for example, 19 you would generally be training someplace between 50 20 and 60 fellows a year in this surgery?</p> <p>21 A Collectively. Of course, they only 22 graduate one at a time.</p> <p>23 Q Right.</p> <p>24 A Yes. But at any given moment there may be 25 something like 50 in training at some level between</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 98</p> <p>1 the first and the third year.</p> <p>2 Q It's a fairly small group of folks that</p> <p>3 are trained on an annual basis?</p> <p>4 A It's growing. It's new. But, yes, it is</p> <p>5 small.</p> <p>6 Q Do you know how many fellowship programs</p> <p>7 there are today?</p> <p>8 A I don't.</p> <p>9 Q At the time that you were at Magee, from</p> <p>10 2001 to 2004, you were spending about 50 percent of</p> <p>11 your time as the program director for the female</p> <p>12 pelvic floor disorders; correct?</p> <p>13 A Yes.</p> <p>14 Q And then 50 percent of your time would</p> <p>15 have been spent as the program director for the</p> <p>16 fellowship program?</p> <p>17 A In addition to my clinical practice and my</p> <p>18 clinical research, yes.</p> <p>19 Q And that's what I want to get to. Can you</p> <p>20 tell me how your time was broken down during that</p> <p>21 time period?</p> <p>22 A Well, I had one day in surgery. I think I</p> <p>23 had one and a half days in the office. And that</p> <p>24 would leave, say, a half a day roughly for my</p> <p>25 responsibilities as the program director of the</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 100</p> <p>1 sacrocolpopexy tends to address those things.</p> <p>2 Working vaginally doing a colporrhaphy, it would be</p> <p>3 unlikely to address all of the patient's problems so</p> <p>4 it would be a combination of procedures.</p> <p>5 Q Is abdominal sacrocolpopexy the only</p> <p>6 abdominal surgery you performed?</p> <p>7 A Well, for prolapse, yes.</p> <p>8 Q Did you perform it for other conditions?</p> <p>9 A Retropubic colposuspension, Burch</p> <p>10 colposuspension for incontinence.</p> <p>11 Q Anything else?</p> <p>12 A No. Oh, excuse me. Paravaginal repair</p> <p>13 can also be performed usually in conjunction with a</p> <p>14 Burch.</p> <p>15 Q And do you have any idea during that</p> <p>16 period of time how many Burch procedures you</p> <p>17 performed?</p> <p>18 A Well, at Magee I was more likely to</p> <p>19 perform a sling. That was the experience of the</p> <p>20 faculty group. I should add that at that time we</p> <p>21 were participating in a clinical trial that was run</p> <p>22 through the urinary incontinence treatment network,</p> <p>23 which was also an NIH-funded network that I worked</p> <p>24 with. I didn't lead that one, but I worked with</p> <p>25 them. That was funded by the National Institute of</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 99</p> <p>1 fellowship.</p> <p>2 Q When you say you had a day and a half in</p> <p>3 the office, was that a day and a half of clinical</p> <p>4 care in the office?</p> <p>5 A Yes.</p> <p>6 Q And can you tell me at that point was your</p> <p>7 practice here restricted to urogynecology?</p> <p>8 A Yes.</p> <p>9 Q And were those patients that were referred</p> <p>10 to the institution with pelvic floor disorders or</p> <p>11 urinary incontinence or other issues?</p> <p>12 A They could be referred by other doctors.</p> <p>13 They could refer themselves in, self-referrals.</p> <p>14 Q And we talked a little bit about your</p> <p>15 surgical practice, but there you would have had one</p> <p>16 day of surgery a week from 2001 to 2004?</p> <p>17 A Correct.</p> <p>18 Q And during that time do you have any idea,</p> <p>19 Doctor, how many abdominal sacrocolpopexies you</p> <p>20 performed?</p> <p>21 A That would be relatively uncommon. Maybe,</p> <p>22 if I'm guessing six per year, three years, 15 to 20.</p> <p>23 Q And how many colporrhaphies?</p> <p>24 A Well, again, unusual to come across a</p> <p>25 patient who needed a single -- see, abdominal</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 101</p> <p>1 Diabetes, Digestive Diseases, and Kidney, which is</p> <p>2 where urologic research funding comes from. And so</p> <p>3 we, "we" meaning the faculty in the urology and</p> <p>4 urogynecology divisions, were participating in a</p> <p>5 clinical trial comparing Burch and sling procedures</p> <p>6 for stress incontinence.</p> <p>7 Q And the slings that you were using were</p> <p>8 the cadaveric, the --</p> <p>9 A Rectus fascia and what are called string</p> <p>10 slings, if you're familiar with that terminology.</p> <p>11 Q And the string slings are what?</p> <p>12 A I'm basically using sutures anchored in</p> <p>13 periurethral tissue.</p> <p>14 Q Going back to my question trying to get an</p> <p>15 idea, I mean, granted that when you're talking about</p> <p>16 the vaginal surgeries and the colporrhaphy, for</p> <p>17 example, any of the other surgeries that you were</p> <p>18 doing, whether it's the colporrhaphy, the</p> <p>19 sacrospinal ligament fixation, all of those would</p> <p>20 involve vaginal surgery; correct?</p> <p>21 A Correct.</p> <p>22 Q And all of those would have involved a</p> <p>23 section of the vagina?</p> <p>24 A Correct.</p> <p>25 Q And I assume that you would say that as</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 102</p> <p>1 with colporrhaphy, any of the vaginal surgeries, 2 whether it be the sacrospinal ligament fixation or 3 others, would be more likely to be a combination 4 procedure than a stand-alone, separate procedure? 5 A Yes. 6 Q Recognizing that, can you give me an 7 approximation of, for example, the number of 8 colporrhaphies that you performed, whether or not 9 they were performed in conjunction with another 10 surgery? 11 A I would estimate something in the 12 neighborhood of 200 to 300 cases. 13 Q During the entire time that you were 14 there? 15 A At Magee-Womens Hospital. 16 Q At Magee. And the same question with 17 respect to the sacrospinal ligament fixation. 18 A Well, my preference was to perform the 19 uterosacral ligament fixation, unless there was a 20 special reason not to do that. So the sacrospinous 21 ligament fixation would be less common for me to 22 perform. 23 Q Divide the two, the uterine ligament 24 fixation versus the sacral, and tell me 25 approximately how many of each you would have done.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 104</p> <p>1 protocols that you used in the fellowship? 2 A I mean, there are several textbooks that 3 we used. Do you want me to try to list them? 4 Q Well, can you tell me what some of the 5 textbooks were that were used with respect to the 6 prolapse surgery? 7 A Well, for example, Mark Walters and Mickey 8 Karram have a textbook on Urogynecologic and 9 Reconstructive Surgery I believe is the title. 10 Q And were there others similar to that that 11 were used or recommended in the course of the 12 fellowship? 13 A There are some very classic gynecology 14 textbooks like Telinde's, atlases like Clifford 15 Wheelless'. I have a textbook in office 16 urogynecology. That's all I can think of at the 17 moment. I'm sure there are many more. 18 Q I really was just trying to get a feel for 19 the ones that you recollect might have been used or 20 referred to in the course of that fellowship program 21 there. 22 A Uh-huh. 23 Q So that represents the universe that you 24 can remember at this moment; is that correct? 25 A Correct.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 103</p> <p>1 A I would say probably 80 percent for the 2 uterosacral ligament suspension and 20 percent for 3 the sacrospinous ligament fixation. 4 Q And that 80 percent, what number would 5 that be roughly equivalent to? 6 A Yeah, that's really difficult to answer. 7 I could give you a guess as to the total number of 8 surgeries. But as to the breakdown as to whether 9 they needed an apical prolapse repair with an 10 anterior and posterior -- and/or posterior vaginal 11 repair... 12 Q Give me an approximation of the total. 13 A I think I did. Did I say 200 to 300? 14 Q Right. But I understood that was just 15 colporrhaphy. You're suggesting that that's the -- 16 A Oh, oh. Yes, yes. 17 Q That's the total? 18 A I meant that to be the total. 19 Q I'm sorry. I wasn't following. So that 20 would basically include over that roughly three-year 21 period at Magee you would have done 2 to 3 hundred 22 surgeries total? 23 A For prolapse, correct. 24 Q Okay. And while you were there at Magee, 25 were there any special textbooks or teaching</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 105</p> <p>1 Can we have another break? 2 MR. SLATER: Sure. 3 (Discussion off the record.) 4 (Luncheon recess taken from 12:41 5 p.m. to 1:52 p.m.) 6 BY MS. JONES: 7 Q Doctor, let me follow up with a couple of 8 questions about some of your testimony this morning. 9 You testified that most of the time when you did 10 pelvic floor repair surgery that you used a 11 combination of different techniques. 12 MR. SLATER: Objection. 13 You can answer. 14 THE WITNESS: No, I don't recall 15 saying that. I used a combination of different 16 procedures. 17 BY MS. JONES: 18 Q Fair enough. So that you would, for 19 example, use colporrhaphy together with utero 20 ligament suspension fixation, for example, or some 21 other procedure? 22 A Uterosacral ligament suspension, yes, for 23 apical prolapse if that was the patient's problem. 24 Q Why is it that you so often used a 25 combination of two procedures?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 106</p> <p>1 A It's the nature of the condition of 2 prolapse. 3 Q Explain that to me. 4 A As surgeons we artificially segment the 5 vagina into the apex, the anterior vagina, and the 6 posterior vagina. In reality the vagina is a 7 continuous tube. And when prolapse occurs, it's 8 more likely to occur in more than one of the 9 segments that we artificially designate than a 10 single segment. 11 Q And because it occurs in more than one of 12 those segments, it's necessary to do for optimal 13 repair more than one procedure? 14 A Correct. 15 Q And in addition to those procedures, you 16 would often also do a procedure for urinary 17 incontinence at the same time, would you not? 18 A For stress incontinence. 19 Q Stress incontinence. 20 A Again, if that was the woman's problem, 21 yes. 22 Q Understood. But stress incontinence often 23 happens in conjunction with prolapse, does it not? 24 A Correct. 25 Q And when you would do an abdominal</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 108</p> <p>1 A I would prefer not to guess. 2 Q Fair to say you don't remember whether it 3 was macroporous as opposed to microporous? 4 A Again, I would prefer not to guess. 5 Q And I assume that you don't know whether 6 it was polypropylene versus Gore-Tex® versus 7 Mersilene® or some other type of mesh? 8 A I would not have used Gore-Tex®. I am 9 doubtful I would have used Mersilene®. 10 Q I think you told us that it was not 11 partially absorbable? 12 A Correct. No, I didn't tell you that. 13 That was in the context of the CARE trial. 14 Q Okay. 15 A That was part of the study design. 16 Q Do you know whether or not you have used a 17 partially absorbable mesh? 18 A No, I did not. 19 Q But you don't know whether or not it was 20 polypropylene? 21 A I cannot say that with certainty. 22 Q When you were performing a surgery using 23 this mesh, did the mesh come, as you can recall, in 24 a box, a separate piece of mesh? 25 A A flat rectangular piece of mesh, yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 107</p> <p>1 sacrocolpopexy, would you also do or use a 2 combination of procedures? 3 A As necessary, yes. 4 Q So that, for example, even though you're 5 doing an abdominal sacrocolpopexy, you might at the 6 same time also be doing a vaginal surgery or 7 colporrhaphy or some other procedure? 8 A Typically not a colporrhaphy. That 9 wouldn't ordinarily be necessary to combine with an 10 abdominal sacrocolpopexy. 11 Q What other procedures would you ordinarily 12 combine with an abdominal sacrocolpopexy? 13 A A procedure for stress incontinence. 14 Q Now, I know that you told me that you used 15 mesh when you were in Pittsburgh at the Magee-Womens 16 Hospital in surgeries for abdominal sacrocolpopexy. 17 A Correct. 18 Q And you said in fairness that you did not 19 remember what kind of mesh. 20 A Correct. 21 Q Can you describe for us the 22 characteristics of that mesh that you used? 23 A No. 24 Q So you don't, for example, know whether it 25 was a multifilament versus a monofilament?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 109</p> <p>1 Q And were there any instructions or 2 anything else in the box that you remember looking 3 at? 4 A Are you referring to the instructions for 5 use? 6 Q Instructions for use or anything else that 7 would have been within the box. 8 A I don't recall. 9 Q Did you modify or cut that mesh in any 10 way? 11 A Yes. 12 Q While you were in the operating suite? 13 A At the scrub nurse's table, yes. 14 Q In other words, would you cut it after you 15 had the patient, if you will, on the table in the 16 course of the surgery after you had seen whatever 17 the condition was? 18 A Yes. 19 Q You told us that you knew several people 20 or had met several people in the context of 21 professional meetings. What professional meetings 22 prior to, you know, the end of 2006 did you normally 23 attend? 24 A The American Urogynecologic Society 25 meeting, the Society of Gynecologic Surgeons</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 110</p> <p>1 meeting, and occasionally the meeting of the 2 American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. 3 Q And do you continue to attend those 4 meetings? 5 A No. 6 Q When is the last time you attended a 7 meeting of any of those organizations? 8 A I believe that would be in 2008. 9 Q Did you, in fact, attend a meeting after 10 you left the position as program director at the 11 NIH? 12 A No, I don't believe so. 13 Q The reason I'm asking, according to your 14 CV, you were there until 2007. So my question is 15 once you left that group, have you attended any 16 professional organizational meeting? 17 A No, I don't believe so. 18 Q And it would be a fair statement then that 19 you've not personally presented at any meetings 20 since that time? 21 A Correct. 22 Q Let me see if I can go back, a little 23 further back. You were at the Cleveland Clinic from 24 1993 to 2000; correct? 25 A Correct. I had my fellowship in '92 to</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 112</p> <p>1 Q And can you tell me when you were doing 2 that residency from 1988 to 1992 -- it was a 3 four-year residency? 4 A Yes. 5 Q -- during that time I assume you had 6 various rotations? 7 A Correct. 8 Q In medical school itself, you would have 9 had courses with respect to the anatomy; correct? 10 A Correct. 11 Q Those would have included courses in 12 pelvic anatomy? 13 A Correct. 14 Q When you were doing your residency in 15 OB-GYN, did you have additional training and courses 16 in pelvic anatomy? 17 A Not a course per se, but it was certainly 18 part of our curriculum. 19 Q That's a major part of the body that 20 gynecologists deal with on a regular basis; correct? 21 A Correct. 22 Q And was it during the course of your 23 residency then that you were taught how to examine 24 patients for various conditions? 25 A Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 111</p> <p>1 '93. 2 Q That's what I want to go back to. As I 3 appreciate your training, you went to college at the 4 University of Maryland and finished there in 1983? 5 A Correct. 6 Q With a degree in microbiology? 7 A Correct. 8 Q Have you ever done any work in the field 9 of microbiology since you finished? 10 A No, not since I graduated from college. 11 Q In other words, you've not been engaged in 12 any laboratory or bench testing in any capacity with 13 respect to the field of microbiology since you 14 finished college? 15 A Correct. 16 Q Did you go directly from undergraduate to 17 medical school? 18 A Yes. 19 Q And you finished medical school then in 20 1988? 21 A Correct. 22 Q And then you did a residency in OB-GYN? 23 A Correct. 24 Q And that was at Hartford? 25 A Hartford Hospital, yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 113</p> <p>1 Q And I assume that during that residency 2 you kind of covered a broad spectrum of 3 gynecology -- 4 A Yes. 5 Q -- and obstetrics? 6 So you would have delivered babies? 7 A During my residency, yes. 8 Q You would have provided routine 9 gynecologic care to patients? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Counseled on contraception? 12 A Yes. 13 Q Counseled on or treated women for 14 menopausal issues? 15 A Yes. 16 Q And would you also have performed surgery 17 during that course of your residency? 18 A Yes. 19 Q In what areas? 20 A In obstetrics, in gynecology, in 21 gynecologic oncology, and in the field of 22 reproductive endocrinology and infertility, in which 23 a lot of laparoscopic surgery is performed. 24 Q So when you say in obstetrics, that would 25 be, for example, C-sections?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 114</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q Did you perform any surgeries for stress</p> <p>3 incontinence?</p> <p>4 A Yes.</p> <p>5 Q At that point in time, this is 1988 to</p> <p>6 '92, what procedures did you use to treat stress</p> <p>7 incontinence?</p> <p>8 A Primarily the Burch colposuspension.</p> <p>9 Q And that was an open abdominal surgery?</p> <p>10 A Preperitoneal, retropubic.</p> <p>11 Q Any other procedures that were used to</p> <p>12 treat stress incontinence?</p> <p>13 A Kelly plication.</p> <p>14 Q Anything else?</p> <p>15 A That's all I can remember.</p> <p>16 Q Did you counsel with patients at that</p> <p>17 point in time about stress incontinence?</p> <p>18 A Yes.</p> <p>19 Q And offer them alternative treatments to</p> <p>20 surgery?</p> <p>21 A Yes.</p> <p>22 Q What alternatives did you discuss with the</p> <p>23 patients?</p> <p>24 A Behavioral and lifestyle changes, fluid</p> <p>25 modification, avoidance of certain fluids or even</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 116</p> <p>1 pharmacological agents or surgery, to treat that</p> <p>2 condition?</p> <p>3 A I'm not sure I understand your question.</p> <p>4 Could you rephrase that?</p> <p>5 Q Let me see if I can put it in this</p> <p>6 perspective. Stress incontinence can pose a</p> <p>7 significant burden to a woman?</p> <p>8 A It can.</p> <p>9 Q You agree with that?</p> <p>10 A Correct.</p> <p>11 Q And the condition itself is serious enough</p> <p>12 that it's a condition that warrants the development</p> <p>13 of treatment for that condition?</p> <p>14 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>15 You can answer.</p> <p>16 THE WITNESS: Again, treatment is</p> <p>17 based on the patient's symptoms.</p> <p>18 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>19 Q I understand. I'm not trying to suggest</p> <p>20 that every patient would receive the same treatment.</p> <p>21 I'm simply saying that the condition itself is</p> <p>22 serious enough and can pose, depending upon the</p> <p>23 patient, a significant burden such that different</p> <p>24 alternative treatments are and should be part of the</p> <p>25 physician's armamentarium to treat that condition?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 115</p> <p>1 foods if that appeared to aggravate their problem,</p> <p>2 things like that, and pelvic muscle exercises and</p> <p>3 pessary use.</p> <p>4 Q No question in your mind that stress</p> <p>5 incontinence can have an adverse effect on a woman's</p> <p>6 lifestyle?</p> <p>7 A I agree with that.</p> <p>8 Q And that it can affect her from a</p> <p>9 psychosocial perspective, if you will?</p> <p>10 A It can.</p> <p>11 Q That it can, you know, expose her to</p> <p>12 embarrassing circumstances that may lead some women</p> <p>13 to avoid participation in certain activities?</p> <p>14 A It can.</p> <p>15 Q It can certainly also affect a woman's</p> <p>16 sexual function?</p> <p>17 A It can.</p> <p>18 Q It is a condition that you as a</p> <p>19 urogynecologist certainly believes warrants</p> <p>20 treatment?</p> <p>21 A Treatment is based on the patient's</p> <p>22 symptoms.</p> <p>23 Q Understood. Treatment in the sense that</p> <p>24 women need to have various alternatives available,</p> <p>25 whether it's pelvic floor exercises or</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 117</p> <p>1 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>2 You can answer.</p> <p>3 THE WITNESS: Shall I explain what</p> <p>4 I'm struggling with?</p> <p>5 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>6 Q That's fine.</p> <p>7 A Okay.</p> <p>8 Q Do that and we'll see if we can straighten</p> <p>9 it out.</p> <p>10 A Okay. If we understood the etiology of</p> <p>11 stress incontinence, we could offer a specific</p> <p>12 etiology-based treatment. Right now our treatments</p> <p>13 are empiric, which means we don't fully understand</p> <p>14 the etiology so we're not able to treat the root</p> <p>15 cause. And in a perfect world we would understand</p> <p>16 the etiology fully, we would have an etiologic-based</p> <p>17 treatment, and we would be able to diagnose women</p> <p>18 with the specific cause of her incontinence.</p> <p>19 Incontinence is only a symptom, the end result of</p> <p>20 whatever abnormality has preceded it that allows</p> <p>21 that symptom to occur.</p> <p>22 Does that help you or help --</p> <p>23 Q Let me see if we can approach it this way:</p> <p>24 Incontinence is the result of a dysfunction in the</p> <p>25 pelvic floor system; correct?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 118</p> <p>1 A Not necessarily, not exclusively. 2 Q It can be? 3 A It can be. 4 Q We know that various conditions and events 5 have been associated with stress incontinence; 6 correct? 7 A Correct. 8 Q One of those is parity? I'm sorry. You 9 have to say -- 10 A Correct. I didn't realize that was the 11 end of the question. 12 Q Well, I meant to have a question mark 13 there. One of those would be not only parity, but 14 it would include whether or not you'd had difficult 15 vaginal deliveries of children; correct? 16 A It can. 17 Q Well, for example, one of the thoughts is 18 that during the course of childbirth you can develop 19 whether it's vaginal tears or damage to the muscle 20 such that it may result in stress incontinence; 21 correct? 22 A Well, that's exactly what we don't 23 understand fully. Clearly there is an epidemiologic 24 relationship between childbirth and the development 25 of stress incontinence. To be able to say that this</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 120</p> <p>1 A Age does not have a direct relationship 2 with the development of incontinence. 3 Q Anything else that you can think of that's 4 been theorized to have a direct development 5 relationship? 6 A Theorized? 7 Q That's fine. Answer the theorized. 8 A Menopause has been theorized, medication 9 use, specific medications. 10 Q How about previous surgeries, 11 hysterectomies? 12 A That's controversial. I wouldn't say that 13 it's been established as an association. 14 Q In your practice you said that you, as I 15 recall -- I'm not sure whether you said that you had 16 prescribed this or whether it was available, so let 17 me ask you. Did you prescribe pessaries for use for 18 incontinence? 19 A Yes. 20 Q Did you prescribe pelvic floor exercises 21 for incontinence? 22 A Yes. 23 Q That would be primarily the Kegel 24 exercise? 25 A Kegel is, yes, the eponym attached.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 119</p> <p>1 specific injury in this specific woman led to the 2 development of stress incontinence, that we are 3 unable to say. 4 Q There are also other conditions that have 5 been associated with stress incontinence; correct? 6 A Correct. 7 Q Obesity? 8 A Correct. 9 Q Certain medical conditions? 10 A Correct. 11 Q Such as diabetes, for example? 12 A Correct. 13 Q What are the other explanations that have 14 been associated from an epidemiological standpoint 15 with stress incontinence? 16 MR. SLATER: By the way, I just want 17 to place an objection. Obviously I'm not going to 18 tell her not to answer. And I understand the 19 plaintiffs had an SUI in their past so it can be 20 deemed relevant, but at some point I assume we're 21 going to get to prolapse. Maybe. 22 THE WITNESS: Previous surgery for 23 incontinence, being female. 24 BY MS. JONES: 25 Q How about age?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 121</p> <p>1 Q I'm sorry? 2 A The eponym, the name of the doctor who 3 described this in the literature. 4 Q Had you prescribed pharmacologic agents 5 for treatment of stress incontinence? 6 A If I did, it would have been very rarely. 7 Q Very, very? 8 A Very rarely. 9 Q And obviously you have performed the Burch 10 suspension? 11 A Correct. 12 Q Any other type of treatment that you 13 either prescribe or surgical procedure that you 14 perform for treatment of stress incontinence? 15 A The Kelly plication and sling procedures 16 and injection of bulking agents, Durasphere®, for 17 example, Contigen®. Those are the two names that I 18 can think of at the moment. 19 Q When did you use Kelly's plication 20 techniques? 21 A Typically in an elderly patient with mild 22 to minimal symptoms where I felt their risks 23 outweighed -- the risks of a different stress 24 incontinence operation outweighed the benefits for 25 the patient.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 122</p> <p>1 Q When I said "when," I was actually 2 thinking in terms of time period. 3 A Oh. 4 Q Were you using that in your residency? 5 A Yes. 6 Q So you would have used it '88 to '92. Did 7 you continue to use that throughout the time you 8 were practicing? 9 A Yes. 10 Q When did you first begin to use the sling 11 procedures? 12 A During my fellowship at the Cleveland 13 Clinic. 14 Q That would have been 1992-93 then? 15 A Correct. 16 Q At that point in time what materials were 17 you using for slings? 18 A Primarily rectus fascia. 19 Q And were there issues with recurrence with 20 that surgery? 21 A "Issues" meaning? 22 Q Meaning that there were failures and that 23 the condition recurred? 24 A Yes. 25 Q And do you know what that rate of</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 124</p> <p>1 partners used them. 2 Q And am I correct that when you were in 3 your residency, just the residency, '88 to '92, you 4 were doing the Kelly's plication and the Burch 5 procedure? 6 A And also the Marshall-Marchetti-Krantz, 7 another retropublic suspension. 8 Q At the time that you were doing these 9 surgeries, were there any published randomized 10 controlled trials on any of these surgeries upon 11 which you relied in terms of making your 12 determination as to procedures to use? 13 A Not that I recall. 14 Q Let me see if I can turn to a little bit 15 different subject now and talk with you about 16 prolapse. When did you first perform any surgery 17 for pelvic organ prolapse? 18 A That would be in the first year of my 19 residency. 20 Q In 1988? 21 A Yes. 22 Q And can you tell me what procedure it was 23 that you performed? 24 A In general that I performed during my 25 residency?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 123</p> <p>1 recurrence was? 2 A No. 3 Q I think you mentioned earlier today that 4 at some point you used cadaveric tissues? 5 A I did not mention that. That had been 6 used in -- at Magee-Womens Hospital. I did not use 7 that material myself. 8 Q Why did you choose not to use that 9 material? 10 A I didn't believe it was effective. 11 Q You didn't believe it was effective in the 12 sense of providing long-term stability? 13 A Providing a long-term -- I don't like the 14 word "stability," but a long-term solution for the 15 patient's symptoms. 16 Q Were there also safety issues associated 17 with cadaveric tissues? 18 A I don't believe that was to the extent of 19 being clinically relevant. I think those were 20 primarily theoretical. 21 Q The cadaveric tissues were used at Magee; 22 is that correct? 23 A Correct. 24 Q Were they used at the Cleveland Clinic? 25 A I didn't use them. I don't recall if my</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 125</p> <p>1 Q Yeah. In all fairness, what I want to 2 talk with you about is what you did for treatment of 3 prolapse during your residency versus what you did 4 during the fellowship. I just want to have an 5 understanding of the differences. 6 A All right. So in my residency we were 7 trained to perform the sacrospinous ligament 8 fixation as the most common procedure used for 9 apical prolapse. In my fellowship and during my 10 residency, anterior and posterior colporrhaphy. 11 Q Can I stop you there and then come back to 12 the fellowship? At the time that you were taught to 13 do the sacrospinal ligament fixation for apical 14 prolapse, it was a vaginal surgery; correct? 15 A Correct. 16 Q What were the risks associated with that 17 surgery that you would discuss with the patient? 18 A There are the general risks of -- that 19 apply across the board pretty much to surgery in 20 general: Bleeding; infection; if bleeding was 21 excessive, the possibility of a transfusion; the 22 risks associated with anesthesia; the possibility of 23 a blood clot. 24 Specific to this type of procedure: 25 Recurrence of prolapse, voiding dysfunction, pain</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 126</p> <p>1 with intercourse. And by "voiding dysfunction" I 2 can expand on that if you like. 3 Q That's fine. 4 A Okay. So temporary inability to empty the 5 bladder fully, urgency, frequency, urinary tract 6 infection. So that's what I would consider -- not 7 urinary tract infection specifically, but in 8 speaking to the patient about urinary issues, that's 9 what I would talk with her about. 10 Q Are there any other risks associated with 11 sacrospinal ligament fixation that you can remember 12 that you would talk with them about? 13 A Organ damage in general. We're working 14 very close to the bladder, the rectum, nerves. 15 Blood vessels goes in the category of bleeding. 16 Q What about potential nerve damage? 17 A Potential nerve damage, correct. 18 Q And when you indicated that you'd discuss 19 the risks of painful intercourse, that's for I guess 20 two or three different reasons: One, that that's a 21 risk any time you're doing vaginal surgery; correct? 22 A Correct. 23 Q Two, there's a possibility that you could 24 affect either the length of the vagina or the 25 introitus in the course of the surgery?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 128</p> <p>1 Q Were there any other risks that you would 2 discuss with your patients when you were doing the 3 sacrospinous ligament fixation? 4 A I can't think of any others on the top of 5 my head. 6 Q Now, I stopped you because you were 7 getting ready to say that that's what you did in 8 your residency prior to 1992. And then that somehow 9 changed or evolved when you began your fellowship or 10 did your fellowship? 11 A Correct. 12 Q How did that evolve? 13 A In the group of surgeons they were 14 performing a range of surgeries: Sacrospinous 15 ligament fixation, uterosacral ligament suspension, 16 iliococcygeus muscle suspension. Those were the 17 three vaginal apical procedures. 18 Q And I think you told us that you at least 19 came to prefer the uterine -- 20 A Uterosacral ligament suspension. 21 Q And why was that? 22 A I felt it provided good restoration of 23 the -- good correction of the vaginal prolapse and 24 it was relatively easy to teach to residents and 25 fellows.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 127</p> <p>1 A I -- that's a possibility. 2 Q And the third aspect with the sacrospinal 3 ligament fixation specifically is that that surgery, 4 if you will, often pulled the vagina to one side or 5 the other so that it affected its anatomical 6 structure; correct? 7 A That is correct in a temporary sense. 8 That's the result of surgery. For example, if it 9 were placed in the patient's right sacrospinous 10 ligament, the axis of the apex would be deviated to 11 the right temporarily. As healing occurred, the 12 axis was -- became restored to its normal direction. 13 Q As I understand this, and I promise you I 14 have very basic understanding of it, the vaginal 15 wall was affixed by a suture to the sacrospinous 16 ligament? 17 A Yes. 18 Q And that meant that it was attached 19 generally on one side, the right or the left, 20 depending upon what the condition was you were 21 treating it for? 22 A Actually it depended on whether the 23 surgeon was right- or left-handed typically. But, 24 again, that was a temporary deviation that would 25 resolve itself in the course of healing.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 129</p> <p>1 Q Was it an easier surgery to perform than a 2 sacrospinal ligament fixation? 3 A I don't know if I would qualify it as 4 easier. It required less dissection in the very 5 deep pelvis in the region of the sacrospinous 6 ligaments, obviously. If we're not doing a 7 sacrospinous ligament fixation or a Prolift® 8 procedure, we're not needing to dissect around the 9 sacrospinous ligaments. 10 Q And how would your discussions with the 11 patients about the risk of the uterine sacrospinal 12 suspension differ from what you discussed with 13 patients with the sacrospinal fixation, ligament 14 fixation? 15 A Uterosacral ligament suspension carries a 16 slightly higher risk of ureteral injury because of 17 where the stitches are placed. During surgery a 18 cystoscopy is performed to check whether the ureters 19 are still patent after the stitches have been tied 20 down. And if they're not, one or the other, then we 21 address that immediately and the patient doesn't 22 have any additional morbidity from that point. But 23 I would alert the patients that that was a 24 possibility and we would not leave the operating 25 room until we were sure that that was not the case.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 130</p> <p>1 Q Other than that, the other risks remain 2 the same? 3 A Similar. 4 Q Well, you essentially have the same 5 potential complications associated with the surgery 6 in terms of the anesthesia complications, the 7 bleeding complications, perforation complications? 8 All of those things would have remained the same? 9 A Yes. 10 Q It was also a vaginal surgery so there 11 would also be the risk of painful intercourse? 12 A Yes. 13 Q During the time that you were practicing 14 medicine or surgery, throughout that period of time 15 did you continue to perform and treat the uterine 16 sacral ligament suspension procedure for treatment 17 of the apical prolapse? 18 A Yes. I would prefer to perform the 19 uterosacral ligament suspension unless I felt that 20 wasn't the best procedure for the patient. 21 Q And did you continue under other occasions 22 to use the sacrospinal ligament fixation? 23 A The sacrospinous ligament fixation, yes. 24 Q I'm sorry. You mentioned the issues with 25 possible urethral damage in the course of the</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 132</p> <p>1 Q Have you seen it reported in the medical 2 literature associated with the uterosacral ligament 3 fixation? 4 A Maybe I can back up and you can make sure 5 we're talking in the same way. You described 6 voiding dysfunction that was -- can you say it 7 again? 8 Q I said ongoing. 9 A Ongoing. 10 Q It continues after just the immediate 11 surgery. 12 A Okay. So for how long? 13 Q For any length of time. 14 MR. SLATER: Objection. 15 You can answer. 16 THE WITNESS: In my experience the 17 voiding dysfunction that occurs after uterosacral 18 ligament suspension or sacrospinous ligament 19 fixation is in the range of days, occasionally 20 weeks. 21 BY MS. JONES: 22 Q Have you seen reported in the literature 23 voiding dysfunction that lasts longer than that? 24 A Longer than what? 25 Q Well, you just said that you generally saw</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 131</p> <p>1 surgery. 2 A Excuse me. Ureteral. 3 Q Ureteral. Was voiding dysfunction also a 4 potential complication of the uterine sacral 5 ligament fixation? 6 A Uterosacral ligament fixation, yes. 7 Q I'm going to get these terms right one of 8 these days. 9 MR. SLATER: It's all right. Your 10 opening's two months away. 11 MS. JONES: I'm sorry? 12 MR. SLATER: I said it's all right. 13 Your opening's two months away. You have plenty of 14 time. 15 MS. JONES: I won't be able to 16 pronounce them then. 17 MR. SLATER: Two months from 18 Wednesday. 19 BY MS. JONES: 20 Q Can you have ongoing voiding dysfunction 21 associated with sacrospinal ligament fixation? 22 A That has not been my clinical experience. 23 Q Have you seen that reported in the medical 24 literature? 25 A No.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 133</p> <p>1 it last days and sometimes weeks. I'm asking about 2 being reported that it's a longer lasting and 3 perhaps permanent condition. 4 A I don't believe I've ever seen it recorded 5 as a permanent condition. 6 Q Have you ever seen it being reported as 7 longer lasting requiring subsequent treatment? 8 A Not after an apical suspension. That 9 typically -- if that occurs, it's because an 10 anti-incontinence operation was performed at the 11 same time that requires treatment. 12 Q While you were in your residency, do you 13 have any idea how many sacrospinal ligament 14 fixations you performed? 15 A No. 16 Q Was it common in your residency for you to 17 perform pelvic floor repair surgery? In your 18 residency. 19 A What do you mean by "common"? 20 Q Well, how many pelvic floor repair 21 surgeries did you do during your residency? 22 A I don't know. 23 Q Other than the sacrospinal ligament 24 fixation, what other surgeries did you perform? 25 A Specific --</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 134</p> <p>1 Q During your residency.</p> <p>2 A Specific to prolapse?</p> <p>3 Q Prolapse, yes.</p> <p>4 A Uterosacral ligament suspension. I don't</p> <p>5 believe that included abdominal sacrocolpopexy. And</p> <p>6 it would include anterior and posterior</p> <p>7 colporrhaphy.</p> <p>8 Q Do I understand that you do not have a</p> <p>9 recollection of doing the abdominal sacrocolpopexy</p> <p>10 during your residency?</p> <p>11 A Correct.</p> <p>12 Q But you did do anterior and posterior</p> <p>13 colporrhaphies?</p> <p>14 A Correct.</p> <p>15 Q Tell me what you understood the potential</p> <p>16 complications and risks associated with</p> <p>17 anterior/posterior colporrhaphies to be.</p> <p>18 A They would be very similar to the risks of</p> <p>19 the uterosacral ligament suspension and the</p> <p>20 sacrospinous ligament fixation.</p> <p>21 Q Any major differences that you can recall</p> <p>22 in terms of what you would have discussed with your</p> <p>23 patients?</p> <p>24 A No, I don't think so.</p> <p>25 Q Any other surgeries that you would have</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 136</p> <p>1 four-month block with the gynecologic oncologists,</p> <p>2 working with them in their care of patients with</p> <p>3 gynecologic cancers; and a four-month block with the</p> <p>4 division of reproductive endocrinology and</p> <p>5 infertility, which, as I said before, is primarily</p> <p>6 laparoscopic surgery.</p> <p>7 Q So of that year of fellowship that you</p> <p>8 did, if I'm correct, you had a four-month block in</p> <p>9 which you concentrated on pelvic floor</p> <p>10 reconstructive surgery that would have included</p> <p>11 whether it's prolapse or stress incontinence</p> <p>12 surgeries?</p> <p>13 A Correct.</p> <p>14 Q And other than the fact that you began</p> <p>15 using the uterosacral ligament procedure for apical</p> <p>16 reconstruction, was there any other differences in</p> <p>17 the surgeries that you performed --</p> <p>18 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>19 You can answer.</p> <p>20 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>21 Q -- as a fellow as opposed to a resident?</p> <p>22 A I believe what I said is that uterosacral</p> <p>23 ligament suspension was performed during my</p> <p>24 residency, not as commonly as the sacrospinous</p> <p>25 ligament fixation. I didn't experience training in</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 135</p> <p>1 performed during your residency for prolapse?</p> <p>2 A For prolapse? No, I don't think so.</p> <p>3 Q Then let's go into your fellowship. You</p> <p>4 did your fellowship at the Cleveland Clinic. And</p> <p>5 this was a one-year fellowship; am I correct?</p> <p>6 A Correct.</p> <p>7 Q Other than just the length of it, how did</p> <p>8 that fellowship differ from the fellowship at Magee</p> <p>9 that you were involved with later on?</p> <p>10 A At Magee we were particularly interested</p> <p>11 in training academicians. And in order to provide</p> <p>12 them with the background to design and perform</p> <p>13 high-quality research in their careers, they</p> <p>14 obtained a Master's degree, a Master's of Science</p> <p>15 degree in clinical research as part of their second</p> <p>16 year of fellowship. I did not have that opportunity</p> <p>17 in my fellowship so that was something I did a</p> <p>18 little later.</p> <p>19 Q Anything else in terms of the actual</p> <p>20 surgeries or patient care that you performed?</p> <p>21 A The setup of my fellowship was divided</p> <p>22 amongst the three divisions in our department of</p> <p>23 gynecology. So there was a four-month block in the</p> <p>24 division of benign gynecology, which was primarily</p> <p>25 vaginal surgeons doing reconstructive surgery; a</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 137</p> <p>1 abdominal sacrocolpopexy until I reached my</p> <p>2 fellowship.</p> <p>3 Q I apologize. When you got the training</p> <p>4 for the abdominal sacrocolpopexy, at the time was</p> <p>5 mesh used in that procedure?</p> <p>6 A Yes.</p> <p>7 Q And can you tell me what kind of mesh was</p> <p>8 used in that procedure?</p> <p>9 A No.</p> <p>10 Q Do you know whether it was multifilament</p> <p>11 or monofilament?</p> <p>12 A No.</p> <p>13 Q Do you know whether it was polyethylene as</p> <p>14 opposed to Mersilene® or Gore-Tex® or something</p> <p>15 else?</p> <p>16 A It wasn't Gore-Tex®, but I don't know what</p> <p>17 it was.</p> <p>18 Q Did you use mesh in all of your abdominal</p> <p>19 sacrocolpopexies?</p> <p>20 A Yes.</p> <p>21 Q And was that true throughout the time that</p> <p>22 you were performing surgeries?</p> <p>23 A Yes.</p> <p>24 Q When you would counsel a patient about</p> <p>25 abdominal sacrocolpopexy, how would you counsel them</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 138</p> <p>1 about the risks of that surgery?</p> <p>2 A So all of the other risks that we've</p> <p>3 already discussed and, in addition to that, the</p> <p>4 risks specific to mesh, mesh erosion, mesh</p> <p>5 infection, the possibility of repeat surgery, if a</p> <p>6 mesh complication occurred in which the mesh needed</p> <p>7 to be removed, and then the risks associated with</p> <p>8 laparotomy, so bowel adhesions, small bowel</p> <p>9 obstruction, the need for a reoperation if that</p> <p>10 occurred, sometimes, not always, scarring, of</p> <p>11 course, you know, an abdominal scar. I think that's</p> <p>12 everything I can think of at the moment.</p> <p>13 Q Was there anybody specifically who trained</p> <p>14 you on abdominal sacrocolpopexy?</p> <p>15 A Mark Walters.</p> <p>16 Q Is that the Mark Walters who's associated</p> <p>17 with the International Academy of Pelvic Surgery?</p> <p>18 A Yes.</p> <p>19 Q And was he your principal mentor during</p> <p>20 your fellowship?</p> <p>21 A I don't know that I would describe him as</p> <p>22 a mentor. He joined the staff as I -- no. Actually</p> <p>23 he joined the staff in August of 1993 just after I</p> <p>24 had finished my fellowship and joined the staff.</p> <p>25 And since I hadn't -- oh, I guess I misspoke then</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 140</p> <p>1 perform hernia repair surgery going through your</p> <p>2 oncology training?</p> <p>3 A In the four-month block with the</p> <p>4 oncologists, I do recall performing hernia repairs</p> <p>5 with them, yes.</p> <p>6 Q And do you remember whether or not mesh</p> <p>7 was used?</p> <p>8 A It's a possibility. I cannot recall that</p> <p>9 with certainty.</p> <p>10 Q You think your first abdominal</p> <p>11 sacrocolpopexy would have been in 1993?</p> <p>12 A Correct.</p> <p>13 Q At that time did you know whether any mesh</p> <p>14 had been cleared by the FDA for use in abdominal</p> <p>15 sacrocolpopexy?</p> <p>16 A No. To my knowledge, Gynemesh® PS mesh</p> <p>17 was the first to be cleared by the FDA for an</p> <p>18 indication in pelvic reconstructive surgery. That</p> <p>19 was in 2002.</p> <p>20 Q Do you know, Doctor, whether or not the</p> <p>21 mesh that you used in 1993 had been cleared by the</p> <p>22 FDA for any use?</p> <p>23 A I would assume so.</p> <p>24 Q Do you know what use it was cleared for?</p> <p>25 A Since I don't remember the specific mesh,</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 139</p> <p>1 because I've been describing the abdominal</p> <p>2 sacrocolpopexy as if it occurred in my fellowship.</p> <p>3 But, no, he joined the year -- the month after I</p> <p>4 finished my fellowship. So that would have actually</p> <p>5 occurred in the following year. So I misspoke about</p> <p>6 that. Because the surgeons who were already there</p> <p>7 did not perform abdominal sacrocolpopexy. I would</p> <p>8 describe him as a colleague.</p> <p>9 Q Was it Dr. Walters that introduced the use</p> <p>10 of abdominal sacrocolpopexy at the Cleveland Clinic</p> <p>11 then?</p> <p>12 A Yes.</p> <p>13 Q Prior to doing your first abdominal</p> <p>14 sacrocolpopexy, had you done any surgery using mesh?</p> <p>15 A The only possibility I can think of, and</p> <p>16 I'm not certain of this, but it would be with the</p> <p>17 oncologic surgeons if they had an abdominal</p> <p>18 reconstruction from a hernia or some other</p> <p>19 postoperative event; otherwise, the answer would be</p> <p>20 no.</p> <p>21 Q You yourself don't have any recollection</p> <p>22 of doing any hernia repair surgery, do you, or do</p> <p>23 you?</p> <p>24 A Not by myself. It would be oncologists.</p> <p>25 Q I understand. My question is did you</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 141</p> <p>1 I don't think you want me to guess.</p> <p>2 Q Do you know of any mesh cleared for use in</p> <p>3 prolapse or stress incontinence surgery before 1996?</p> <p>4 A I am not specifically aware of the dates</p> <p>5 revolving around the FDA clearance of stress</p> <p>6 incontinence products.</p> <p>7 Q You're not aware of any mesh being cleared</p> <p>8 for use in pelvic reconstructive surgery before</p> <p>9 Gynemesh® PS?</p> <p>10 MR. SLATER: Objection.</p> <p>11 THE WITNESS: Correct, that is my</p> <p>12 understanding.</p> <p>13 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>14 Q The use of mesh in abdominal</p> <p>15 sacrocolpopexy was a use that was developed by</p> <p>16 physicians; correct?</p> <p>17 A I would assume so.</p> <p>18 Q Historically there had been abdominal</p> <p>19 sacrocolpopexy performed without using mesh, had</p> <p>20 there not?</p> <p>21 A Correct.</p> <p>22 Q And there had been some problems with the</p> <p>23 use of other tissues like the autologous tissues or</p> <p>24 other graft tissues associated with it; correct?</p> <p>25 A Problems?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 142</p> <p>1 Q Problems with recurrence?</p> <p>2 A Yes.</p> <p>3 Q And one of the reasons that the doctors</p> <p>4 resorted to the use of mesh was to provide a better</p> <p>5 anatomical repair with less recurrences; is that</p> <p>6 correct?</p> <p>7 A What do you mean by a "better anatomical</p> <p>8 repair"?</p> <p>9 Q Well, you tell me why you used mesh in</p> <p>10 abdominal sacrocolpopexy.</p> <p>11 A Because it was the best alternative at the</p> <p>12 time.</p> <p>13 Q And why was it the best alternative at the</p> <p>14 time?</p> <p>15 A Because typically the vagina isn't long</p> <p>16 enough to reach the sacrum by itself, so you need a</p> <p>17 bridging material. And use of materials such as --</p> <p>18 autologous materials required harvest of a large</p> <p>19 amount of natural tissue from the patient, so that's</p> <p>20 a downside. And then other materials, Unigraft</p> <p>21 materials, had issues with increased recurrence of</p> <p>22 prolapse.</p> <p>23 Q There obviously was some morbidity</p> <p>24 involved with patients from the stripping of the</p> <p>25 fascia in preparing the autologous tissue; correct?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 144</p> <p>1 them how long it was before they would return to</p> <p>2 their normal lifestyle, whether it's work,</p> <p>3 activities, whatever, how would you counsel them?</p> <p>4 MR. SLATER: Objection; vague.</p> <p>5 You can answer.</p> <p>6 THE WITNESS: I would counsel her</p> <p>7 that she should expect to be off work in the</p> <p>8 neighborhood of six to eight weeks.</p> <p>9 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>10 Q And what would you tell her about how long</p> <p>11 it would be before she could drive?</p> <p>12 A Drive? That's variable. I would</p> <p>13 recommend to patients they not be taking pain</p> <p>14 medication -- they should get to the point in their</p> <p>15 recovery when they are no longer in need of taking</p> <p>16 pain medication before they begin driving.</p> <p>17 Q And how long would it be that you would</p> <p>18 tell someone that they would need to avoid exercise,</p> <p>19 for example?</p> <p>20 A Six to eight weeks and once I had checked</p> <p>21 them twice usually in the office before releasing</p> <p>22 them to that kind of activity.</p> <p>23 Q And how long should they avoid</p> <p>24 intercourse?</p> <p>25 A Similar range, six to eight weeks and</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 143</p> <p>1 A Correct.</p> <p>2 Q Forgive me, Doctor, I think I asked this</p> <p>3 question, but I can't remember. In terms of</p> <p>4 discussions of the complications with the patients,</p> <p>5 and you're talking about the abdominal</p> <p>6 sacrocolpopexy, the complications that you would</p> <p>7 discuss were essentially the same as with the other</p> <p>8 surgeries that we've already discussed plus the ones</p> <p>9 involving mesh that you described; correct?</p> <p>10 A Correct; and the risks specific to the</p> <p>11 abdominal approach.</p> <p>12 Q The risks specific to the abdominal</p> <p>13 approach in addition to the scarring and so forth,</p> <p>14 it's an open surgery that takes longer to heal, for</p> <p>15 example, and generally it's a longer surgery than</p> <p>16 some of the others, is it not?</p> <p>17 A No, I don't agree with that.</p> <p>18 Q You do agree that it generally takes</p> <p>19 patients longer to recover from the abdominal</p> <p>20 sacrocolpopexy than from a vaginal surgery?</p> <p>21 A Well, can you be more specific about what</p> <p>22 you mean by recovery? Do you mean return to work?</p> <p>23 What do you mean?</p> <p>24 Q Well, if you were to counsel a patient on</p> <p>25 abdominal sacrocolpopexy and you were going to tell</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 145</p> <p>1 until I had seen them.</p> <p>2 Q If you were in contrast advising a patient</p> <p>3 who was having a colporrhaphy, how long would you</p> <p>4 tell her it would take her to recover?</p> <p>5 MR. SLATER: Objection.</p> <p>6 You can answer.</p> <p>7 THE WITNESS: Six to eight weeks.</p> <p>8 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>9 Q And would you tell her on all of the other</p> <p>10 issues exactly the same as you would say on the</p> <p>11 abdominal sacrocolpopexy?</p> <p>12 A Correct.</p> <p>13 Q How long would you tell her she'd be in</p> <p>14 the hospital?</p> <p>15 A Usually two days.</p> <p>16 Q How long was somebody in the hospital with</p> <p>17 abdominal sacrocolpopexy?</p> <p>18 A Usually two days.</p> <p>19 Q At the time that you started using mesh in</p> <p>20 the abdominal sacrocolpopexy, were there any</p> <p>21 randomized clinical controlled trials regarding the</p> <p>22 use of mesh in that surgery?</p> <p>23 A Compared to what?</p> <p>24 Q Compared to using it without. Were there</p> <p>25 any randomized controlled clinical trials of which</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 146</p> <p>1 you were aware of involving abdominal sacrocolpopexy</p> <p>2 when you started using mesh in 1993?</p> <p>3 A No.</p> <p>4 Q Am I correct, Doctor, if you know, that</p> <p>5 mesh had actually been used in abdominal</p> <p>6 sacrocolpopexy by surgeons since the 1970s?</p> <p>7 A No, I don't know when abdominal</p> <p>8 sacrocolpopexy with mesh began to be used.</p> <p>9 Is this a good time for a break?</p> <p>10 MS. JONES: Okay.</p> <p>11 MR. SLATER: Sure.</p> <p>12 (Short recess.)</p> <p>13 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>14 Q Doctor, are you currently licensed to</p> <p>15 practice medicine?</p> <p>16 A No.</p> <p>17 Q Do you know when you were last licensed?</p> <p>18 Would it have been 2006?</p> <p>19 A No. I believe I carried my license</p> <p>20 through to the end of 2007.</p> <p>21 Q Have you attended any continuing medical</p> <p>22 education courses since that point in time?</p> <p>23 A No.</p> <p>24 Q Are you Board-certified in any specialty?</p> <p>25 A No. I was Board-certified in obstetrics</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 148</p> <p>1 colleagues in our division and our fellows and</p> <p>2 residents. And then in 1999 I began working with</p> <p>3 the NIH.</p> <p>4 Q Well, let me see if I can break this down</p> <p>5 a little bit. When you took the Master's of Science</p> <p>6 degree, did you take a leave of absence to go and</p> <p>7 get that degree?</p> <p>8 A No.</p> <p>9 Q Did you attain that by a correspondence</p> <p>10 school? How did you obtain that degree?</p> <p>11 A University of Michigan has a special</p> <p>12 arrangement. They call it on job/on campus for</p> <p>13 people who travel in -- they have local people, too,</p> <p>14 but who can travel in from other states where the</p> <p>15 classes are held from Thursday to Sunday one day a</p> <p>16 month -- excuse me -- once a month. And in that way</p> <p>17 the Master's is completed with its full credits in</p> <p>18 just under two years.</p> <p>19 Q All right. So from '97 then to '99 you</p> <p>20 were spending four days a month working on your</p> <p>21 Master's at -- was that at Ann Arbor?</p> <p>22 A Yes.</p> <p>23 Q And you said your practice was a general</p> <p>24 gynecology practice?</p> <p>25 A Yes.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 147</p> <p>1 and gynecology and I did not maintain that when I</p> <p>2 discontinued my clinical practice.</p> <p>3 Q And were you ever Board-certified in any</p> <p>4 subspecialty of urogynecology?</p> <p>5 A No. At that time the Board had not yet</p> <p>6 created subspecialty certification for individuals.</p> <p>7 They were only certifying fellowship programs.</p> <p>8 Q When you were at the Cleveland Clinic</p> <p>9 after you finished your fellowship, you stayed on,</p> <p>10 can you describe for me what you did at the</p> <p>11 Cleveland Clinic for that period from '93 to 2000?</p> <p>12 A Yes. My clinical practice started as a</p> <p>13 general gynecology practice. When I realized I</p> <p>14 needed a stronger background in clinical research</p> <p>15 design and performance, I attended the program at</p> <p>16 the University of Michigan and obtained a Master's</p> <p>17 of Science degree in clinical research design and</p> <p>18 statistical analysis.</p> <p>19 And when I completed that, my chairman</p> <p>20 created a new position of director of clinical</p> <p>21 research in the department and appointed me as the</p> <p>22 first in that position. And in that role I advised</p> <p>23 the other faculty members and fellows and residents</p> <p>24 in designing and performing their own research. I</p> <p>25 performed my research in conjunction with my</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 149</p> <p>1 Q So that you were seeing women and were you</p> <p>2 also doing obstetrics?</p> <p>3 A No.</p> <p>4 Q Were you seeing women then in an office</p> <p>5 setting where you were counseling them on</p> <p>6 contraceptive, menopause, doing your annual checkups</p> <p>7 and so forth?</p> <p>8 A Correct.</p> <p>9 Q And was that the case, did you follow that</p> <p>10 practice throughout your tenure at the Cleveland</p> <p>11 Clinic?</p> <p>12 A No.</p> <p>13 Q When and how did that change?</p> <p>14 A Within a couple of years, with the support</p> <p>15 of my chairman, he recognized my special interest in</p> <p>16 pelvic floor disorders and we arranged that my</p> <p>17 clinical practice would focus on that to the</p> <p>18 exclusion of other general gynecology issues and</p> <p>19 regular well women care.</p> <p>20 Q And who were the other members of the</p> <p>21 staff at the Cleveland Clinic who focused on pelvic</p> <p>22 floor issues?</p> <p>23 A Mark Walters; Lester Ballard,</p> <p>24 B-A-L-L-A-R-D; Delbert Booher, B-O-O-H-E-R.</p> <p>25 Q And when you began, it would have been</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 150</p> <p>1 sometime then around 1995-96 that you began to move 2 into the urogynecology practice? 3 A Urogynecology had always been a portion of 4 my practice. It was at that time that it became 5 exclusive -- my practice was exclusive to 6 urogynecology. 7 Q At that point in time then is it fair to 8 say while you were at the Cleveland Clinic that you 9 had done colporrhaphies? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Sacrosplinal ligament fixation? 12 A Sacrospinous ligament fixation, yes. 13 Q The uterosacral ligament suspension? 14 A Yes. 15 Q The abdominal sacrocolpopexy? 16 A Yes. 17 Q Various sling or Burch procedures for 18 stress incontinence? 19 A Yes. 20 Q Anything else? 21 A The Kelly plication and paravaginal 22 repair. 23 Q While you were at the Cleveland Clinic, do 24 you have any idea how many prolapse surgeries you 25 performed?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 152</p> <p>1 Q What did that consist of? 2 A A four- to six-week rotation where the 3 medical students -- actually obstetrics and 4 gynecology was four to six weeks. So the gynecology 5 portion would be roughly half of that. And they 6 would attend office with us, they would come to 7 surgery with us, see postoperative patients in the 8 hospital, attend lectures, and so on. 9 Q Were you involved prior to obtaining your 10 Master's in research? 11 A Yes. 12 Q What percentage of your time was spent in 13 research? 14 A I think at that time I had a half day that 15 was not otherwise in the office or in the OR, in the 16 operating room. 17 Q And that half day would have been when you 18 did whatever research you were engaged in? 19 A And what would otherwise be called spare 20 time. 21 Q Did you have any administrative 22 responsibilities? 23 A Not at that time. 24 Q In 1999 when you took the position as 25 program director for the pelvic floor disorder</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 151</p> <p>1 A I would estimate in the range of 1,500 to 2 2,000. 3 Q Between '93 and 2000? 4 A Yes. 5 Q And what type of procedure did you perform 6 the greatest number of? 7 A For apical prolapse, it would be the 8 uterosacral ligament suspension. For anterior and 9 posterior vaginal prolapse, it would be anterior and 10 posterior colporrhaphy. 11 Q I didn't ask the question very well 12 obviously. I'm trying to figure out in terms of 13 your patient population, did you treat patients more 14 for apical prolapse or for anterior and posterior 15 prolapse? 16 A I really can't tell you that. 17 Q Do I recollect correctly that you said 18 that you did surgery one day a week at the Cleveland 19 Clinic? 20 A Typically, yes. 21 Q On your CV you say that you were also 22 involved in the education of medical students in 23 core rotation obstetrics and gynecology while you 24 were there? 25 A Yes.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 153</p> <p>1 program, at that point in time when you were at the 2 Cleveland Clinic you were spending 25 percent of 3 your time I think doing that is what you testified; 4 correct? 5 A Yes. 6 Q And that would have been further from '99 7 until 2001 when you left the Cleveland Clinic? 8 A Yes. 9 Q And why did you leave the Cleveland 10 Clinic? 11 A There was an opportunity at the University 12 of Pittsburgh. As I mentioned earlier, the chairman 13 very much wanted to develop a fellowship program and 14 the faculty who were there didn't really have the 15 skill set or the experience to make that happen. 16 Q At any time while you were practicing 17 medicine, Doctor, did you have your privileges 18 suspended? 19 A No. 20 Q Did you ever have your license restricted 21 in any way? 22 A No. 23 Q Other than the one lawsuit that we talked 24 about earlier, have any other claims filed against 25 you?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 154</p> <p>1 A No.</p> <p>2 Q If I look at your CV, there's a reference</p> <p>3 to 2001 a Presidential SGS Member Prize Award.</p> <p>4 What was that?</p> <p>5 A Could you just remind me where you are?</p> <p>6 Q It's on Page 3.</p> <p>7 A Oh, yes. So that was a research award for</p> <p>8 a presentation. I believe the 2000 one was the</p> <p>9 anterior colporrhaphy trial. And the one in 2001, I</p> <p>10 can match it to my abstract if you want me to. I</p> <p>11 don't remember off the top of my head what that was</p> <p>12 for. Okay. So the anterior colporrhaphy trial was</p> <p>13 I was awarded -- myself and my co-authors were</p> <p>14 awarded that first prize, Presidential SGS Member</p> <p>15 Prize in 2001. And then in 2000 myself and</p> <p>16 Dr. Walters were awarded the 1st Prize Presidential</p> <p>17 SGS Member Prize for our study about the</p> <p>18 cost-effectiveness of urodynamic testing.</p> <p>19 Q While you're looking at that, first of</p> <p>20 all, both of those prizes would have been joint</p> <p>21 awards to whoever the authors were on those papers?</p> <p>22 A Yes.</p> <p>23 Q And then the next one is Best Poster</p> <p>24 Presentation. Tell me what that topic was in 1999.</p> <p>25 A Okay.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 156</p> <p>1 you have that you were a member of the editorial</p> <p>2 board of Obstetrics & Gynecology. Obstetrics &</p> <p>3 Gynecology is the publication of ACOG?</p> <p>4 A Yes.</p> <p>5 Q And that publication of ACOG would go to</p> <p>6 all of the members of the American College of</p> <p>7 Obstetrics and Gynecology?</p> <p>8 A Yes.</p> <p>9 Q That is a peer-reviewed journal?</p> <p>10 A Yes.</p> <p>11 Q Can you tell me how you as an editor on</p> <p>12 that journal were involved in the peer review?</p> <p>13 A Yes. As a member of the editorial board,</p> <p>14 we have a greater role in the review of manuscripts.</p> <p>15 A manuscript is typically sent out to two or three</p> <p>16 reviewers. One reviewer will be a member of the</p> <p>17 editorial board and the other one or two reviewers</p> <p>18 will be a member of the OB-GYN community. And we</p> <p>19 also participated in the editorial board meetings</p> <p>20 where we discussed matters of editorial policy, et</p> <p>21 cetera.</p> <p>22 Q Let me ask this question: If somebody is</p> <p>23 a researcher and they complete a study, they submit</p> <p>24 a paper for publication, does that paper</p> <p>25 automatically go out to peer reviewers?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 155</p> <p>1 MR. SLATER: Best poster? I remember</p> <p>2 that. First grade. I always made the best poster.</p> <p>3 THE WITNESS: Science fair my sister</p> <p>4 said.</p> <p>5 Okay. That was for our study on</p> <p>6 sexual function in women before and after surgery</p> <p>7 for pelvic organ prolapse and urinary incontinence.</p> <p>8 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>9 Q And then you have the ACOG/Ethicon</p> <p>10 Research Award for Innovations in Gynecologic</p> <p>11 Surgery in 1996?</p> <p>12 A Yes. That was for the research proposal</p> <p>13 that turned out to be the anterior colporrhaphy</p> <p>14 trial.</p> <p>15 Q And was that awarded to you as well as the</p> <p>16 folks that were the co-authors of the --</p> <p>17 A The institution, to the Cleveland Clinic.</p> <p>18 Q And then if you look down here, the Prize</p> <p>19 Paper, American Urogynecologic Society, in 1996,</p> <p>20 what was that?</p> <p>21 A I believe that was the "Sexual function</p> <p>22 and vaginal anatomy in women treated with</p> <p>23 sacrospinous ligament suspension and pelvic</p> <p>24 reconstruction."</p> <p>25 Q If we look under "Professional Service,"</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 157</p> <p>1 A It does at the Journal of Obstetrics &</p> <p>2 Gynecology, yes.</p> <p>3 Q So it automatically goes out to peer</p> <p>4 reviewers and then those peer reviewers, are those</p> <p>5 peer reviewers chosen as ideally people that are,</p> <p>6 quote, expert in the field of the subject matter of</p> <p>7 the paper?</p> <p>8 A I think it depends. When there are two or</p> <p>9 three reviewers, I think the editor would decide to</p> <p>10 send the manuscript to one or two people who are</p> <p>11 expert in the field and perhaps an additional</p> <p>12 reviewer who's not necessarily an expert to make</p> <p>13 sure that it's explained well enough to someone</p> <p>14 who's not an expert.</p> <p>15 Q And the purpose of that peer review,</p> <p>16 though, is more than just looking at it from the</p> <p>17 standpoint of whether or not it reads well?</p> <p>18 A Yes.</p> <p>19 Q Its purpose is also to ensure as best they</p> <p>20 can the validity of the scientific methods and</p> <p>21 conclusions that are described in the paper?</p> <p>22 A I would describe it as a process of</p> <p>23 evaluation of the scientific methods, data analysis,</p> <p>24 presentation, conclusions drawn.</p> <p>25 Q And following that peer review, those peer</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 158</p> <p>1 reviewers will send their comments back to the 2 editorial board or do they go directly to the author 3 of the paper? 4 A No. To the editor. There's an editor and 5 then there are associate editors in the broad 6 specialty areas of obstetrics and gynecology. So 7 the reviewers' comments will go back to the 8 appropriate associate editor. And the main editor 9 could be involved, if necessary, deciding what the 10 disposition of the paper would be, whether it would 11 be rejected, rejected with possibility of rereview 12 if it were resubmitted, or acceptance. 13 Q So once it goes out to the peer reviewers, 14 it's returned to the editor and at that point in 15 time the editor can either reject it or can send it 16 back to the authors to make corrections? 17 A To receive the feedback from the reviewers 18 and make changes as the authors decide. 19 Q And then it would be resubmitted to the 20 editorial board and is it sent back to the peer 21 reviewers? 22 A Typically. 23 Q And then it's sent back to the editorial 24 board that makes the final decision on acceptance or 25 publication?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 160</p> <p>1 A No. 2 Q On your CV it says that you were a peer 3 reviewer on all of these at present? 4 A Correct. 5 Q Can you tell me when the last time you 6 peer-reviewed an article for Obstetrics & Gynecology 7 was? 8 A I would estimate perhaps a year ago. 9 Q That would have been 2011? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Do you remember whether or not the article 12 that you peer-reviewed was published? 13 A No, I don't. 14 Q What about the American Journal of 15 Obstetrics and Gynecology; when's the last time you 16 peer-reviewed something there? 17 A That might be a little longer, perhaps 18 2010. I don't remember exactly. 19 Q What about the American Journal of 20 Gastroenterology? 21 A That would be less. That would even be a 22 little farther away, maybe 2008. 23 Q How about the British Journal of 24 Obstetrics and Gynaecology? 25 A I don't remember exactly. A couple of</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 159</p> <p>1 A Yes, acceptance or rejection. 2 Q And so before it is ultimately accepted 3 for publication, assuming there have been any 4 changes to be made, it's been sent out to the peer 5 reviewers at least twice? 6 A Typically, yes. 7 Q And that process applies to original 8 research that's submitted? 9 A Yes. 10 Q Does it apply to review articles that are 11 submitted? 12 A Yes. 13 Q Does it apply to letters to the editor? 14 A No. 15 Q Other than on Obstetrics & Gynecology, 16 have you served on the editorial board of any other 17 peer-reviewed journal? 18 A Not on the editorial board, no. I've been 19 a peer reviewer -- I think that's on the next 20 page -- yes, of several other journals. 21 Q And when you say you were a peer reviewer, 22 they may just periodically call you and ask you to 23 look at some paper that's been submitted? 24 A Correct. 25 Q And are you compensated for that?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 161</p> <p>1 years I would guess. 2 Q How about the Cleveland Clinic Journal of 3 Medicine? 4 A Again, I would guess a couple of years. 5 Q How about Diseases of the Colon & Rectum? 6 A A couple of years. 7 Q How about Evidence-based Obstetrics & 8 Gynecology? 9 A Probably a couple of years. 10 Q Gastroenterology? 11 A Probably a couple of years. 12 Q International Urogynecology Journal? 13 A That might be more recent, perhaps a year 14 or two ago. I'm not sure. 15 Q How about the Journal of Pelvic Surgery? 16 A Probably a couple of years ago. 17 Q How about the Journal of Reproductive 18 Medicine? 19 A Probably a couple of years ago. 20 Q How about the Journal of Urology? 21 A Probably a couple of years ago. 22 Q How about the Journal of Women's Health? 23 A Probably a couple of years ago. 24 Q How about the Medical Science Monitor? 25 A Probably a couple of years ago.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 162</p> <p>1 Q How about the Neurourology and 2 Urodynamics? 3 A Probably a couple of years ago. 4 Q Fair to say you have not peer-reviewed any 5 journal article in 2012? 6 A Correct. 7 Q If I remember your testimony, you're not 8 sure that you peer reviewed anything in 2011? 9 A Correct. 10 Q The last time you remember peer-reviewing 11 anything would have been 2010? 12 A I'm not sure. 13 Q Could it have been longer ago than that? 14 A It could have been. 15 Q Other than in the case of abdominal 16 sacrocolpopexy, have you ever taught a resident or 17 fellow about the use of mesh in pelvic floor repair 18 surgery? 19 A Well, as I said, at or around the time I 20 was leaving the Cleveland Clinic, we were beginning 21 to use the TVT®. So in that setting, yes. 22 Q And I think you told us you did not use 23 the TVT® in Pittsburgh? 24 A Correct; except -- no. Excuse me. Never 25 mind.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 164</p> <p>1 had not used mesh at all; correct? 2 A I don't know that. 3 Q What I'm trying to ask, was there anything 4 about your experience with the TVT® that caused you 5 to abandon the use of the TVT® or was it that you 6 went to Magee and they were using the autologous 7 tissue and you just adopted that? 8 A I think it's always preferable to perform 9 a surgery without mesh. 10 Q Prior to that point in time, had you had 11 any adverse experiences with the TVT® surgery that 12 led you to abandon it? 13 A Not with my patients, not in patients who 14 I personally operated on, but as a referral center 15 we are referred patients who have complicated 16 problems. So I have removed TVT® slings for mesh 17 complications. 18 Q Did you do that in the Cleveland Clinic? 19 A Yes. 20 Q Did you do that at Pittsburgh? 21 A No. The community was not using mesh to 22 the degree that was occurring in Cleveland, I 23 believe. So I don't recall personally seeing 24 referrals for mesh complications. 25 Q You told us that when you began using mesh</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 163</p> <p>1 Q Have you used TVT® to correct stress 2 incontinence at any time after you left the 3 Cleveland Clinic? 4 A No. 5 Q On how many occasions did you use it at 6 the Cleveland Clinic? 7 A I can give you a range of perhaps 10 to 8 20. 9 Q And that would have been shortly before 10 you left? 11 A Correct. 12 Q And am I correct that you never used other 13 mesh slings other than the TVT®? 14 A Correct. 15 Q And did you use only the TVT® or did you 16 use the TVT® Obturator? 17 A No, not the TVT® Obturator. 18 Q And was there a reason that you did not 19 use the TVT® once you moved to Pittsburgh? 20 A The experience at Pittsburgh, at the 21 University of Pittsburgh Magee-Womens Hospital, was 22 in using slings of rectus fascia. And I agreed with 23 that practice and that's how I performed slings. 24 Q So at the time that you joined the staff 25 at Magee, they were using the autologous tissue and</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 165</p> <p>1 for abdominal sacrocolpopexy, that you would discuss 2 with your patients the complications potentially 3 associated with mesh? 4 A Yes. 5 Q And that would be including mesh exposure 6 or erosion? 7 A Yes. 8 Q Mesh contraction? 9 A Yes. 10 Q I think you mentioned the possibility of 11 infection? 12 A Infection, yes. 13 Q Anything else that you would counsel your 14 patients on? 15 A The possibility of a fistula development, 16 enterovaginal or rectovaginal. 17 Q And was that true, I mean your counseling 18 of your patients about that group of potential 19 complications remained true from 1993 throughout 20 your practice? 21 A Yes. 22 Q While you were practicing, did you 23 maintain any database or registry of the patients on 24 whom you performed surgeries? 25 A No, not unless they were involved in one</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 166</p> <p>1 of our specific research protocols.</p> <p>2 Q I know. I was trying to separate that out</p> <p>3 and ask whether or not you kept a personal list or</p> <p>4 file of surgeries that you performed and so forth.</p> <p>5 A No.</p> <p>6 Q We have been talking about prolapse.</p> <p>7 Would you consider prolapse to be a pelvic floor</p> <p>8 disorder?</p> <p>9 A Yes.</p> <p>10 Q And would you consider prolapse to be a</p> <p>11 pelvic floor disorder that can pose serious problems</p> <p>12 for women?</p> <p>13 A It can.</p> <p>14 Q As we talked about with incontinence, it</p> <p>15 can also affect a woman's lifestyle or confidence?</p> <p>16 A It can.</p> <p>17 Q Can be an embarrassing situation?</p> <p>18 A Are you comparing incontinence and</p> <p>19 prolapse or just restricting --</p> <p>20 Q No, not at all. I'm just asking in</p> <p>21 general. I was really referring back to what we had</p> <p>22 talked about earlier only, not necessarily comparing</p> <p>23 the two.</p> <p>24 A Okay. Yes. Then the answer is yes.</p> <p>25 Q The answer is, yes, that it can be</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 168</p> <p>1 potential causes of prolapse?</p> <p>2 A Okay. Again, we talked earlier about not</p> <p>3 completely understanding the etiology of stress</p> <p>4 incontinence. The same thing applies to</p> <p>5 understanding the etiology of prolapse. My</p> <p>6 understanding of the development of prolapse begins</p> <p>7 with some element of pelvic muscle dysfunction that</p> <p>8 leads to undue strain on the connective tissue</p> <p>9 attachments to the vagina they were not by nature</p> <p>10 designed to withstand, and so over time those</p> <p>11 connective tissue attachments can stretch or</p> <p>12 possibly break resulting in loss of support to the</p> <p>13 vagina. And since the other organs in the pelvis --</p> <p>14 the bladder, the uterus, the rectum -- rely</p> <p>15 primarily on the vagina for support, when the vagina</p> <p>16 loses support, the pelvic organs prolapse.</p> <p>17 Q You said that it was your understanding</p> <p>18 that it was a disorder of the muscles in the pelvic</p> <p>19 floor?</p> <p>20 A A dysfunction of the pelvic muscles.</p> <p>21 Q And the dysfunction of the pelvic muscles</p> <p>22 can be painful?</p> <p>23 A Not the type that leads to prolapse. In</p> <p>24 the way I'm speaking of dysfunction at this moment,</p> <p>25 it's a weakness or a laxity, a loss of tone or</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 167</p> <p>1 embarrassing. Can it affect either the ability or</p> <p>2 desire for sexual relations?</p> <p>3 A What do you mean by "ability"?</p> <p>4 Q Well, can it affect sexual function?</p> <p>5 A It can affect sexual function.</p> <p>6 Q Can it affect sexual satisfaction?</p> <p>7 A It can.</p> <p>8 Q Can prolapse impair bowel movements</p> <p>9 depending on the type of prolapse?</p> <p>10 A It can.</p> <p>11 Q Can it affect urinary incontinence?</p> <p>12 A Can you specify that?</p> <p>13 Q Well, can it affect either urinary</p> <p>14 incontinence or urinary retention?</p> <p>15 A I don't know that it affects urinary</p> <p>16 incontinence. Urinary retention can be associated</p> <p>17 with very advanced prolapse.</p> <p>18 Q In terms of the symptoms that a woman</p> <p>19 often reports, she might report a feeling of pelvic</p> <p>20 heaviness or a bulge from time to time?</p> <p>21 A Yes.</p> <p>22 Q Have there been or are there risk factors</p> <p>23 associated with prolapse?</p> <p>24 A I don't think I understand your question.</p> <p>25 Q What factors have been identified as</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 169</p> <p>1 strength, not a painful condition.</p> <p>2 Q Let me just ask the question and</p> <p>3 understand that. Has pelvic muscle dysfunction been</p> <p>4 associated with pelvic pain?</p> <p>5 A "Dysfunction" is a very broad term. I</p> <p>6 prefer to speak specifically of what I believe is</p> <p>7 affecting the pelvic muscles. Are they hypertonic?</p> <p>8 Is that a reason for pain? To my understanding,</p> <p>9 laxity associated with prolapse does not cause</p> <p>10 pelvic muscle pain.</p> <p>11 Q Are other forms of pelvic muscle disorder,</p> <p>12 whether it's dystonia or something else, associated</p> <p>13 with pelvic pain?</p> <p>14 A Yes. Hypertonicity, spasm, myalgia, a</p> <p>15 number of terms that, yes, are associated with pain.</p> <p>16 Q And those disorders that are associated</p> <p>17 with pelvic pain are disorders that are seen and</p> <p>18 treated by gynecologists and urogynecologists?</p> <p>19 A Yes.</p> <p>20 Q Now, if we're looking at the factors</p> <p>21 associated with prolapse, they may be genetic</p> <p>22 factors, for example?</p> <p>23 A Possibly.</p> <p>24 Q So, for example, family histories have</p> <p>25 been associated with prolapse?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 170</p> <p>1 A Yes.</p> <p>2 Q There's some thought that connective</p> <p>3 tissue diseases or other diseases might be</p> <p>4 associated with prolapse?</p> <p>5 A Might be.</p> <p>6 Q Obesity has been associated with prolapse?</p> <p>7 A Yes.</p> <p>8 Q Childbirth has been associated with</p> <p>9 prolapse?</p> <p>10 A Yes.</p> <p>11 Q Have conditions that are stress or strain</p> <p>12 on the musculature, for example, constipation, been</p> <p>13 associated with prolapse?</p> <p>14 A To my understanding, that is more</p> <p>15 theoretical than evidence-based. I think it's</p> <p>16 plausible, but I don't think it's well supported by</p> <p>17 the literature.</p> <p>18 Q How about age being associated with</p> <p>19 prolapse?</p> <p>20 A Age, yes.</p> <p>21 Q Menopause?</p> <p>22 A Menopause, again, theoretical but not well</p> <p>23 supported.</p> <p>24 Q How about smoking?</p> <p>25 A Theoretical, not -- I don't believe I've</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 172</p> <p>1 general prolapse, you can pick any kind you want, I</p> <p>2 assume that you would agree with me, and I think</p> <p>3 this is what you've said, that any consultation and</p> <p>4 treatment has to be geared specifically to the</p> <p>5 patient's condition?</p> <p>6 A To the patient's symptoms.</p> <p>7 Q Patient's symptoms.</p> <p>8 A Yes.</p> <p>9 Q And as a surgeon when you're advising a</p> <p>10 patient or consulting with them on the alternatives</p> <p>11 for treatment of those symptoms or conditions, it's</p> <p>12 important to discuss the broad range of those</p> <p>13 possible alternative treatments?</p> <p>14 A Yes.</p> <p>15 Q And in discussing those treatments with a</p> <p>16 patient, depending upon her condition, among the</p> <p>17 alternative treatments that would be considered</p> <p>18 would be, one, doing nothing and just observing the</p> <p>19 condition for a while to see how it developed;</p> <p>20 correct?</p> <p>21 A Correct.</p> <p>22 Q Two, suggesting the use of certain pelvic</p> <p>23 floor muscle exercises --</p> <p>24 A Correct.</p> <p>25 Q -- to strengthen the muscles; correct?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 171</p> <p>1 seen literature supporting an association between</p> <p>2 smoking. Chronic coughing is often listed. And,</p> <p>3 again, that's something that's more anecdotal and</p> <p>4 not, to my knowledge, well supported in the</p> <p>5 literature.</p> <p>6 Q Chronic coughing has been associated much</p> <p>7 like constipation has in the sense of it putting</p> <p>8 stress or strain on the pelvic musculature?</p> <p>9 A Correct.</p> <p>10 Q Are there other identified factors that</p> <p>11 have been associated with prolapse?</p> <p>12 A Lifting, heavy physical work, that falls</p> <p>13 into the category of the constipation and the</p> <p>14 chronic coughing. Again, really anecdotal.</p> <p>15 Q How about exercise?</p> <p>16 A Yeah, that's a confounder. Obviously a</p> <p>17 very general term. So there may be some exercises</p> <p>18 that are actually beneficial in terms of protecting</p> <p>19 or strengthening the pelvic floor and preventing or</p> <p>20 ameliorating prolapse and then there may be</p> <p>21 exercises that are -- have a relation with increased</p> <p>22 intra-abdominal pressure and have that theoretical</p> <p>23 association with prolapse.</p> <p>24 Q If a patient came to you with prolapse,</p> <p>25 and just for our purposes right now let's say just a</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 173</p> <p>1 A Correct.</p> <p>2 Q Three might be the use of pessaries?</p> <p>3 A Correct.</p> <p>4 Q And four might be the use of different</p> <p>5 surgeries; correct?</p> <p>6 A Correct. I would also add behavioral and</p> <p>7 lifestyle changes.</p> <p>8 Q And when you say "behavioral and lifestyle</p> <p>9 changes," tell me what changes you would include</p> <p>10 within that.</p> <p>11 A I would inquire as to her bowel habit and</p> <p>12 ask her about things like straining; and if that's a</p> <p>13 problem for her, to address that. Almost regardless</p> <p>14 of whatever other form of treatment she chooses, if</p> <p>15 any, I would want her to stop doing that, straining.</p> <p>16 Q And so to accomplish that would you</p> <p>17 prescribe, for example, a laxative or some other</p> <p>18 pharmacologic agent or how would you change that?</p> <p>19 Change her eating habits?</p> <p>20 A Well, pharmacology would be one way to go.</p> <p>21 Eating habits. You have to learn what the patient's</p> <p>22 already doing obviously to be able to suggest what</p> <p>23 will work for her, what she's going to be willing to</p> <p>24 accept and so forth.</p> <p>25 Q And as a surgeon when you counsel a</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 174</p> <p>1 patient about the different surgical alternatives, 2 one of the issues that would be important would be 3 for the surgeon to counsel with respect to 4 procedures with which he or she is comfortable and 5 familiar; correct? 6 A Correct. 7 Q And if he or she is not comfortable or 8 familiar with doing a particular surgery that the 9 patient needs, then it would be appropriate to refer 10 that patient elsewhere? 11 A I agree with that. 12 Q So that as a practical matter, it's 13 important in the course of discussing treatment of 14 prolapse with a patient that the surgeon and patient 15 together discuss all of the options for her 16 particular condition as well as determining whether 17 or not or what type of surgery that particular 18 surgeon can or should perform? 19 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form. 20 You can answer. 21 THE WITNESS: Yeah, that's a long 22 question. I agree with the beginning part. I think 23 I lost you at the end. 24 BY MS. JONES: 25 Q You would agree with me that if a surgeon</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 176</p> <p>1 Q Never reviewed prior to being engaged in 2 this litigation any of the marketing materials for 3 Prolift®? 4 A Just what I would see in the journals, you 5 know, as I'm reading them. 6 Q Never saw a surgery involving Prolift®? 7 A I've seen the surgical videos. 8 Q The surgical videos that you saw in the 9 context of this litigation? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Prior to being retained as an expert in 12 this litigation, you had never seen a surgical video 13 for the implantation of Prolift®? 14 A Correct. 15 Q I think it's self-explanatory, but you've 16 never observed a surgery where Prolift® has been 17 used other than on that video that you saw in the 18 context of litigation? 19 A Correct. 20 Q Have you participated, Doctor, in the 21 professional educational programs of any 22 manufacturer of pelvic mesh other than Ethicon? 23 A I have not participated in the 24 professional education for Prolift®. 25 Q I understand that. My question was not</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 175</p> <p>1 does not feel comfortable with performing a 2 particular surgical procedure, it would be 3 appropriate for that surgeon to refer the patient to 4 someone else for that procedure? 5 MR. SLATER: Objection; asked and 6 answered. 7 You can answer again. 8 THE WITNESS: Correct. 9 BY MS. JONES: 10 Q Let me back up and go to a different topic 11 before I forget this. You never used or implanted 12 Prolift®; correct? 13 A Correct. 14 Q You never underwent or participated in any 15 of the professional education programs on Prolift®; 16 correct? 17 A Correct. 18 Q You never did any cadaver training with 19 respect to the use of mesh products for pelvic floor 20 repair? 21 A Correct. 22 Q I take it you never talked with any of the 23 sales representatives about Ethicon's products or 24 Prolift®? 25 A Correct.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 177</p> <p>1 very artful. I apologize. Have you participated in 2 any professional education program put on by any 3 manufacturer of mesh used in pelvic floor repair? 4 A No. 5 Q I had initially restricted my questions to 6 Prolift®, but let me ask this in a broader sense. 7 Have you seen or observed any surgery using 8 transvaginally implanted mesh for pelvic floor 9 repair? 10 MR. SLATER: You're talking about 11 prolapse now; right? 12 MS. JONES: Prolapse. I'm sorry. 13 THE WITNESS: Prolapse. Okay. The 14 answer is no. 15 BY MS. JONES: 16 Q Regardless of the manufacturer? 17 A Correct. 18 MR. SLATER: That question was 19 vaginal surgery; right? 20 MS. JONES: Transvaginal, yeah. 21 BY MS. JONES: 22 Q Obviously you were never a Prolift® 23 preceptor; correct? 24 A Correct. 25 Q Have you ever visited with or spoken to a</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 178</p> <p>1 Prolift® preceptor?</p> <p>2 A Do you mean ever or specific to Prolift®</p> <p>3 precepting?</p> <p>4 Q Specific to Prolift®.</p> <p>5 A No.</p> <p>6 Q Do you know Prolift® preceptors?</p> <p>7 A I know Vince Lucente.</p> <p>8 Q Do you know anyone other than Vince</p> <p>9 Lucente?</p> <p>10 A Probably but I don't -- I can't pull out</p> <p>11 any other names off the top of my head.</p> <p>12 Q Were you ever a Prolift® proctor?</p> <p>13 A No.</p> <p>14 Q Ever speak to a Prolift® proctor about</p> <p>15 Prolift®?</p> <p>16 A No.</p> <p>17 Q Before being engaged as an expert in this</p> <p>18 litigation, had you ever read the Prolift®</p> <p>19 information for use?</p> <p>20 A Instructions for use? No.</p> <p>21 Q Instructions for use. I'm sorry.</p> <p>22 A No.</p> <p>23 Q Had you ever read the IFU for Gynemesh®</p> <p>24 PS?</p> <p>25 A No.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 180</p> <p>1 a surgical technique manual?</p> <p>2 A For a manufacturer?</p> <p>3 Q Produced for a manufacturer.</p> <p>4 A No.</p> <p>5 Q Have you prior to being engaged in this</p> <p>6 litigation ever seen a surgical technique manual</p> <p>7 published by a manufacturer?</p> <p>8 A Specific to prolapse or incontinence?</p> <p>9 Q Let's talk about specific to prolapse</p> <p>10 first.</p> <p>11 A No.</p> <p>12 Q Have you ever seen a surgical technique</p> <p>13 manual specific to incontinence?</p> <p>14 A Yes.</p> <p>15 Q Tell me what surgical technique manual you</p> <p>16 saw.</p> <p>17 A The TVT®.</p> <p>18 Q Have you seen any surgical technique</p> <p>19 manual ever published by any manufacturer other than</p> <p>20 Ethicon?</p> <p>21 A Before this involvement?</p> <p>22 Q Before this involvement.</p> <p>23 A No.</p> <p>24 Q Today as you sit here have you seen any</p> <p>25 surgical technique manuals produced by AMS, for</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 179</p> <p>1 Q Had you ever read the IFU for any other</p> <p>2 mesh used for pelvic floor reconstruction?</p> <p>3 A I may have when I was performing abdominal</p> <p>4 sacrocolpopexy, and I can't remember the mesh we</p> <p>5 used, but it's likely I would have read the</p> <p>6 instructions for use for that product.</p> <p>7 Q You just can't remember?</p> <p>8 A (Witness shakes head.)</p> <p>9 Q Have you ever read the IFU prior to being</p> <p>10 engaged in this litigation for any transvaginal mesh</p> <p>11 kit used in pelvic floor repair?</p> <p>12 A Again, are we focusing on prolapse</p> <p>13 specifically?</p> <p>14 Q Yes. I'm sorry.</p> <p>15 A No.</p> <p>16 Q Am I correct, Doctor, that you have never</p> <p>17 either been employed by or engaged as a consultant</p> <p>18 for any either pharmaceutical or device</p> <p>19 manufacturer?</p> <p>20 A I have not been.</p> <p>21 Q At no time have you ever been requested by</p> <p>22 either a manufacturer or a regulatory agency to</p> <p>23 consult on the contents of instructions for use?</p> <p>24 A No.</p> <p>25 Q Have you ever been requested to advise on</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 181</p> <p>1 example?</p> <p>2 A Yes.</p> <p>3 Q From Boston Scientific?</p> <p>4 A No.</p> <p>5 Q By Bard?</p> <p>6 A No.</p> <p>7 Q Do you know whether or not Bard or Boston</p> <p>8 Scientific had any surgical technique manuals?</p> <p>9 A I do not know.</p> <p>10 Q What surgical technique manual produced by</p> <p>11 AMS did you review?</p> <p>12 A The Apogee® and the Perigee®.</p> <p>13 Q Do you know when AMS first produced that</p> <p>14 surgical technique manual?</p> <p>15 A Roughly early 2000s, '2, '3. I don't know</p> <p>16 exactly.</p> <p>17 Q You've never used Apogee® in your</p> <p>18 practice; correct?</p> <p>19 A Correct.</p> <p>20 Q When you were at Magee, was any AMS</p> <p>21 product used there?</p> <p>22 A I don't believe so.</p> <p>23 Q While you were at Magee, do you know</p> <p>24 whether any Bard product or Boston Scientific</p> <p>25 product was used there?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 182</p> <p>1 A I don't know but I can't say for sure not. 2 MR. SLATER: One second. 3 (Short recess.) 4 BY MS. JONES: 5 Q Doctor, when you did your training on 6 abdominal sacrocolpopexy, you said that you were 7 trained by Dr. Walters? 8 A Yes. 9 Q Was that in surgery, hands-on training? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Did you do any work in a cadaver lab, for 12 example, to do that surgery, to learn to do the 13 surgery? 14 A No. 15 Q Were there any videos or DVDs available to 16 you to help you learn how to do that surgery? 17 A No. 18 Q Did you see any slides or PowerPoint 19 presentations about how to do that? 20 A No. 21 Q I guess that's almost 20 years ago. Maybe 22 they didn't have those at that time. Did you attend 23 any lectures on how to do that surgery and under 24 what circumstances? 25 A I had exposure to abdominal</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 184</p> <p>1 Q And would the same thing be true for 2 sacrospinous ligament fixation, for example? 3 A Well, that -- yes, that would have been, 4 you know, as part of my initial hiring out of 5 fellowship. 6 Q But it would have been -- 7 A The chairman. My chairman. 8 Q The chair of your department or your 9 hospital would have been the one that credentialized 10 you that said that you're allowed to perform these 11 surgeries? 12 A Well, we filled out the form together. 13 Here are the list of procedures. You've done that? 14 Yes. You're trained and experienced in that? Yes. 15 So to my recollection, we did that together. 16 Q You and the chairman? 17 A Yes. 18 Q But the chairman had to sign off on that, 19 if you will, before you were allowed to conduct 20 those surgeries in that hospital? 21 A Correct. 22 Q Was that true of all of the surgeries that 23 you performed? 24 A Yes. 25 Q And was that true also at Magee when you</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 183</p> <p>1 sacrocolpopexy, the teaching of how to perform it, 2 in my residency and in my fellowship, but in actual 3 hands-on performing surgery under the supervision 4 and guidance of Dr. Walters, that occurred in 1993. 5 Q When you said you had exposure during your 6 fellow -- 7 A Residency and fellowship. 8 Q -- your fellowship and residency, was that 9 in the form of lectures? 10 A Yes; and textbooks. 11 Q Do you have any recollection of how many 12 cases you watched before you actually performed the 13 surgery? 14 A No, I don't. 15 Q Was it more than one? 16 A Yes. 17 Q Who credentialized you to allow you to do 18 an abdominal sacrocolpopexy at the Cleveland Clinic? 19 A I don't recall if there was a specific 20 process for that. It would have been my chairman if 21 that process -- I certainly remember that when I 22 joined the staff as to what procedures I would be 23 performing. And I don't remember how we 24 specifically added on subsequent procedures, but it 25 would be my chairman.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 185</p> <p>1 went to Pittsburgh? 2 A I don't remember that specifically, but I 3 imagine a similar process took place. 4 Q Generally it is the hospitals or the 5 chairs of those departments there that authorize or 6 give the permission to surgeons to perform certain 7 surgeries; correct? 8 A Yes. 9 Q Doctor, have you ever talked with a 10 patient who had mesh used for pelvic floor repair 11 and recommended that they file a lawsuit? 12 A No. 13 Q I think you told us about your knowledge 14 of potential mesh complications. Have you ever 15 removed a Prolift®? 16 A No. 17 Q Or any portion of the mesh of a Prolift®? 18 A No. 19 Q Have you ever treated a woman who had a 20 Prolift®? 21 A No. 22 Q And I said treated. Have you ever 23 examined a woman who had a Prolift®? 24 A No. 25 Q In the course of your teaching, did you</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 186</p> <p>1 train residents or fellows on the treatment of mesh 2 complications? 3 A Specific to abdominal sacrocolpopexy and 4 slings, yes. 5 Q And in terms of the abdominal 6 sacrocolpopexy, what types of treatment did you 7 recommend or suggest to fellows or residents was 8 appropriate in the case of exposures or erosions? 9 A Depending on the size of the erosion, 10 beginning with topical treatment, estrogen; if there 11 appeared to be an active vaginitis going on, topical 12 antibiotics; if that wasn't successful, then attempt 13 at mesh resection transvaginally; and if that wasn't 14 successful, then mesh resection abdominally. 15 Q Do you agree that mesh exposures do not 16 necessarily require any treatment? 17 MR. SLATER: Objection. 18 You can answer. 19 THE WITNESS: I must say, my 20 experience in treating patients with mesh erosion 21 has fortunately been limited. I personally would 22 feel uncomfortable unless the patient was ready for 23 frequent follow-up to just watch and wait. 24 BY MS. JONES: 25 Q You said that you would -- I don't think</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 188</p> <p>1 resection? 2 A To spare the patient another abdominal 3 operation. 4 Q An abdominal operation is just a far more 5 serious, complicated operation than the vaginal 6 approach? 7 A It can be. 8 Q As a practical matter, Doctor, if you've 9 not done a mesh resection, I assume you've done no 10 mesh removals? 11 A Except for TVT®. 12 Q Except for the TVT®? 13 A Correct. 14 Q And how many mesh removals have you done 15 with the TVT®? 16 A That would have been at the Cleveland 17 Clinic. So, again, I can't give you a number, but I 18 would say less than five. 19 Q When we were addressing the mesh 20 resections, generally you would take the most 21 conservative approach first to the treatment of that 22 erosion? 23 A I personally don't like the word 24 "conservative" because it means so many things to so 25 many people.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 187</p> <p>1 you said this, but I interpreted this -- suggest 2 topical creams. That would be an estrogen cream? 3 A Yes. 4 Q And did you find that the estrogen cream 5 was often sufficient to accomplish the healing? 6 A Again, my clinical experience in managing 7 mesh complications like erosion is limited. 8 Personally I'm not sure that estrogen has -- is 9 effective or whether it's passage of time. No one's 10 studied the most effective way to manage mesh 11 complications. 12 Q When you say that your experience managing 13 mesh erosions is limited, do you have any idea how 14 many mesh erosions you have treated? 15 A I would say a handful at most. 16 Q Five? 17 A Probably less than five. 18 Q Have you ever done any mesh resections? 19 A Only for a TVT®. 20 Q Never done a mesh resection for an 21 abdominal sacrocolpopexy? 22 A No. 23 Q Is there a reason, when you were talking 24 about doing mesh resections, that you would first 25 attempt a vaginal resection before an abdominal</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 189</p> <p>1 Q Would you choose the least invasive? 2 A It depends. I think if I saw a patient 3 with a very extensive erosion where I felt there was 4 a risk to her, then I don't know if I would feel 5 comfortable wasting -- not wasting time but spending 6 time on something that wouldn't have a great chance 7 of success. 8 Q You told us, Doctor, that you were aware 9 of a risk of mesh contraction. Did you ever have a 10 patient that you treated for mesh contraction? 11 A No. 12 Q You told us that you were aware of the 13 risk of infection associated with the use of mesh. 14 Did you ever have a patient that you treated for 15 infection associated with mesh? 16 A No. 17 Q As you sit here today, do you remember 18 treating any patient who had mesh used in an 19 abdominal sacrocolpopexy for any mesh-related 20 complication? 21 A No. 22 Q Other than the TVT® that we talked about, 23 do you remember treating any patient at all for any 24 mesh-related complication? 25 A No.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 190</p> <p>1 Q Have you ever examined mesh removed from a</p> <p>2 patient that had been used to repair prolapse?</p> <p>3 A No.</p> <p>4 Q Am I correct that you've never then looked</p> <p>5 at mesh that's been removed under a microscope or</p> <p>6 held it in any way?</p> <p>7 A I have reviewed the histology slides</p> <p>8 prepared for this case. I haven't handled it in my</p> <p>9 hands.</p> <p>10 Q Prior to being engaged as an expert</p> <p>11 witness in this case, had you ever looked at</p> <p>12 pathology slides on mesh?</p> <p>13 A No.</p> <p>14 Q Prior to being engaged as an expert</p> <p>15 witness in this case, had you ever held in your hand</p> <p>16 to examine any mesh removed from a patient other</p> <p>17 than the transvaginal tape?</p> <p>18 A No.</p> <p>19 Q Prior to becoming involved in this</p> <p>20 litigation, had you ever reviewed any</p> <p>21 photomicrographs of mesh removed from a patient?</p> <p>22 A No.</p> <p>23 Q Prior to being involved and engaged as an</p> <p>24 expert in this case, had you ever seen any surgery</p> <p>25 or observed any surgery to remove mesh from a</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 192</p> <p>1 polymer chemist, do you?</p> <p>2 A No, I am not a polymer chemist.</p> <p>3 Q And I take it that you're not a</p> <p>4 biomaterials expert?</p> <p>5 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>6 You can answer.</p> <p>7 THE WITNESS: What do you mean by an</p> <p>8 expert?</p> <p>9 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>10 Q Well, do you have any special training in</p> <p>11 the development of biomaterials?</p> <p>12 A Not in the development of biomaterials.</p> <p>13 Based on my background and my study in this case, I</p> <p>14 think I have a broad understanding of the input,</p> <p>15 say, a medical director at Ethicon would give into</p> <p>16 discussions and decisions surrounding biomaterials.</p> <p>17 Q That's not really what my question is,</p> <p>18 Doctor. Let me ask this: You said based upon your</p> <p>19 study in this case. Am I correct then that prior to</p> <p>20 becoming engaged as an expert witness in this</p> <p>21 particular litigation, you had not studied the</p> <p>22 characteristics of those meshes?</p> <p>23 A Correct.</p> <p>24 Q And that means you had never done any</p> <p>25 laboratory studies on them?</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 191</p> <p>1 patient?</p> <p>2 A No.</p> <p>3 Q Prior to being engaged as an expert</p> <p>4 witness in this case, had you ever performed any</p> <p>5 examination of the porosity of a mesh?</p> <p>6 A Now, Dr. Moalli at the University of</p> <p>7 Pittsburgh is involved in studying mesh</p> <p>8 characteristics. I am certainly not -- at that time</p> <p>9 I was not directly involved in her research. I've</p> <p>10 been in her lab and she's shown me what she's doing.</p> <p>11 That would be the extent of my answer.</p> <p>12 Q You've never been engaged in any research</p> <p>13 on the porosity of mesh; am I correct?</p> <p>14 A Correct.</p> <p>15 Q You've never actually measured the size of</p> <p>16 the pores of mesh; am I correct?</p> <p>17 A Correct.</p> <p>18 Q You've never actually done any comparison</p> <p>19 between the different shapes of the pores of mesh;</p> <p>20 am I correct?</p> <p>21 A Correct.</p> <p>22 Q You've never done any studies comparing</p> <p>23 multifilament with monofilament mesh; am I correct?</p> <p>24 A Correct.</p> <p>25 Q You certainly don't hold yourself out as a</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 193</p> <p>1 A Correct.</p> <p>2 Q Never done any biomechanical studies on</p> <p>3 them?</p> <p>4 A Correct.</p> <p>5 Q Never compared the biomechanical studies</p> <p>6 done on the different types of meshes?</p> <p>7 A Correct.</p> <p>8 Q Never done any type of comparison upon the</p> <p>9 characteristics of the different meshes, such as</p> <p>10 tensile strength or burst point?</p> <p>11 A Correct.</p> <p>12 Q And you've never done any animal or</p> <p>13 toxicology studies involving the use of mesh, have</p> <p>14 you?</p> <p>15 A No.</p> <p>16 Q I understand that you are a medical</p> <p>17 doctor, but beyond the standard medical training, do</p> <p>18 you have any advanced training in pathology?</p> <p>19 A No.</p> <p>20 Q How about in radiology?</p> <p>21 A No.</p> <p>22 Q Psychiatry or psychology?</p> <p>23 A "Advanced training" meaning?</p> <p>24 Q Well, have you ever held yourself out as a</p> <p>25 psychiatrist?</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 194</p> <p>1 A No.</p> <p>2 Q Have you obtained any postgraduate</p> <p>3 education in the field of psychiatry?</p> <p>4 A No.</p> <p>5 Q Have you ever been granted privileges on</p> <p>6 staff at any hospital as a psychiatrist or for</p> <p>7 psychiatry?</p> <p>8 A No.</p> <p>9 Q You're certainly not Board-certified in</p> <p>10 psychiatry?</p> <p>11 A Correct.</p> <p>12 Q It would also be true that you don't hold</p> <p>13 yourself out as an infectious disease specialist?</p> <p>14 MR. SLATER: Objection.</p> <p>15 You can answer.</p> <p>16 THE WITNESS: I am experienced in</p> <p>17 caring for the infectious diseases that occur in</p> <p>18 gynecologic and urogynecologic practice.</p> <p>19 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>20 Q There is a subspeciality that's recognized</p> <p>21 for infectious diseases, isn't there?</p> <p>22 A I don't know.</p> <p>23 Q You've certainly not been Boarded as an</p> <p>24 infectious disease specialist?</p> <p>25 A No, I am not.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 196</p> <p>1 federal regulations that pertain to devices?</p> <p>2 A I have reviewed some of them.</p> <p>3 Q When did you review those?</p> <p>4 A Do you mean a date or relative to this</p> <p>5 case?</p> <p>6 Q Relative to this lawsuit.</p> <p>7 A Okay. Yes, relative to this lawsuit.</p> <p>8 Q But you had never reviewed the FDA</p> <p>9 regulations prior to becoming engaged as an expert</p> <p>10 witness in this lawsuit?</p> <p>11 A No.</p> <p>12 Q I asked a very bad question. I think</p> <p>13 we've got a double negative there.</p> <p>14 Had you ever reviewed the FDA regulations</p> <p>15 pertaining to devices prior to becoming engaged as a</p> <p>16 witness in this case?</p> <p>17 A No.</p> <p>18 Q Had you ever been involved in a clinical</p> <p>19 trial designed to evaluate the safety and efficacy</p> <p>20 of a medical device prior to becoming engaged in</p> <p>21 this lawsuit?</p> <p>22 A Yes.</p> <p>23 Q What device was that?</p> <p>24 A Well, we hadn't decided. This was in the</p> <p>25 pelvic floor disorders network. We were interested</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 195</p> <p>1 Q And don't have any advanced training in</p> <p>2 the field of neurology?</p> <p>3 MR. SLATER: Did you say neurology?</p> <p>4 MS. JONES: Neuro, N-E, neurology.</p> <p>5 THE WITNESS: Certain tests are</p> <p>6 performed as part of urodynamic testing, for</p> <p>7 example, that evaluate the muscles and the nerves.</p> <p>8 So I certainly have training and experience in that.</p> <p>9 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>10 Q I'm sorry. You have training and</p> <p>11 experience in?</p> <p>12 A The muscle and nerve testing that is a</p> <p>13 part of urodynamic studies.</p> <p>14 Q And in the course of your work as a</p> <p>15 surgeon and doing pelvic floor repairs, did you</p> <p>16 become aware of the potential complication of injury</p> <p>17 to the pudendal nerve?</p> <p>18 A Yes.</p> <p>19 Q And did you treat pudendal neuralgia?</p> <p>20 A No, I have not had that in my clinical</p> <p>21 experience.</p> <p>22 Q Have you had patients who had pudendal</p> <p>23 nerve damage?</p> <p>24 A Not in my clinical practice, no.</p> <p>25 Q Have you ever reviewed, Doctor, the</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 197</p> <p>1 in studying mesh products. And that was at a time</p> <p>2 when the products were rapidly changing, products</p> <p>3 being brought on the market, taken off the market,</p> <p>4 changed, put back on the market. And ultimately in</p> <p>5 my tenure as the program director of the pelvic</p> <p>6 floor disorders network, we were not confident that</p> <p>7 we could choose a product and have relevant study</p> <p>8 results by the time it takes to complete a clinical</p> <p>9 trial.</p> <p>10 Q When was this being considered?</p> <p>11 A I would say between 2006 and 2007.</p> <p>12 Q Does the pelvic floor network still exist?</p> <p>13 A Yes.</p> <p>14 Q Does the program at NIH still exist?</p> <p>15 A Yes.</p> <p>16 Q Who is the current program director?</p> <p>17 A I don't know.</p> <p>18 Q When is the last time that you had any</p> <p>19 contact with that network?</p> <p>20 A Well, the network itself, not the</p> <p>21 individuals I assume is what you're meaning. So the</p> <p>22 following year, the 2008 year, that would -- you</p> <p>23 know, throughout that year just smoothing over the</p> <p>24 transition a little bit.</p> <p>25 Q Why did you leave your position as program</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 198</p> <p>1 director?</p> <p>2 A I felt that I had accomplished what I</p> <p>3 wanted to accomplish. The clinical trials network</p> <p>4 was functioning well. I was confident that it would</p> <p>5 continue without my leadership. And my health at</p> <p>6 that time benefited from me reducing the intensity</p> <p>7 of my workload and the amount of travel I was</p> <p>8 required to do.</p> <p>9 Q So am I correct, if we go back to where we</p> <p>10 started, that you were never involved in a clinical</p> <p>11 trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of a</p> <p>12 device?</p> <p>13 A Correct.</p> <p>14 Q Prior to being retained as an expert</p> <p>15 witness in this lawsuit, had you ever reviewed the</p> <p>16 patient brochure for Prolift®?</p> <p>17 A No.</p> <p>18 Q Had you reviewed the patient brochure for</p> <p>19 any other product?</p> <p>20 A Specific to a medical device for prolapse?</p> <p>21 Q Right.</p> <p>22 A No.</p> <p>23 Q Had you ever reviewed the patient brochure</p> <p>24 for TVT®?</p> <p>25 A I believe so.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 200</p> <p>1 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>2 Q Well, let me ask it this way: Would you</p> <p>3 ever perform a surgery on a patient who came to you</p> <p>4 and said, Doctor, I've looked at the patient</p> <p>5 brochure and I want to have a surgery involving this</p> <p>6 device without first counseling with them?</p> <p>7 A No.</p> <p>8 Q Did you use patient brochures with the</p> <p>9 TVT®?</p> <p>10 A I did not supply patients with the patient</p> <p>11 brochure.</p> <p>12 Q And that's because you considered them to</p> <p>13 be a marketing device?</p> <p>14 A No. That's because if they were</p> <p>15 available, it would be someone else's job to make</p> <p>16 them available to the patient, like the --</p> <p>17 Q I don't understand.</p> <p>18 A Like the nurse manager of the clinical</p> <p>19 area deciding what materials would be put out for</p> <p>20 patients' use.</p> <p>21 Q That's something that was put out in your</p> <p>22 facility and given to patients without the approval</p> <p>23 of physicians?</p> <p>24 A I don't know specifically. I wasn't</p> <p>25 involved.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 199</p> <p>1 Q Did you ever counsel with a patient about</p> <p>2 the patient brochure for the TVT®?</p> <p>3 A I don't understand your question.</p> <p>4 Q Did you ever use the patient brochure for</p> <p>5 the TVT® to counsel a patient?</p> <p>6 A No.</p> <p>7 Q You understand that patient brochures are</p> <p>8 available through doctors to counsel patients?</p> <p>9 A Do I understand they're available?</p> <p>10 Q How do you understand that patients get</p> <p>11 the patient brochures?</p> <p>12 MR. SLATER: Objection to the form.</p> <p>13 You can answer.</p> <p>14 THE WITNESS: The hard copy, the</p> <p>15 little pamphlet? I would assume they usually pick</p> <p>16 that up in the doctor's office.</p> <p>17 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>18 Q And they are designed to be used in</p> <p>19 consultation with a physician, are they not?</p> <p>20 MR. SLATER: Objection.</p> <p>21 You can answer.</p> <p>22 THE WITNESS: I don't believe it</p> <p>23 says -- I take that back. To my mind, they're a</p> <p>24 marketing device.</p> <p>25</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 201</p> <p>1 Q When you said that you considered the</p> <p>2 patient brochures to be marketing devices, did you</p> <p>3 ever use or make available a patient brochure to a</p> <p>4 patient for any reason?</p> <p>5 A For a commercial product?</p> <p>6 Q Uh-huh.</p> <p>7 A I did not personally do that, no.</p> <p>8 Q Do you know whether in any institution</p> <p>9 with which you were associated the patient brochures</p> <p>10 for devices were distributed to patients?</p> <p>11 A I don't know.</p> <p>12 Q Did you ever have a conversation with a</p> <p>13 patient about the contents of the patient brochure?</p> <p>14 A Not that I recall.</p> <p>15 Q Do you remember whether or not there were</p> <p>16 patient brochures with Gynemesh® PS?</p> <p>17 A Do I know if they existed?</p> <p>18 Q Uh-huh, or whether you used them.</p> <p>19 A Prior to being involved --</p> <p>20 Q Prior to being involved as an expert</p> <p>21 witness here.</p> <p>22 A I do not know.</p> <p>23 Q Am I correct that prior to being involved</p> <p>24 as an expert witness in this litigation, you have no</p> <p>25 recollection of ever reviewing a patient brochure on</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 202</p> <p>1 any mesh product?</p> <p>2 A With the patient you mean or just</p> <p>3 reviewing it for general reading?</p> <p>4 Q Just reviewing it. Do you remember ever</p> <p>5 reading a patient brochure prior to being engaged in</p> <p>6 this litigation?</p> <p>7 A No, I don't recall.</p> <p>8 Q Do you ever remember walking into or</p> <p>9 looking at the brochures at Magee, for example, to</p> <p>10 see what patient brochures were out there for the</p> <p>11 patients to look at?</p> <p>12 A No.</p> <p>13 Q Have you ever used any materials put out</p> <p>14 by a manufacturer to assist you in counseling a</p> <p>15 patient?</p> <p>16 A I don't recall. Using products was not a</p> <p>17 big part of my practice.</p> <p>18 Q Well, let me ask you a little bit</p> <p>19 differently. Sometimes there are brochures or</p> <p>20 publications that may not deal specifically with the</p> <p>21 product but that may deal with the condition, pelvic</p> <p>22 organ prolapse, for example. Do you ever remember</p> <p>23 using any of those types of materials to counsel the</p> <p>24 patients?</p> <p>25 A We had brochures that discussed conditions</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 204</p> <p>1 A Those are the brochures that we used from</p> <p>2 the American College.</p> <p>3 Q You didn't develop a separate brochure on</p> <p>4 those conditions, for example, and those treatments</p> <p>5 and the complications that might be associated with</p> <p>6 it?</p> <p>7 A No.</p> <p>8 Q At any time, Doctor, while you were</p> <p>9 practicing before you left the NIH, did you ever</p> <p>10 take any sabbaticals?</p> <p>11 A I think when I first left the NIH, my</p> <p>12 leave was described as a sabbatical with the</p> <p>13 possibility I would return. And then I didn't</p> <p>14 return. Does that answer your question?</p> <p>15 Q Well, maybe. What did you do in that</p> <p>16 sabbatical or did you do anything in that</p> <p>17 sabbatical?</p> <p>18 A It was -- I didn't pursue another degree.</p> <p>19 It was a general term for not work -- you know, not</p> <p>20 being in that position any longer with the</p> <p>21 possibility that I was returning.</p> <p>22 THE WITNESS: It is 5 o'clock.</p> <p>23 MR. SLATER: I think just go a couple</p> <p>24 more minutes to finish this line of questioning and</p> <p>25 that's okay. That's customary.</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 203</p> <p>1 that were prepared by the American College of</p> <p>2 Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and I would use</p> <p>3 those brochures in speaking with patients.</p> <p>4 Q Other than the brochures put out by ACOG,</p> <p>5 did you use any other materials in counseling the</p> <p>6 patients?</p> <p>7 A Yes. We had prepared materials of our</p> <p>8 own.</p> <p>9 Q And did you, in fact, prepare materials of</p> <p>10 your own with respect to prolapse?</p> <p>11 A I think that was a joint effort with my</p> <p>12 colleagues in the division.</p> <p>13 Q Where, at Magee or at Cleveland Clinic?</p> <p>14 A In Cleveland.</p> <p>15 Q Can you tell me what the form of that was?</p> <p>16 Was it just a typewritten description of prolapse or</p> <p>17 did it cover the types of treatment and the</p> <p>18 complications or was it more of a brochure?</p> <p>19 A I can't recall all the details. What I</p> <p>20 recall is things like postoperative instructions,</p> <p>21 how to reach your doctor, things like that.</p> <p>22 Q You don't remember then something that was</p> <p>23 like a description of what prolapse is, what the --</p> <p>24 A Well, those are --</p> <p>25 Q -- different treatments are?</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 205</p> <p>1 THE WITNESS: Okay.</p> <p>2 BY MS. JONES:</p> <p>3 Q I asked you about what surgeries you were</p> <p>4 permitted to perform or credentialed to perform.</p> <p>5 How did you go about determining which surgeries you</p> <p>6 would seek credentialing in?</p> <p>7 A It depended on what surgeries I had been</p> <p>8 experienced in during my training.</p> <p>9 Q Fair to say that you only sought</p> <p>10 credentialing with respect to the procedures that</p> <p>11 you felt comfortable with?</p> <p>12 A Yes.</p> <p>13 Q Do you know how many abdominal</p> <p>14 sacrocolpopexy cases you performed before you felt</p> <p>15 proficient to do that surgery on your own?</p> <p>16 A No, I don't remember.</p> <p>17 Q All of the surgeries that you performed</p> <p>18 involved dissection of tissues, did they not?</p> <p>19 A Is that a general question, every</p> <p>20 surgery --</p> <p>21 Q It's just a general question.</p> <p>22 A Related to prolapse or every surgery at</p> <p>23 all?</p> <p>24 Q Related to prolapse.</p> <p>25 A Yes.</p>

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<p style="text-align: right;">Page 206</p> <p>1 Q Did you use hydrodissection in your 2 practice? 3 MR. SLATER: Let me just stop here. 4 It's 5 o'clock. It's after 5:00. We had planned to 5 stop at 5:00. I wanted to let you go if you were 6 finishing a line of questioning, but it seems that 7 we're getting into something new now in terms of 8 surgical techniques so I think it's a good stopping 9 point. I'm not going to tell her not to answer this 10 question but -- 11 MS. JONES: That's fine. 12 BY MS. JONES: 13 Q If you'll answer this question and if 14 there's a follow-up or two, that would be fine, but 15 then we'll stop. 16 A We didn't call it hydrodissection. We 17 called it infiltration. We were not entering the 18 vesicovaginal and the rectovaginal spaces with the 19 infiltrate. 20 Q How did the infiltration differ from 21 hydrodissection? 22 A Hydrodissection, to my understanding, is a 23 technique in which fluid is injected into the 24 vesicovaginal and/or rectovaginal spaces. This is 25 unique to Prolift®. This is not the way standard</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 208</p> <p>1 2 I, KIMBERLY A. OVERWISE, a Certified 3 Court Reporter and Notary Public of the State of New 4 Jersey, do hereby certify that prior to the 5 commencement of the examination, ANNE M. WEBER, 6 M.D., M.S., was duly sworn by me to testify to the 7 truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. 8 9 I DO FURTHER CERTIFY that the 10 foregoing is a verbatim transcript of the testimony 11 as taken stenographically by and before me at the 12 time, place and on the date hereinbefore set forth, 13 to the best of my ability. 14 15 I DO FURTHER CERTIFY that I am 16 neither a relative nor employee nor attorney nor 17 counsel of any of the parties to this action, and 18 that I am neither a relative nor employee of such 19 attorney or counsel, and that I am not financially 20 interested in this action. 21 22 KIMBERLY A. OVERWISE 23 CCR: 30X100224600 24 Dated: November 19, 2012 25</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">Page 207</p> <p>1 anterior and posterior colporrhaphy, for example, 2 are performed. Does that answer your question? 3 Q Well, I don't think so. I was asking you 4 about the difference between hydrodissection and the 5 infiltration that -- 6 A Okay. So hydrodissection, again, is in 7 the vesicovaginal space. I'll just talk about that 8 just for simplicity. It's the same for the 9 rectovaginal space, just the opposite, anterior to 10 posterior. You understand. 11 Infiltration when performing an anterior 12 colporrhaphy is the injection of the infiltrate into 13 the layers of the vaginal wall. 14 Q Have you ever performed what you describe 15 as hydrodissection? 16 A No. 17 MS. JONES: That's it. 18 MR. SLATER: See you tomorrow at 19 9:30. 20 MS. JONES: See you in the morning. 21 (Witness excused.) 22 (Whereupon the deposition recessed at 23 5:08 p.m.) 24 --- 25 CERTIFICATE</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">Page 209</p> <p>1 INSTRUCTIONS TO WITNESS 2 3 Please read your deposition over carefully 4 and make any necessary corrections. You should 5 state the reason in the appropriate space on the 6 errata sheet for any corrections that are made. 7 After doing so, please sign the errata 8 sheet and date it. 9 You are signing same subject to the 10 changes you have noted on the errata sheet, which 11 will be attached to your deposition. 12 It is imperative that you return the 13 original errata sheet to the deposing attorney 14 within thirty (30) days of receipt of the deposition 15 transcript by you. If you fail to do so, the 16 deposition transcript may be deemed to be accurate 17 and may be used in court. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25</p>

54 (Pages 210 to 212)